# **SOLICITATION FOR OFFERS**

THE GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

**FOR** 

AUTOMATED ADVANCED ACQUISITION PROGRAM (AAAP)

IN

NORTHERN VIRGINIA

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TITLE: Contracting Officer, AAAP

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INITIALS: LESSOR & GOV'T

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. 0	SUMMARY	!
1.1	AMOUNT AND TYPE OF SPACE (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	5
1.2	UNIQUE AAAP REQUIREMENTS (NCR AAAP VARIATION (DEC 2010))	
1.3	LEASE TERM (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	6
1.4	OFFER DUE DATE (NCR AAAP VARIATION (DEC 2010))	6
1.5	ACCESS AND APPURTENANT AREAS (AUG 2008)	6
1.6	SERVICES, UTILITIES, MAINTENANCE: GENERAL (AUG 2008)	
1.7	AREA OF CONSIDERATION (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	
1.8	LOCATION: INSIDE OR OUTSIDE CITY CENTER (AUG 2008)	-
1.9	OCCUPANCY DATE (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	
1.10	NEGOTIATIONS (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	-
1.11	QUALITY AND APPEARANCE OF BUILDING (AUG 2008)	
1.12	BUILDING SHELL REQUIREMENTS (AUG 2008) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	8
	,	
2.0	AWARD FACTORS AND PRICE EVALUATION	10
2.1	AWARD BASED ON PRICE (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	10
2.2	SEISMIC SAFETY FOR EXISTING CONSTRUCTION (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	10
2.3	HISTORIC PREFERENCE, GSAR 552.270-2 (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	
2.4	PRICE EVALUATION (PRESENT VALUE) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	10
2.5	AWARD (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	! 1'
2.5	AWARD (NOR AAAF VARIATION (WARCIT2010))	14
2.0	HOW TO OFFED AND CHEMITTAL DECLIDEMENTS	4
3.0	HOW TO OFFER AND SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS	1
3.1	OFFER PROCEDURES (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	
3.2	TENANT IMPROVEMENTS INCLUDED IN OFFER (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	
3.3	TENANT IMPROVEMENT RENTAL ADJUSTMENT (AUG 2008) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	16
3.4	EVIDENCE OF CAPABILITY TO PERFORM (SEP 2009)	16
3.5	GREEN LEASE SUBMITTALS (SEP 2010) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (DEC 2010) Error! Bookmark not defi	ned
4.0	UTILITIES, SERVICES, AND LEASE ADMINISTRATION	18
4.1	MEASUREMENT OF SPACE (AUG 2008)	
4.2	TAX ADJUSTMENT (AUG 2008) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	18
4.3	OPERATING COSTS (SEP 2009) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	20
4.4	ADJUSTMENT FOR VACANT PREMISES, GSAR 552.270-16 (VARIATION) (DEC 2005)	20
4.5	NORMAL HOURS	20
4.6	OVERTIME USAGE (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	20
4.7	UTILITIES (AUG 2008)	2′
4.8	JANITORIAL SERVICES (SEP 2000) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	2′
4.9	SCHEDULE OF PERIODIC SERVICES (DEC 2005)	
4.10	LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE (AUG 2008)	
4.11	MAINTENANCE AND TESTING OF SYSTEMS (AUG 2008)	22
4.12	NOVATION AND CHANGE OF NAME (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	22
4.13	CENTRAL CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION (AUG 2008)	23
		_
<b>5.0</b> 5.1	DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, AND OTHER POST AWARD ACTIVITIES	
5.1 5.2	SAFEGUARDING AND DISSEMINATION OF SENSITIVE BUT UNCLASSIFIED (SBU) BUILDING INFORMATION (JUN 2009)	
5.3 5.4	UNIT COSTS FOR ADJUSTMENTS (AUG 2008) TENANT IMPROVEMENTS PRICING REQUIREMENTS (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	کے اد
5.5	SUBSEQUENT TENANT ALTERATIONS \$100,000 OR LESS (AUG 2008)	
5.6	WORK PERFORMANCE (SEP 2000)RESPONSIBILITY OF THE LESSOR AND LESSOR'S ARCHITECT/ENGINEER (AUG 2008)	20
5.7		
5.8	LIQUIDATED DAMAGES (AUG 2008) EXISTING FIT-OUT, SALVAGED, OR RE-USED BUILDING MATERIAL (SEP 2000)	
5.9		
5.10	CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT (AUG 2008)	
5.11	INDOOR AIR QUALITY DURING CONSTRUCTION (DEC 2007)	
5.12	CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE AND ACCEPTANCE OF TENANT IMPROVEMENTS (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010)) .	
5.13	PROGRESS REPORTS (AUG 2008)	
5.14	CONSTRUCTION INSPECTIONS (AUG 2008)	
5.15 5.16	FLOOR PLANS AFTER OCCUPANCY (DEC 2005)WAIVER OF RESTORATION (AUG 2008)	
J. 10	WAIVEN OF KESTORATION (AUG 2000)	د
6.0	GENERAL ARCHITECTURE	٦.
6.1	ACCESSIBILITY (FEB 2007)	
6.2	EXITS AND ACCESS (DEC 2007)	
6.3	DOORS: EXTERIOR (SEP 2000)	
6.4	WINDOWS (SEP 2009)	

6.5	WINDOW COVERINGS (SEP 2009)	3 <sup>,</sup>
6.6	FLOORS AND FLOOR LOAD (SEP 2000)	32
6.7	CEILINGS (SEP 2009) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	
6.8.	ACOUSTICAL REQUIREMENTS (SEP 2009)	
6.9	PARTITIONS: GENERAL (DEC 2007)	3.
6.10	PARTITIONS: PERMANENT (SEP 2000)	33
6.11	BUILDING DIRECTORY (DEC 2005)	33
6.12	LANDSCAPING (SEP 2000)	33
6.13	FLAGPOLE AND DISPLAY (AUG 2008)	33
		_
7.0	ARCHITECTURAL FINISHES	
7.1	RECYCLED CONTENT PRODUCTS (COMPREHENSIVE PROCUREMENT GUIDELINES) (SEP 2000)	
7.2	ENVIRONMENTALLY PREFERABLE BUILDING PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS (DEC 2007)	
7.3	FINISH SELECTIONS (AUG 2008)	34
7.4	WOOD PRODUCTS (AUG 2008)	34
7.5	ADHESIVES AND SEALANTS (AUG 2008)	3
7.6	DOORS: SUITE ENTRY (AUG 2008)	3!
7.7	DOORS: INTERIOR (AUG 2008)	3!
7.8	DOORS: HARDWARE (DEC 2007)	31
7.9	DOORS: IDENTIFICATION (SEP 2000)	21
-	PARTITIONS: SUBDIVIDING (SEP 2009)	
7.10	MALE INIONS SUBDIVIDING (SEF 2009)	
7.11	WALL FINISHES (AUG 2008)	
7.12	PAINTING (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	30
7.13	FLOOR COVERING AND PERIMETERS (AUG 2008)	3
7.14	CARPET: BROADLOOM (AUG 2008)	38
7.15	CARPET TILE (AUG 2008)	38
8.0	MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING	41
8.1	MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING: GENERAL (AUG 2008)	
8.2	BUILDING SYSTEMS (AUG 2008)	
8.3	ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND CONSERVATION (SEP 2010) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (DEC 2010))Error! Bookmark	
8.4	INSULATION: THERMAL, ACOUSTIC, AND HVAC (AUG 2008)	
8.5	DRINKING FOUNTAINS (AUG 2008)	4
8.6	TOILET ROOMS (AUG 2008)	4 <sup>-</sup>
8.7	TOILET ROOMS: FIXTURE SCHEDULE (SEP 2000)	
8.8	JANITOR CLOSETS (DEC 2007)	42
8.9	HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING (AUG 2008)	43
8.10	VENTILATION (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	43
8.11	ELECTRICAL: GENERAL (SEP 2000)	44
8.12	ELECTRICAL: DISTRIBUTION (AUG 2008)	
8.13	TELECOMMUNICATIONS: DISTRIBUTION AND EQUIPMENT (SEP 2000)	4
8.14	TELECOMMUNICATIONS: LOCAL EXCHANGE ACCESS (AUG 2008)	4!
8.15	DATA DISTRIBUTION (AUG 2008)	4
8.16	ELECTRICAL, TELEPHONE, DATA FOR SYSTEMS FURNITURE (AUG 2008)	۱۸
8.17	ADDITIONAL ELECTRICAL CONTROLS	۸۰
8.18	ELEVATORS (AUG 2008)	40
8.19	LIGHTING: INTERIOR AND PARKING (SEP 2009)	40
0.13	EIGHTING. INTERIOR AND FARRING (GET 2009)	40
9.0	FIRE PROTECTION, LIFE SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	
9.1	OCCUPANCY PERMIT (SEP 2000)	
9.2	MEANS OF EGRESS (SEP 2007)	48
9.3	AUTOMATIC FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEM (AUG 2008)	
9.4	FIRE ALARM SYSTEM (AUG 2008)	48
9.5	OSHA REQUIREMENTS (SEP 2000)	48
9.6	ASBESTOS (SEP 2000)	49
9.7	INDOOR AIR QUALITY (DEC 2007)	
9.8	RADON IN AIR (AUG 2008)	
9.9	RADON IN AIR (SEP 2000)	
9.10	RADON IN WATER (AUG 2008)	
9.11	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS (OCT 1996)	
9.12	RECYCLING (DEC 2007)	
9.12	OCCUPANT EMERGENCY PLANS (AUG 2008)	
9.13	MOLD (AUG 2008)	
J. 14		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	LEASE SECURITY STANDARDS	52
10.1	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS (NOV 2005) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	<b>5</b> 2
10.1 10.2	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS (NOV 2005) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	<b>5</b> 2
10.1 10.2 10.3	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS (NOV 2005) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	
10.0 10.1 10.2 10.3 10.4 10.5	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS (NOV 2005) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))	

10.6	ACCESS TO BUILDING INFORMATION (NOV 2005 – BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)
10.7	POSTING OF GOVERNMENT RULES AND REGULATIONS (NOV 2005 - TENANT IMPROVEMENT, MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)5
10.8	DEVELOPMENT, IMPLEMENTATION, AND PERIODIC REVIEW OF OCCUPANT EMERGENCY PLANS (NOV 2005
	MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)
10.9	EMERGENCY VOICE/ALARM COMMUNICATION SYSTEM (NOV 2005 - BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVEL 4)
10.10	BUILDING SECURITY PLAN (NOV 2005 – MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)
10.11	IDENTITY VERIFICATION OF PERSONNEL (MAY 2007 – MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)
10.12	ENTRY SECURITY: PUBLIC LOBBIES/ENTRANCES/EXITS (NOV 2005 - TENANT IMPROVEMENT, MANDATORY LEVEL 4) 5.
10.13	ENTRY SECURITY: SECURITY GUARDS (NOV 2005 – MANDATORY LEVEL 4)
10.14	ENTRY SECURITY: X-RAY AND MAGNETOMETER AT PUBLIC ENTRANCES (NOV 2005 - TENANT IMPROVEMENT
	MANDATORY LEVEL 4)
10.15	ENTRY SECURITY: X-RAY SCREENING OF ALL MAIL, PACKAGES, AND SHIPMENTS (NOV 2005 - MANDATORY LEVEL 4). 5
10.16	ENTRY SECURITY: TRUCK SHIPMENTS (NOV 2005 – MANDATORY LEVEL 4)
10.17	ENTRY SECURITY: INTRUSION DETECTION SYSTEM WITH CENTRAL MONITORING CAPABILITY (NOV 2005 - TENAN
	IMPROVEMENT, MANDATORY LEVELS 3-4)5
10.18	ENTRY SECURITY: PEEPHOLES (TENANT IMPROVEMENT - NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010), LEVELS 2-4)5
10.19	ENTRY SECURITY: INTERCOM (TENANT IMPROVEMENT - NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010), LEVELS 2-4)5
10.20	ENTRY SECURITY: ENTRY CONTROL WITH CCTV AND DOOR STRIKES (TENANT IMPROVEMENT - NCR AAAP VARIATIOI
	(MARCH 2010), LEVELS 2-4)
10.21	OCCUPANT/VISITOR SCREENING: PHOTO IDENTIFICATION (NOV 2005, MANDATORY LEVEL 4)
10.22	OCCUPANT/VISITOR SCREENING: VISITOR CONTROL/SCREENING SYSTEM (NOV 2005, MANDATORY LEVEL 4)5
10.23	SECURE HVAC: OUTDOOR AIR INTAKES (NOV 2005 - BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVELS 3-4)
10.24	SECURE HVAC: DEDICATED HVAC FOR LOBBIES, MAILROOMS, AND LOADING DOCKS (NOV 2005 - BUILDING SHELL
	MANDATORY LEVEL 4)
10.25	SECURE HVAC: AIRBORNE HAZARDS (NOV 2005 – BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)
10.26	SECURE HVAC: SECURE RETURN-AIR GRILLES (NOV 2005 - BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVELS 3-4)
10.27	PARKING SECURITY REQUIREMENTS (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))
10.28	CCTV MONITORING: CCTV SURVEILLANCE CAMERAS WITH TIME LAPSE VIDEO RECORDING (NOV 2005 - TENAN)
	IMPROVEMENT, MANDATORY LEVEL 4)5
10.29	CCTV MONITORING: POST SIGNS ADVISING OF 24-HOUR VIDEO SURVEILLANCE (NOV 2005 - TENANT IMPROVEMENT
	MANDATORY LEVEL 4)
10.30	SHATTER-RESISTANT WINDOW PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS (NOV 2005 - BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4) 5
10.31	TEMPORARY SECURITY UPGRADE DUE TO IMMEDIATE THREAT (NOV 2005, MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)

#### 1.0 SUMMARY

#### 1.1 AMOUNT AND TYPE OF SPACE (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

- B. If the Government requires reserved parking spaces, these spaces shall be secured and lit in accordance with the LEASE SECURITY STANDARDS Section in this SFO. The cost of this parking shall be included as part of the rental consideration.
- C. The offer shall 1) be for space located in a quality building of sound and substantial construction as described in this SFO, 2) have a potential for efficient layout, 3) be within the ABOA square footage range to be considered, and 4) be in compliance with all of the Government's minimum requirements set forth herein.
- D. The design of the space offered shall be conducive to efficient layout and good utilization as determined by the Government. To demonstrate potential for efficient layout, the Offeror may be requested to provide a test fit layout at the Offeror's expense when the space offered contains certain features like:
  - 1. Narrow column spacing;
  - 2. Atriums, light wells, or other areas interrupting contiguous spaces;
  - 3. Extremely long, narrow runs of space;
  - 4. Irregular space configurations; or
  - 5. Other unusual building features.
  - 6. The Government will advise the Offeror if the test fit layout demonstrates that the Government's requirement cannot be accommodated within the space offered. The Offeror will have the option of increasing the ABOA square footage offered, provided that it does not exceed the maximum ABOA square footage in this SFO. If the Offeror is already providing the maximum ABOA square footage and cannot house the Government's space requirements efficiently, then the Government will advise the Offeror that the offer is unacceptable.
- E. Unless otherwise noted, all references in this SFO to square feet shall mean ANSI/BOMA Office Area square feet (ABOA). The terms ANSI/BOMA Office Area (ABOA) and usable square feet (usf) are used interchangeably throughout this SFO and its attachments.
- F. As part of this space requirement, the Government will require use of part of the building roof for the installation of antenna(s).
- G. If at least 15,000 SF of space is required by the Government, a minimum of 250 square feet of the ABOA space required above will be used for the operation of a vending facility(ies) by the blind under the provisions of the Randolph-Sheppard Act (United States Code 20 USC 107 et. seq.). The Government will control the number, kind, and locations of vending facilities and will control and receive income from all automatic vending machines. The Lessor is required to provide necessary utilities and to make related alterations. The cost of the improvements will be negotiated, and payment will be made by the Government either on a lump-sum basis or a rental increase.
- H. The Government will not compete with other facilities having exclusive rights in the building. The Offeror shall advise the Government if such rights exist. During the term of the lease, the Lessor may not establish any vending facilities within the leased space that will compete with the Randolph-Sheppard vending facilities.

# 1.2 UNIQUE AAAP REQUIREMENTS (NCR AAAP VARIATION (DEC 2010))

The offered building and/or location must have the following features:

- A. The Government reserves the right to make multiple lease awards under this SFO.
- B. The Government reserves the right to choose between the different lease terms offered when making its award determination.
- C. The Government cannot enter into a lease that exceeds GSA Congressional and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) prospectus thresholds.
- D. Lessors should only submit an offer for space to the Government when space will be ready for tenant buildout within 60 days following the offer to AAAP.
- E. For any new space offered to the Government greater than 10,000 ABOA, the tenant space must meet the requirements of LEED®-CI (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design for Commercial Interiors) Certified level at a minimum. The successful Lessor, at the Lessor's expense, shall obtain certification from the U.S. Green Building Council (USGBC) within 9 months of project occupancy. For requirements to achieve certification, Lessor must refer to latest version at the time of submittal of the LEED®-CI Reference Guide at http://www.usgbc.org/LEED/CI. At completion of LEED® documentation and receipt of final certification, the Offeror must provide the Government two electronic copies on compact disks of all documentation submitted to

USGBC. Acceptable file format is Adobe PDF copied to disk from the LEED®-Online workspace and templates. In addition, the Offeror will provide the Government viewing access to the LEED®-Online workspace during design and through the term of the lease.

- F. Prior to the end of the first 9 months of occupancy, if the Lessor fails to achieve LEED® certification, the Government may assist the Lessor in implementing a corrective action program to achieve LEED® certification and deduct its costs (including administrative costs) from the rent.
- G. Section 435 of EISA mandates that no Federal agency enter into a leasing contract on or after December 19, 2010, for a building that has not earned the Energy Star label in the most recent year, per SFO Paragraph 8.3, "Energy Efficiency and Conservation," "MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, Section 8.0, unless the space requirement is in compliance with 1 of 4 exceptions, summarized below:
  - 1. No space is offered in a building with an Energy Star label in the delineated area that meets the functional requirements of an agency, including location needs;
  - 2. The agency will remain in a building they currently occupy;
  - 3. The lease will be in a building of historical, architectural, or cultural significance verified by listing or eligibility for listing in the National Register of Historic Places; or
  - 4. The lease is for 10,000 rentable square feet or less.

If a building will not have Energy Star in accordance with one of the exceptions above, the successful Offeror must renovate the space for all energy efficiency and conservation improvements that would be cost effective over the life of the lease.

- H. At the discretion of the Government, the Government may eliminate space with ceiling heights that are less than 8 feet 6 inches, as measured from the floor to the lowest obstruction, in accordance with SFO Paragraph 6.7, "Ceilings," GENERAL ARCHITECTURE, Section 6.0.
- All space offered to the Government shall meet the minimum requirements as detailed in Section 9.0, FIRE PROTECTION, LIFESAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES. Therefore, the Government may eliminate offers for space that do not meet the stated requirements.

## 1.3 LEASE TERM (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

The lease term is for 5 years firm, 5 years firm with one 5 year renewal option, or 10 years firm term at the Government's election. All the terms and conditions contained herein shall prevail throughout the term of the lease.

#### 1.4 OFFER DUE DATE (NCR AAAP VARIATION (DEC 2010))

Offers are only accepted electronically via the AAAP website (http://aaap.ncr.gsa.gov) during the AAAP Open Period and shall remain open:

- A. Unless rescinded by the Lessor in writing or electronically through the AAAP Application.
- B. Modified during subsequent Open Periods, or
- C. Until lease award, refer to 3.1 HOW TO OFFER (NCR AAAP VARIATION (DEC 2010)).

The Open Period will typically be the 1<sup>st</sup> through 7<sup>th</sup> of each month, as advertised in FedBizOpps.Gov (<a href="http://fbo.gov">http://fbo.gov</a>) or the AAAP website (<a href="http://aaap.ncr.gsa.gov">http://fbo.gov</a>), ending at 11:59 PM on the 7<sup>th</sup> of the month, unless otherwise stated by the Government. Offers must be submitted no later than 11:59 PM on the Offer Due Date. The Government, at its discretion, may modify the time and frequency of the Open Period.

## 1.5 ACCESS AND APPURTENANT AREAS (AUG 2008)

The Government has the right to use appurtenant areas and facilities. The Government reserves the right to post Government rules and regulations where the Government leases space. See the Lease Security Standards section of this SFO for additional information.

# 1.6 SERVICES, UTILITIES, MAINTENANCE: GENERAL (AUG 2008)

Services, utilities, and maintenance shall be provided by the Lessor as part of the rental consideration. The Lessor shall have an onsite building superintendent or a locally designated representative available to promptly respond to deficiencies, and immediately address all emergency situations.

#### 1.7 AREA OF CONSIDERATION (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

Buildings which face and have street addresses on the boundary streets are deemed to be within the AAAP delineated area.

#### FOR VIRGINIA:

All properties offered to the Government in conjunction with this requirement must be located within Arlington, Fairfax, Loudoun, or Prince William Counties or in the incorporated cities and towns of Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Herndon, Vienna, or Manassas.

An award of contract will not be made for a property located within a base flood plain or wetland unless the Government has determined that there is no practicable alternative.

## 1.8 LOCATION: INSIDE OR OUTSIDE CITY CENTER (AUG 2008)

## A. CITY CENTER NEIGHBORHOOD:

- Facilities: Space shall be located in a prime commercial office district with attractive, prestigious, professional surroundings
  with a prevalence of modern design and/or tasteful rehabilitation in modern use. Streets and public sidewalks shall be
  well-maintained.
- 3. Location Amenities: A variety of inexpensive or moderately priced fast food and/or eat-in restaurants shall be located within the immediate vicinity of the building, but generally not exceeding <a href="2.640 linear feet">2.640 linear feet</a> [a walkable 1/2 mile] of the employee entrance of the offered building, as determined by the contracting officer. Other employee services, such as retail shops, cleaners, banks, etc., shall also be located within the immediate vicinity of the building, but generally not exceeding <a href="2.640 linear feet">2,640 linear feet</a> [a walkable 1/2 mile] of the employee entrance of the offered building, as determined by the contracting officer.
- 4. Public Transportation: A commuter rail, light rail, or subway station shall be located within the immediate vicinity of the building, but generally not exceeding <a href="2.4640 linear feet">2,640 linear feet</a> [a walkable 1/2 mile], as determined by the contracting officer. Alternatively, two or more public or campus bus lines usable by tenant occupants shall be located within the immediate vicinity of the building, but generally not exceeding <a href="1.320 linear feet">1,320 linear feet</a> [a walkable 1/4 mile], as determined by the contracting officer.

#### B. OUTSIDE OF CITY CENTER NEIGHBORHOOD:

- 1. Facilities: Space shall be located 1) in an office, research, technology, or business park that is modern in design with a campus-like atmosphere or 2) on an attractively-landscaped site containing one or more modern office buildings that are professional and prestigious in appearance with the surrounding development well-maintained and in consonance with a professional image.
- 3. Location Amenities: Adequate eating facilities shall be located within the immediate vicinity of the building, but generally not exceeding a 2,640 walkable linear feet (walkable ½ mile) or 5 drivable miles, as determined by the contracting officer. Other employee services, such as retail shops, cleaners, banks, etc., shall be located within the immediate vicinity of the building, but generally not exceeding 2,640 walkable linear feet (walkable ½ mile) or 5 drivable miles, as determined by the contracting officer.

## 4. SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENT:

The Offeror shall provide a map showing amenities and distance marked to the site with the initial offer to the Government. See the Building and Site Information Submittals paragraph for the information that must be provided.

## 1.9 OCCUPANCY DATE (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

- A. Space must be ready for tenant improvements and subsequent occupancy in accordance with Attachment #2, "Construction Schedule" and the ABOA for each requirement.
- B. All improvements in the base building, lobbies, common areas, and core areas shall be provided at the Lessor's expense and completed by the Lessor prior to Government occupancy and rent commencement. Proof of Offeror's ability to meet the schedule may be required. The Government reserves the right to determine the ability of an Offeror to meet the construction schedule, per Attachment #2, Construction Schedule.

## 1.10 NEGOTIATIONS (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

- A. Negotiations will be conducted on behalf of the Government by the GSA Contracting Officer (or the GSA Contracting Officer's designated representative). GSA will negotiate the rental price for the initial term, any renewal periods, and any other aspect of the offer as deemed necessary.
- B. The Offeror shall not enter into negotiations concerning the space leased or to be leased with representatives of federal agencies other than the GSA Contracting Officer or GSA Contracting Officer designee.
- C. All Offerors will be provided a reasonable opportunity to submit any cost or price, technical, or other revisions to their offer that may result from the negotiations. Negotiations will be closed at 11:59 PM on the Offer Due Date (refer to Section 1.0, SUMMARY, SFO Paragraph 1.4, "Offer Due Date").

## 1.11 QUALITY AND APPEARANCE OF BUILDING (AUG 2008)

The space offered shall be located in a modern office building with a facade of stone, marble, brick, stainless steel, aluminum, or other permanent materials in good condition acceptable to the Contracting Officer. If not in a new office building, the space offered shall be in a building that has undergone, or will complete by occupancy, first class modernization or adaptive reuse for office space with modern conveniences. If the modernization work is underway or proposed, then architectural plans acceptable to the Contracting Officer shall be submitted as part of the offer. The building shall be compatible with its surroundings. Overall, the building shall

7

project a professional and aesthetically-pleasing appearance including an attractive front and entrance way. The building shall have energy-efficient windows or glass areas consistent with the structural integrity of the building, unless not appropriate for intended use. The facade, downspouts, roof trim, and window casing shall be clean and in good condition.

#### 1.12 BUILDING SHELL REQUIREMENTS (AUG 2008) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

- A. The Lessor's obligations in providing a building shell shall include the following as part of the Lessor's shell rent: All items identified in this solicitation as "building shell" are to be provided, installed, maintained, repaired, and/or replaced as part of the Lessor's shell rent.
  - 1. Base structure and building enclosure components shall be complete. All common areas accessible by the Government, such as lobbies, fire egress corridors and stairwells, elevators, garages, and services areas, shall be complete. Restrooms shall be complete and operational. All newly installed building shell components, including but not limited to, heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC), electrical, ceilings, sprinklers, etc., shall be furnished, installed, and coordinated with Tenant Improvements. Circulation corridors are provided as part of the base building only on multi-tenanted floors where the corridor is common to more than one tenant. On single tenant floors, only the fire egress corridor necessary to meet code is provided as part of the shell.
  - Accessibility Requirements. Accessibility to persons with disabilities shall be required throughout the common areas
    accessible to Government tenants in accordance with the Architectural Barriers Act Accessibility Standard (ABAAS),
    Appendices C and D to 36 CFR Part 1191 (ABA Chapters 1 and 2, and Chapters 3 through 10) and shall be installed and
    coordinated with Tenant Improvements. To the extent the standard referenced in the preceding sentence conflicts with local
    accessibility requirements, the more stringent standard shall apply.
  - 3. Ceilings. A complete acoustical ceiling system (which includes grid and lay-in tiles or other building standard ceiling system as approved by the Contracting Officer) throughout the Government-demised area and all common areas accessible to Government tenants shall be required in accordance with the "Ceilings" Paragraph 6.7 elsewhere in this SFO. The acoustical ceiling system shall be furnished, installed, and coordinated with Tenant Improvements.
  - 4. Doors. Exterior building doors and doors necessary to the lobbies, common areas, and core areas shall be required. This does not include suite entry or interior doors specific to Tenant Improvements. Related hardware shall be installed in accordance with the "Doors: Hardware" Paragraph 7.8 and the "Doors: Exterior" Paragraph 6.3 elsewhere in this SFO.
  - 5. Partitions. Permanent, perimeter, and demising slab-to-slab partitions (including all columns) finished with paint and base shall be required in accordance with the "Partitions: General" Paragraph 6.9 and the "Partitions: Permanent" Paragraph 6.10 elsewhere in this SFO.
  - Flooring. All building common areas shall have finished floors in accordance with the "Floor Covering and Perimeters" Paragraph 7.13 elsewhere in this SFO.
  - 7. Plumbing. The Offeror shall include cost of plumbing in common areas, such as for toilet rooms and janitor closets as part of the building shell cost. Hot and cold water risers and domestic waste and vent risers, installed and ready for connections that are required for Tenant Improvements, shall be included in the shell rent.
  - 8. HVAC. Central HVAC systems shall be installed and operational, including, as appropriate, main and branch lines, VAV boxes, dampers, flex ducts, and diffusers, for an open office layout, including all building common areas. Conditioned air through medium pressure duct work at a rate of .75 cubic feet per minute per ABOA square foot shall be provided.
  - 9. *Electrical*. Electrical power distribution panels and circuit breakers shall be available in an electrical closet, with capacity at 277/480 volt (V) and 120/208 V, 3-phase, 4-wire system providing 7 watts (W) per ABOA square foot.
  - 10. Lighting. Parabolic type 2'-0" wide x 4'-0" long fluorescent lighting fixtures (or other building standard fixtures approved by the GSA Contracting Officer) shall be installed in the ceiling grid for an open office plan at the rate of 1 fixture per 80 ABOA square feet. Lighting as necessary shall be provided in all building common areas in accordance with the "Lighting: Interior and Parking" Paragraph 8.19 elsewhere in this SFO.
  - 11. Safety and Environmental Management. Complete safety and environmental management shall be provided throughout the building in accordance with federal, state, and local codes and laws including, but not limited to, such items as fire detection and alarms, emergency building power for life safety systems, etc., and shall be in accordance with ABAAS. Where sprinklers are required in the Government-demised area, sprinkler mains and distribution piping in a "protection" layout (open plan) with heads turned down with an escutcheon or trim plate shall be provided.
  - 12. *Telephone Rooms*. Building telecommunication rooms on each floor shall be completed, operational, and ready for Tenant Improvements. The telephone closets shall include a telephone backboard.
  - 13. Any building shell modifications necessary for the space to meet the requirements of LEED®-CI (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design for Commercial Interiors), Certified level at minimum, (certified by the U.S. Green Building Council), shall be noted and incorporated into the Working Construction Drawings. The Lessor must coordinate any such requirements to meet LEED®-CI Certified level for the building shell with the tenant improvements.
  - 14. Building shell modifications must meet the Energy Policy Act and Energy Star standards, per SFO Paragraph 8.3, "Energy Efficiency and Conservation," Section 8.0, MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING.

INITIALS:			&	
	LESSOR		GOV'T	

- 15. Demolition. The Offeror shall remove existing abandoned electric, telephone and data cabling and devices as well as any other improvements or fixtures in place to accommodate the Government's design intent drawings. Any demolition of existing improvements that is necessary to satisfy the Government's layout shall be done at the Lessor's expense. Any demolition shall be completed in accordance with all applicable laws.
- 16. All of the above improvements are described in more detail hereinafter in this solicitation.
- 17. Unless an item is specifically labeled as Tenant Improvement (TI), it shall be considered a shell item.

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#### 2.0 AWARD FACTORS AND PRICE EVALUATION

### 2.1 AWARD BASED ON PRICE (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

The lease will be awarded to the responsible Offeror whose offer conforms to the requirements of this SFO and is the lowest priced offer submitted. Refer to the "Price Evaluation" Paragraph 2.4 in this section of the SFO.

#### 2.2 SEISMIC SAFETY FOR EXISTING CONSTRUCTION (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

#### A. DEFINITIONS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF THIS PARAGRAPH:

- 1. "Engineer" means a professional civil or structural engineer licensed in the state where the property is located.
- "ASCE/SEI 31" means, American Society of Civil Engineers Standard "Seismic Evaluation of Existing Buildings". ASCE/SEI 31 can be purchased from ASCE at (800) 548-2723, or by visiting HTTP://WWW.PUBS.ASCE.ORG.
- 3. "RP 6" means, "Standards of Seismic Safety for Existing Federally Owned and Leased Buildings and Commentary," issued by the Interagency Committee on Seismic Safety in Construction as ICSSC RP 6 and the National Institute of Standards and Technology as NISTIR 6762. RP 6 can be obtained from the Building and Fire Research Laboratory, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD 20899, or by visiting HTTP://FIRE.NIST.GOV/BFRLPUBS/BUILD02/PDF/B02006.PDF
- 4. "Seismic Standards" mean the Life Safety Performance Level of RP 6, unless otherwise specified.
- "Seismic Certificate" means a certificate executed by an Engineer on the Certificate of Seismic Compliance form included with this solicitation, together with any required attachments.
- 6. "Tier 1 Evaluation" means an evaluation by an Engineer in accordance with Chapters 2.0 and 3.0 of ASCE/SEI 31. A Tier 1 Evaluation must include the appropriate Structural, Nonstructural and Geologic Site Hazards and Foundation Checklists.
- 7. "Tier 2 Evaluation" means an evaluation by an Engineer in accordance with Chapter 4.0 of ASCE/SEI 31.
- 8. "Tier 3 Evaluation" means an evaluation by an Engineer in accordance with Chapter 5.0 of ASCE/SEI 31.
- B. The Government intends to award a lease to an Offeror of a building that meets the Seismic Standards.
  - 1. Prior to occupancy, the Lessor shall provide a Seismic Certificate. This certificate must be based upon a Tier 1 Evaluation and must include the checklists from the Tier 1 Evaluation.
    - a. If the Tier 1 Evaluation does not demonstrate compliance with the Seismic Standards, the Offeror may obtain a Tier 2 or Tier 3 Evaluation in order to demonstrate compliance with the Seismic Standards. If the Offeror submits a Seismic Certificate based on a Tier 2 or Tier 3 Evaluation, the data, working papers, and reports from such evaluation must be made available to the Government.

## 2.3 HISTORIC PREFERENCE, GSAR 552.270-2 (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

- A. The Government will give preference to offers of space in historic properties following this hierarchy of consideration:
  - 1. Historic properties within historic districts.
  - 2. Non-historic developed and non-historic undeveloped sites within historic districts.
  - 3. Historic properties outside of historic districts.

## B. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>:

- Determination of eligibility means a decision by the Department of the Interior that a district, site, building, structure or object meets the National Register criteria for evaluation although the property is not formally listed in the National Register (36 CFR 60.3(c)).
- 2. Historic district means a geographically definable area, urban or rural, possessing a significant concentration, linkage, or continuity of sites, buildings, structures, or objects united by past events or aesthetically by plan or physical development. A district may also comprise individual elements separated geographically but linked by association or history (36 CFR 60.3(d)). The historic district must be included in or be determined eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places.
- 3. Historic property means any prehistoric or historic district, site, building, structure, or object included in or been determined eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places maintained by the Secretary of the Interior (36 CFR 800.16(I)).
- 4. National Register of Historic Places means the National Register of districts, sites, buildings, structures and objects significant in American history, architecture, archeology, engineering and culture that the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to expand and maintain under the National Historic Preservation Act (36 CFR 60.1).
- C. The offer of space must meet the terms and conditions of this solicitation. The Contracting Officer has discretion to accept alternatives to certain architectural characteristics and safety features defined elsewhere in this solicitation to maintain the

INITIALS:		&	
	LESSOR		GOV'T

historical integrity of an historic building, such as high ceilings and wooden floors, or to maintain the integrity of an historic district, such as setbacks, floor-to-ceiling heights, and location and appearance of parking.

- D. Since award will be based on the lowest price technically acceptable process, the Government will give a price evaluation preference, based on the total annual square foot ABOA cost to the Government, to historic properties as follows:
  - 1. First to suitable historic properties within historic districts, a 10 percent price preference.
  - 2. If no suitable historic property within an historic district is offered, or the 10 percent preference does not result in such property being the lowest price technically acceptable offer, the Government will give a 2.5 percent price preference to suitable non-historic developed or undeveloped sites within historic districts.
  - 3. If no suitable non-historic developed or undeveloped site within an historic district is offered, or the 2.5 percent preference does not result in such property being the lowest price technically acceptable offer, the Government will give a 10 percent price preference to suitable historic properties outside of historic districts.
  - 4. Finally, if no suitable historic property outside of historic districts is offered, no historic price preference will be given to any property offered.
- E. The Government will compute price evaluation preferences by reducing the price(s) of the Offerors qualifying for a price evaluation preference by the applicable percentage provided in this provision. The price evaluation preference will be used for price evaluation purposes only.
- F. The Government will award a contract in the amount of the actual price(s) proposed by the successful Offeror and accepted by the Government.
- G. To qualify for a price evaluation preference, Offerors must provide satisfactory documentation upon request that their property qualifies as one of the following:
  - 1. An historic property within an historic district.
  - 2. A non-historic developed or undeveloped site within an historic district.
  - 3. An historic property outside of an historic district.

#### 2.4 PRICE EVALUATION (PRESENT VALUE) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

- A. Evaluation of offered prices will be on the basis of the annual price per ABOA square foot, including any option periods. The Government will perform present value price evaluation by reducing the prices per ABOA square foot to a composite annual ABOA.
  - 1. Parking and wareyard areas will be excluded from the total square footage but not from the price. For different types of space, the gross annual per square foot price will be determined by dividing the total annual rental by the total square footage minus these areas.
  - 2. Free rent will be evaluated in the first year (and consecutive succeeding years, as applicable) in which it is offered. The gross annual per square foot price is adjusted to reflect free rent. Free rent includes base rent, the cost to amortize \$35.07/ABOA SF in Tenant Improvements (TI), including project development fees, and operating costs, including daytime cleaning (if elected by the GSA tenant). Costs for parking and HVAC overtime usage (if any) are excluded.
  - 3. Prior to the discounting procedure below, the total dollar amount of offered Commission Credit (if applicable) or free rent will be subtracted from the first year's gross annual rent. If the provision of free rent causes the credit to apply against rent beyond the first year's term, the Commission Credit or free rent will be allocated proportionately against the succeeding year's gross rent. The Commission Credit shall include base rent, base operating costs, and amortization of \$35.07/ABOA SF in TI. Costs for parking, HVAC overtime usage, and daytime cleaning are excluded. The value of free rent shall be excluded from the calculation of the Commission Credit. The value of the Commission Credit shall be converted to free rent in the event of lease award. (Refer to SFO Paragraph 3.1, B.1 Space and Rates.)
  - 4. If annual adjustments in operating expenses will be made, the annual per square foot price and the base cost of operating expenses will be discounted annually at 5 percent to yield a net PVC per square foot. The operating expenses will be both escalated at 2.5 percent compounded annually and discounted annually at 5 percent, then added to the net PVC to yield the gross PVC.
  - 5. To the gross PVC will be added:
    - a. The cost of relocation of furniture, telecommunications, replications costs, and other move-related costs, if applicable.
    - b. The cost of the Offeror's project development fees associated with Tenant Improvements. The Lessor is required, as part of their offer, to identify the maximum fees chargeable, if any, for administrative costs, general contractor fees, profit and overhead costs, Offeror's overhead, A/E design costs, and other associated project fees necessary to prepare construction documents and to complete the Tenant Improvements. These maximum fees, expressed as a percentage rate (or per square foot cost in the case of A/E design costs), will be evaluated. The amount of project development fees will be added to the amount of the TI allowance for purposes of price evaluation (for example, if

INITIALS:				
	LESSOR		GOV'T	

SFO specified TI allowance is \$30.00/ABOA SF, and Lessor's fee is 5%, offer will be evaluated using \$31.50 per ABOA). This cost will be discounted annually at 5%.

6. The sum of subparagraphs 4 and 5 will be the ABOA per square foot present value of the offer for price evaluation purposes.

## 2.5 AWARD (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

- A. After conclusion of negotiations, the Successful Offeror and the GSA Contracting Officer will execute a lease prepared by GSA, which reflects the agreement of the parties. The lease shall consist of the following:
  - 1. U.S. Government Lease for Real Property (SF2),
  - 2. Solicitation for Offers (SFO),
  - 3. Solicitation Attachment #1 (Rate Structure),
  - 4. Solicitation Attachment #2 (Construction Schedule),
  - 5. Solicitation Attachment #3 (Scope of Work),
  - 6. Solicitation Attachment #4 (Fire Safety & Life Protection),
  - 7. GSA Form 1217 (Lessor's Annual Cost Statement),
  - 8. GSA Form 3517B (General Clauses),
  - 9. GSA Form 3518A (Representations and Certifications),
  - 10. Floor plans of the offered space,
  - 11. Rider #1 Fire & Life Safety (if applicable),
  - 12. Rider #2 Security (if applicable),

NOTE – Items 3, 8, and 10 are automatically populated by the AAAP Application and should be printed from the AAAP Application when preparing the lease for Lessor signature.

- B. The successful Offeror shall sign the lease and all supporting lease documents requested by the Government in the award letter and return all documents to the Government within 14 business days of the date of the Government's award letter. Should the Offeror fail to sign and return such documents in the prescribed time without proper cause, as determined by the Government, the Government reserves the right to proceed to award to the next lowest Offeror.
- C. The acceptance of the offer and award of the lease occurs only upon execution of the lease by the Government Contracting Officer and mailing or otherwise furnishing written notification of the executed lease to the successful Offeror.

## 3.0 HOW TO OFFER AND SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

#### 3.1 OFFER PROCEDURES (NCR AAAP VARIATION (DEC 2010))

A. AUTOMATED ADVANCED ACQUISITION PROGRAM APPLICATION:

Offers may only be submitted electronically to GSA using the Automated Advanced Acquisition Program (AAAP) Application located at http://aaap.ncr.gsa.gov. The AAAP will enable Offerors to electronically offer building space for lease to the Federal Government. The offer submission process is completely web-enabled, allowing all registered participants to submit and update offers to lease space to the Government within a specified timeframe, referred to as the Open Period, in response to a Solicitation for Offers (SFO). The Open Period will typically be the 1<sup>st</sup> through 7<sup>th</sup> of each month, with the Open Period ending at 11:59 PM on the 7<sup>th</sup>, or the Offer Due Date, unless otherwise stated by the Government. To be considered, offers must be submitted no later than 11:59 PM of the Offer Due Date. The Government, at its discretion, may modify the time and frequency of the Open Period. In the event of such a modification, all registered users of the AAAP Application will be notified via e-mail at the e-mail address with which registration was made in the AAAP Application. There is no paper-based submission process under this solicitation and paper submissions will not be considered.

## B. REQUIRED INFORMATION AND PRICING ELEMENTS:

- Offerors must provide all information required by the AAAP Application. Offerors should review the SFO, Solicitation Attachments # 1 - 3, GSA Forms 3517B and 3518A (available on the AAAP website), and other pertinent provisions of the offer and SFO. Solicitation Attachment # 4 must be completed by a licensed structural engineer, per SFO Paragraphs 3.1, C.1 and D.2.
- 2. Offerors must provide complete information on the building and location, ABOA available and date of availability.
- Offerors are required to provide complete, firm pricing with their offers for a 5 year firm, 5 year with one 5 year option, and a 10 year firm term, including a breakdown of estimated Operating Expenses. Refer to the "Tax Adjustment" Paragraph 4.2 and "Operating Costs" Paragraph 4.3 in the UTILITIES, SERVICES, AND LEASE ADMINISTRATION Section 4.0.
  - a. Space and Rates. The following information must be submitted under the AAAP Space and Rates Tab:
    - (i) A lease rate per square foot for the building shell rental, fully serviced. It is the intent of the Government to lease a building shell with a Tenant Improvement Allowance. All improvements in the base building, lobbies, common areas, and core areas shall be provided by the Lessor, at the Lessor's expense. This rate shall include, but not be limited to, property financing (exclusive of Tenant Improvement), insurance, taxes, management, profit, etc., for the building. The building shell rental rate shall also include all basic building systems and common area buildout, including base building lobbies, common areas, and core areas, etc., exclusive of the ABOA offered as required in this SFO.
    - (ii) The annual cost of services and utilities for the ENTIRE BUILDING. This amount as shown on line 27 of the Operating Costs tab (also Line 27 of GSA Form 1217, Lessor's Annual Cost Statement), will be divided by the TOTAL ABOA of the building, as entered on line 14 of the "Building" Tab of the AAAP Application, to produce the operating cost rate per ABOA (computed automatically by the AAAP Application).
    - (iii) An annualized percentage interest rate to be used by the Lessor to amortize the cost of the Tenant Improvement Allowance over the firm term of the lease.
    - (iv) The annual amortized cost of the Tenant Improvement Allowance. Such amortization shall be expressed as a cost per ABOA per year. Tenant Improvements shall be all alterations for the Government-demised area above the building shell buildout. The Tenant Improvement Allowance shall be \$35.07 per ABOA for ranking purposes. The Government shall have the right to borrow up to \$45.59 per ABOA (or the current Tier 3 Level). Such alterations shall be described and identified in the drawings used to construct the Government-demised area. The Tenant Alteration Allowance, which is to be provided by the Lessor to the Government for Tenant Improvements, shall be made available at lease execution.
    - (v) A fully-serviced lease rate per ABOA, as a summation of the amounts broken out in the subparagraphs (i), (ii), and (iv) for the lease. Offerors may submit a single proposal of space at a constant price per square foot or may offer quantity discounts for different quantities of space (i.e. different rates for 10,000 ABOA, 30,000 ABOA or 60,000 ABOA). Offerors MAY NOT offer varying rates based on floor location (i.e. 10,000 ABOA on Floor 2 vs. 10,000 ABOA on Floor 7). Such varying rates will not be considered by the Government. Offerors may elect to require the Government to occupy the lower of two identical floors if both floors meet the Government's requirements.
    - (vi) The number of months of free rent being offered to the Government in the firm term and option period. Free rent will be evaluated in accordance with the Price Evaluation paragraph of this SFO and will serve to reduce the net present value of the offer.
    - (vii) The cooperating commission credit, expressed as a percentage of the firm term rent. GSA will not be represented by a broker in transactions under the AAAP. Therefore, cooperating commission credit will be evaluated in accordance with the Price Evaluation paragraph of this SFO and will serve to reduce the net present value of the offer.

INITIALS:				
	LESSOR		GOV'T	

- (viii) A fully serviced lease rate per ABOA for that portion of the lease term extending beyond the firm term. Offers with existing Government leases should submit succeeding lease rates for a five-year term, a five-year with a five-year renewal option, and a ten year term for the existing Government occupied space including a percentage rate for tenant improvements up to \$20.00 per ABOA above the existing space conditions. Succeeding lease offers shall include the cost of repainting the Government's demised premises at the Offeror's expense, per SFO Paragraph 7.12.
- (ix) The offeror's proposal shall include the Offeror providing re-painting after normal working hours at the beginning of the five-year renewal option or at the beginning of the sixth year of a ten-year firm term. The Offeror shall provide new paint with the equivalent of that referred to in the "Painting" and "Tenant Improvement Information" Paragraphs, 7.12 in ARCHITECTURAL FINISHES Section 7.0 of the SFO. During painting, the building's mechanical system shall be operated continuously with no additional cost to the Government. The schedule for performing tenant improvements shall be consistent with the Construction Schedule herein. The Offeror shall also be responsible for moving and providing boxes for all Government furnishings, employee belongings, and equipment, except as described below.
  - Systems Furniture The Offeror shall pay the cost to disconnect electric, disassemble, reassemble, and reconnect.
  - (b) Computer Equipment The Offeror shall pay the cost to disconnect, disassemble, move and replace, reassemble and reconnect.
  - (c) Telecommunications Equipment The Offeror shall pay the cost to disconnect, disassemble, reassemble, and reconnect.
  - (d) Unique (i.e. requiring special handling), excessively heavy (e.g. safes, Lectrievers), oversized equipment and furnishings - The Government shall pay the cost to move the equipment and furnishings. The Government will identify those items unique to each requirement.

## C. REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION:

The following documents, properly executed, shall be submitted online in electronic format (e.g., scanned document, CAD format, etc.) using the AAAP application as described below:

- 1. Attachment #4 Fire Protection and Life Safety Evaluation. Offerors submitting proposals to lease space currently under lease by GSA must submit this attachment no later than the Offer Due Date. Offerors submitting proposals to lease space not currently under lease by GSA are encouraged, but not required, to submit this attachment no later than the Offer Due Date. If such an offeror elects not to submit this attachment as part of its offer, and is subsequently identified as the apparent successful offeror for a space requirement to be satisfied under this SFO, submission of this attachment shall be a condition of lease award. In such a case, the Offeror will be responsible for correcting, prior to the Government's acceptance and occupancy of space and at the Offeror's sole cost and expense, any fire protection and life safety deficiencies identified by the Government.
- 2. By the Offer Due Date, CAD files which contain as-built floor plans for each floor indicating the spaces that are being offered to the Government, and/or any existing Government leased space. All architectural features of the space must be accurately shown. Space not offered shall be crosshatched and noted accordingly. The CAD files must identify the space offered with architectural features as described in Subparagraph 1.1(c) under "Amount and Type of Space."
  - a. All architectural features of the space shall be accurately shown. If conversion or renovation of the building is planned, alterations to meet this SFO shall be indicated. If requested, more informative plans shall be provided within 10 business days.
  - b. Plans shall reflect corridors in place or the proposed corridor pattern for both a typical full (single tenant) floor and/or partial (multi tenant) floor. The corridors in place or proposed corridors shall meet local code requirements for issuance of occupancy permits.
  - c. GSA will review the corridors in place and/or proposed corridor pattern to make sure that these achieve an acceptable level of safety as well as to ensure that these corridors provide public access to all essential building elements. The Offeror will be advised of any adjustments that are required to the corridors for the purpose of determining the ABOA space. The required corridors may or may not be defined by ceiling high partitions. Actual corridors in the approved layout for the successful Offeror's space may differ from the corridors used in determining the ABOA for the lease award.
- 3. By the Offer Due Date, per Paragraph 1.4 Offer Due Date, proof of the Energy Star label from EPA for the most recent year, refer to Green Lease Submittals, Paragraph 3.5 and Energy Efficiency and Conservation, Paragraph 8.3, Section 8.0 MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING.
- 4. Acknowledgement of Multiple Representation. If applicable, the agent must submit the agents' disclosure and authorization from each ownership entity to offer in this SFO and/or represent multiple buildings with different ownerships, which may have conflicting interests. Owners and agents in conflicting interest situations are advised to exercise due diligence with regard to ethics, independent pricing, and Government procurement integrity requirements. In such cases, the Government reserves the right to negotiate with the owner directly.

INITIALS:				
	LESSOR		GOV'T	

#### D. SUPPLEMENTAL DOCUMENTATION:

Upon request by the Government, the Offeror must submit the following documents (in paper format or by fax machine) prior to lease award, or at such time as is specified elsewhere in this SFO:

- 1. Refer to the "Overtime Usage" Paragraph 9.5 in the UTILITIES, SERVICES, MAINTENANCE, Section 4.0 of this SFO. If the proposed rate for overtime use of heating and cooling is different than recommended by an independent Government estimate, the Offeror may be required to submit worksheets justifying overtime energy usage and rates. If the Government identifies a requirement for overtime heating and cooling, the annual cost of overtime heating and cooling, per ABOA square foot will be discounted annually at 5 percent, in accordance with SFO Paragraph 2.4, "Price Evaluation."
- The Offeror must submit a written certification from a licensed structural engineer certifying that both the building design and construction are in full compliance with the life-safety performance level of NISTIR 5382, ICSSC RP 4, Standards of Seismic Safety for Existing Federally Owned or Leased Buildings.
- 3. Documentation of ownership or control of the property and evidence of signature authority of the party(ies) who will sign any lease documents. If claiming an historic preference in accordance with the Historic Preference (GSAR 552.270-2, SEP 2004) paragraph of this SFO, the Offeror must submit one of the following as documentation that the property is historic or the site of the offered property is within a historic district: a letter from the National Park Service stating that the property is listed in the National Register of Historic Places or eligible for listing, with a date of the listing/decision; a letter from the State Historic Preservation Office stating that the property is listed in the National Register of Historic Places, or on a statewide register, or eligible for inclusion, with a date of the listing/decision; or, the National Register of Historic Places Identification Number and date of listing available from the National Register of Historic Places Database found at WWW.NPS.GOV/NR.
- 4. A LEED®-CI scorecard documenting the proposed credits to meet Certified level. Along with the proposed scorecard, the Offeror shall submit a brief statement outlining how each of the Credits proposed on the scorecard will be achieved.
  - a. From the entirety of available LEED Credits, the Lessor must achieve the following Credits on the project:
    - i. Water Efficiency: Credit 1.2: Water Use Reduction 30%
    - ii. Energy & Atmosphere: Credit 1.1 Optimize Performance Lighting Power
    - iii. Energy & Atmosphere: Credit 1.3 Optimize Energy Performance- HVAC
    - v. Energy & Atmosphere: Credit 2: Enhanced Commissioning
    - v. Materials and Resources: Credit 5.1: Regional Materials 20% Manufactured Regionally
    - vi. Indoor Environmental Quality: Credit 2: Increased Ventilation
  - vii. Indoor Environmental Quality: Credit 3.2: Construction IAQ Management Plan, Before Occupancy
  - viii. Innovation & Design: Credit 2 LEED® Accredited Professional
  - b. The lessor must identify the USGBC LEED® accredited professionals (APs) as team members, including their roles throughout the project.
  - Note: Submittal requirements for the above are located under the the "Green Lease Submittals" paragraph of this SFO.

#### E ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

- If additional information is needed, the Contracting Officer (or the Contracting Officer's designated representative) should be contacted using the contact information presented on the AAAP website.
- The ATTACHMENTS section of the AAAP application is intended solely for the attachment of Acknowledgements of Multiple Representation (by broker or agent), Fire and Life Safety Reports and Floor Plans. Riders, Clarifications to Offer, Exceptions to Offer and other additions, deletions or changes to the terms of the SFO will not be accepted by the Government.
- 3. There will be no public opening of offers, and all offers will be confidential until the lease has been awarded. However, the Government may release proposals outside the Government to a Government-support contractor to assist in the evaluation of offers. Such Government contractors shall be required to protect the data from unauthorized disclosure. The Offeror who desires to maximize protection of information in the offer may apply the restriction notice to the offer as described in GSA Form 3516 Solicitation Provision, 552.270-1 (d), Restriction on Disclosure and Use of Data.

## 3.2 TENANT IMPROVEMENTS INCLUDED IN OFFER (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

A. The Tenant Improvement allowance for the existing leased space is \$20.00 per ABOA square foot for succeeding leases. The Tenant Improvement allowance for other locations offered is \$35.07 per ABOA square foot. (Tenant improvements are the finishes and fixtures that typically take space from the "shell" condition to a finished, usable condition.) The Tenant Improvement Allowance shall be used for the buildout of the Government-demised area in accordance with the Government-approved design intent drawings. All Tenant Improvements required by the Government for occupancy shall be performed by the successful Offeror as part of the rental consideration, and all improvements shall meet the quality standards and requirements of this solicitation and its attachments.

INITIALS:	INITIALS:			
	LESSOR		GOV'T	

- B. The Tenant Improvement Allowance shall itemize and include all the Offeror's administrative costs, general contractor fees, subcontractor's profit and overhead costs, Offeror's profit and overhead, design costs, and other associated project fees necessary to prepare construction documents and to complete the tenant improvements. It is the successful Offeror's responsibility to prepare all documentation (working/construction drawings, etc.) required to receive construction permits. NO COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE BUILDING SHELL SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE TENANT IMPROVEMENT PRICING.
- C. The project tenant improvements shall incorporate any necessary design parameters for the space to meet the requirements of LEED®-CI (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design for Commercial Interiors) into the Working Construction Drawings. In accordance with the "Unique Requirements" Paragraph 1.2 in the SUMMARY Section 1.0 of this SFO, the Lessor must coordinate the requirements to meet LEED®-CI Certified level for the tenant improvements with the building shell requirements.

## 3.3 TENANT IMPROVEMENT RENTAL ADJUSTMENT (AUG 2008) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

- A. All Tenant Improvements shall be identified after award of the contract in accordance with the provisions established in the "Design Intent Drawings" Subparagraph 5.12, B in the "Construction Schedule and Acceptance of Tenant Improvements" Paragraph 5.12 in the DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, AND OTHER POST AWARD ACTIVITIES Section 5.0 and elsewhere throughout this SFO.
  - The Government, at its sole discretion, shall make all decisions as to the usage of the Tenant Improvement Allowance. The Government may use all or part of the Tenant Improvement Allowance. The Government may return to the Lessor any unused portion of the Tenant Improvement Allowance in exchange for a decrease in rent according to the amortization rate over the firm term.
  - 2. The Government reserves the right to make cash payments for any or all work performed by the Lessor. Prior to occupancy, the Government, at its sole discretion, may choose to pay lump sum for any or all of the Tenant Improvement Allowance. If, prior to occupancy, the Government elects to make a lump sum payment for any portion of the Tenant Improvement Allowance by the Government will result in a decrease in the rent. At any time after occupancy and during the firm term of the lease, the Government, at its sole discretion, may choose to pay lump sum for any part or all of the remaining unpaid amortized balance of the Tenant Improvement Allowance if the original occupant agency vacates the space. If the Government elects to make a lump sum payment for the Tenant Improvement Allowance after occupancy, the payment of the Tenant Improvement Allowance by the Government will result in a decrease in the rent according to the amortization rate over the firm term of the lease.
  - 3. If it is anticipated that the Government will spend more than the allowance identified above, the Government reserves the right to either 1) reduce the Tenant Improvement requirements, 2) to pay lump sum for the overage when all interior construction is substantially complete and accepted by the Government, in accordance with SFO Paragraph 5.12, G. Acceptance of Space and Certificate of Occupancy, or 3) increase the rent according to the negotiated amortization rate over the firm term of the lease.
  - 4. Payment will not be made by the Government in instances where the Government accepts fixtures and/or other Tenant Improvements already in place. However, the Lessor will be reimbursed for costs to repair or improve the fixture(s) and/or any other improvements already in place.

#### 3.4 EVIDENCE OF CAPABILITY TO PERFORM (SEP 2009)

## A. AFTER AWARD:

Within 14 days after lease award, the Lessor shall provide to the Contracting Officer evidence of:

- 1. A firm commitment of funds in an amount sufficient to perform the work.
- 2. The names of at least two proposed construction contractors, as well as evidence of the contractors' experience, competency, and performance capabilities with construction similar in scope to that which is required herein.
- 3. The license or certification to practice in the state where the facility is located from the individual(s) and/or firm(s) providing architectural and engineering design services.

## B. AFTER ISSUANCE OF NOTICE TO PROCEED FOR TENANT IMPROVEMENTS:

Within <u>14</u> days after the Contracting Officer issues the Notice to Proceed for Tenant Improvements, the Lessor shall provide to the Contracting Officer evidence of:

- 1. Award of a construction contract for Tenant Improvements with a firm completion date. This date must be in accord with the construction schedule for tenant improvements as described in the "Construction Schedule and Acceptance of Tenant Improvements" paragraph of this SFO.
- 2. Issuance of a building permit covering construction of the improvements.

## 3.5 GREEN LEASE SUBMITTALS (SEP 2010) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (DEC 2010))

- A. NO LATER THAN THE OFFER DUE DATE FOR FINAL PROPOSAL REVISIONS, THE OFFEROR SHALL SUBMIT TO THE AAAP CONTRACTING OFFICER:
  - 1. If this SFO requires a LEED® Certification, the name of the proposed LEED® Accredited Professional (AP) team member a and qualifications document for integrative design practice.

INITIALS:		&	
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- Proof of the Energy Star label from EPA for the most recent year. For new construction, a Statement of Projected Energy
  Performance reflecting an Energy Star from EPA for the most recent year. For new construction, a Statement of Projected
  Energy Performance reflecting an Energy Star benchmark score of 75 or higher. Refer to "Energy Efficiency and
  Conservation" in the MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, Section 8.0 of this SFO.
- 3. If the offered building will not have an Energy Star label in accordance with one of the statutory exceptions listed in the "Energy Efficiency and Conservation" paragraph in the MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, Section 8.0 of this SFO, a written statement addressing which energy efficiency and conservation improvements can be made to the building must be submitted. If no improvements can be made, the offeror must demonstrate to the Government using the Energy Star Online Tools in the SFO paragraph 8.3, entitled "ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND CONSERVATION," why no energy efficiency and conservation improvements are cost effective. This explanation will be subject to review by the contracting officer. If the explanation is considered unreasonable, the offer may be considered technically unacceptable.
- B. AFTER AWARD, THE LESSOR SHALL SUBMIT TO THE REALTY TEAM CONTRACTING OFFICER:
  - 1. Product Data sheets for floor coverings, paints and wall coverings, ceiling materials, all adhesives, wood products, suite and interior doors, subdividing partitions, wall base, door hardware finishes, window coverings, millwork substrate and millwork finishes, lighting and lighting controls, and insulation to be used within the leased space. This information must be and insulation to be used within the leased space. This information must be submitted NO LATER THAN the submission of the Design Intent Drawings for the leased space, as outlined in the "Construction Schedule and Acceptance of Tenant Improvements" Paragraph 5.12 of the DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, AND OTHER POST AWARD ACTIVITIES Section 5.0 of the SFO.
  - Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) or other appropriate documents upon request for products listed in the Indoor Air Quality During Construction paragraph.
  - 3. Reuse Plan required in accordance with the "Existing Fit-out, Salvaged, or Re-used Building Material" Paragraph 5.9 in the DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, AND OTHER POST AWARD ACTIVITIES Section 5.0 of this SFO.
  - 4. Any waiver needed when not using materials from the CPG and RMAN lists of acceptable products in accordance with the "Recycled Content Products" Paragraph 7.1 in the ARCHITECTURAL FINISHES Section 7.0 of the SFO.
  - 5. Radon test results as may be required by the "Radon in Air" and "Radon in Water" Paragraphs 9.8-9.9 and 9.10, respectively, in the FIRE PROTECTION, LIFE SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES Section 9.0 of the SFO.
  - 6. Construction Waste Management Plan:
    - Prior to construction commencement, a proposed plan following industry standards to recycle construction waste. The construction waste management plan shall quantify material diversion goals and maximize the materials to be recycled and/or salvaged (at least 50 percent) from construction, demolition, and packaging debris. Where the small quantity of material, the extraordinarily complex nature of the waste disposal method, or prohibitive expense for recycling would represent a genuine hardship, the Government, upon written request of the Lessor and approval of the Contracting Officer, may permit alternative means of disposal.
  - 7. Building Recycling Service Plan:
    - A building recycling service plan with floor plans annotating recycling area(s) as part of Design Intent Drawings to be reflected on the Construction Drawing submission.
  - A signed statement provided to the Contracting Officer, completed by the Lessor for the leased space, explaining how all HVAC systems serving the leased space will achieve the desired ventilation of the space during the flush-out period called for in the "Indoor Air Quality During Construction" (Dec 2007) Paragraph 5.11 in the DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, AND OTHER POST AWARD ACTIVITIES, Section 5.0 of this SFO.
  - 9. In accordance with the incorporation of commissioning requirements called for in the "Mechanical, Electrical, Plumbing: General" (Aug 2008) Paragraph 8.1 in the MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING Section 8.0 of this SFO, a written commissioning plan submitted to the Contracting Officer prior to the completion of Design Intent Drawings that includes:
    - a. a schedule of systems commissioning (revised as needed during all construction phases of the project -with such revisions provided to the Contracting Officer immediately) and
    - b. a description of how commissioning requirements will be met and confirmed.
  - 10. At completion of LEED® documentation and receipt of final certification, two electronic copies of all supporting documentation for certification on compact disk.
  - 11. If renewable source power is purchased, documentation within 9 months of occupancy.

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#### 4.0 UTILITIES, SERVICES, AND LEASE ADMINISTRATION

#### 4.1 MEASUREMENT OF SPACE (AUG 2008)

#### A. ANSI/BOMA OFFICE AREA SQUARE FEET:

- 1. For the purposes of this solicitation, the Government recognizes the American National Standards Institute/Building Owners and Managers Association (ABOA) international standard (Z65.1-1996) definition for Office Area, which means "the area where a tenant normally houses personnel and/or furniture, for which a measurement is to be computed."
- 2. ABOA square feet shall be computed by measuring the area enclosed by the finished surface of the room side of corridors (corridors in place as well as those required by local codes and ordinances to provide an acceptable level of safety and/or to provide access to essential building elements) and other permanent walls, the dominant portion (refer to Z65.1) of building exterior walls, and the center of tenant-separating partitions. Where alcoves, recessed entrances, or similar deviations from the corridor are present, ABOA square feet shall be computed as if the deviation were not present.
- 3. ABOA square feet and usable square feet (USF) may be used interchangeably throughout the lease documents.

## B. RENTABLE SPACE:

Rentable space is the area for which a tenant is charged rent. It is determined by the building owner and may vary by city or by building within the same city. The rentable space may include a share of building support/common areas such as elevator lobbies, building corridors, and floor service areas. Floor service areas typically include restrooms, janitor rooms, telephone closets, electrical closets, and mechanical rooms. The rentable space does not include vertical building penetrations and their enclosing walls, such as stairs, elevator shafts, and vertical ducts.

#### C. COMMON AREA FACTOR:

If applicable, the Offeror shall provide the Common Area Factor (a conversion factor(s) determined by the building owner and applied by the owner to the ABOA square feet to determine the rentable square feet for the offered space).

## 4.2 TAX ADJUSTMENT (AUG 2008) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

#### A. Purpose:

This paragraph provides for adjustment in the rent ("Tax Adjustment") to account for increases or decreases in Real Estate Taxes for the Property after the establishment of the Real Estate Tax Base, as those terms are defined herein. Tax Adjustments shall be calculated in accordance with this Clause.

## B. Definitions:

The following definitions apply to the use of capitalized terms within this paragraph:

- "Property" is the land, buildings and other improvements of which the premises (as fully described in the U.S. Government Lease for Real Property, SF2) form all or a part.
- 2. "Real Estate Taxes" are those taxes that are levied upon the owners of real property by a Taxing Authority (as hereinafter defined) of a State or local Government on an ad valorem basis to raise general revenue for funding the provision of government services. The term excludes, without limitation, special assessments for specific purposes, and/or community development assessments. Real Estate Taxes are only those taxes which are assessed against the building and/or the land upon which the building is located.
- 3. "Taxing Authority" is a State, Commonwealth, Territory, County, City, Parish, or political subdivision thereof, authorized by law to levy, assess, and collect Real Estate Taxes.
- 4. "Tax Year" refers to the 12-month period adopted by a Taxing Authority as its fiscal year for the purpose of assessing Real Estate Taxes on an annual basis.
- 5. "Tax Abatement" is an authorized reduction in the Lessor's liability for Real Estate Taxes below that determined by applying the generally applicable Real Estate Tax rate to the Fully Assessed (as hereinafter defined) valuation of the Property.
- 6. "Unadjusted Real Estate Taxes" are the full amount of Real Estate Taxes that would be assessed for the Property for one full Tax Year without regard to the Lessor's entitlement to any Tax Abatements (except if such Tax Abatement came into effect after the date of award of the Lease), and not including any late charges, interest or penalties. If a Tax Abatement comes into effect after the date of award of the Lease, "Unadjusted Real Estate Taxes" are the full amount of Real Estate Taxes assessed for the Property for one full Tax Year, less the amount of such Tax Abatement, and not including any late charges, interest or penalties.
- 7. "Real Estate Tax Base" is the Unadjusted Real Estate Taxes for the first twelve month period following the commencement of the Lease term. If the Real Estate Taxes at the commencement of the lease term are not based upon a Full Assessment of the Property, then the Real Estate Tax Base shall be the Unadjusted Real Estate Taxes for the Property for the first full Tax Year for which the Real Estate Taxes are based upon a Full Assessment. Such first full Tax Year may be hereinafter referred to as the "Tax Base Year."
- 8. The Property is deemed to be "Fully Assessed" (and Real Estate Taxes are deemed to be based on a "Full Assessment") only when a Taxing Authority has, for the purpose of determining the Lessor's liability for Real Estate Taxes, determined a

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value for the Property taking into account the value of all improvements contemplated for the Property pursuant to the Lease, based on a stabilized occupancy of the building, and issued to the Lessor a tax bill or other notice of levy wherein the Real Estate Taxes for the full Tax Year are based upon such Full Assessment. At no time prior to the issuance of such a bill or notice shall the Property be deemed Fully Assessed.

"Percentage of Occupancy" refers to that portion of the Property exclusively occupied or used by the Government pursuant to the Lease. For buildings, the Percentage of Occupancy is determined by calculating the ratio of the rentable square feet occupied by the Government pursuant to the Lease to the total rentable square feet in the building or buildings so occupied, and shall not take into account the Government's ancillary rights including, but not limited to, parking or roof space for antennas (unless facilities for such ancillary rights are separately assessed). This percentage shall be subject to adjustment to take into account increases or decreases in the amount of space leased by the Government or in the amount of rentable space on the Property.

#### C. Adjustment for Changes in Real Estate Taxes:

- 1. After the Property is Fully Assessed, the Government shall pay its share of any increases and shall receive its share of any decreases in the Real Estate Taxes for the Property, such share of increases or decreases to be referred to herein as "Tax Adjustment." The amount of the Tax Adjustment shall be determined by multiplying the Government's Percentage of Occupancy by the difference between the current twelve month period Unadjusted Real Estate Taxes and the Real Estate Tax Base, less the portion of such difference not paid due to a Tax Abatement (except if a Tax Abatement comes into effect after the date of award of the Lease). If a Tax Abatement comes into effect after the date of award of the Lease, the amount of the Tax Adjustment shall be determined by multiplying the Government's Percentage of Occupancy by the difference between the current twelve month period Unadjusted Real Estate Taxes and the Real Estate Tax Base. The Government shall pay the Tax Adjustment in a single annual lump sum payment to the Lessor. In the event that this Tax Adjustment results in a credit owed to the Government, the Government may elect to receive payment in the form of a rental credit or lump sum payment.
- 2. If the Property contains more than one separately assessed parcel, then more than one Tax Adjustment shall be determined based upon the Percentage of Occupancy, Real Estate Tax Base, and Real Estate Taxes for each respective parcel.
- 3. After commencement of the Lease term, the Lessor shall provide to the Contracting Officer copies of all Real Estate Tax bills for the Property, all documentation of Tax Abatements, credits, or refunds, if any, and all notices which may affect the assessed valuation of the Property, for the Tax Year prior to the commencement of the Lease Term, and all such documentation for every year following. Lessor acknowledges that the Contracting Officer shall rely on the completeness and accuracy of these submissions in order to establish the Real Estate Tax Base and to determine Tax Adjustments. The Contracting Officer may memorialize the establishment of the Real Estate Tax Base by issuing a unilateral administrative Supplemental Lease Agreement indicating the Base Year, the amount of the Real Estate Tax Base, and the Government's Percentage of Occupancy.
- 4. The Real Estate Tax Base is subject to adjustment when increases or decreases to Real Estate Taxes in any Tax Year are attributable to a) improvements or renovations to the Property not required by this Lease, or b) changes in net operating income for the Property not derived from this Lease. If either condition results in a change to the Real Estate Taxes, the Contracting Officer may re-establish the Real Estate Tax Base as the Unadjusted Real Estate Taxes for the Tax Year the Property is reassessed under such condition, less the amount by which the Unadjusted Real Estate Taxes for the Tax Year prior to reassessment exceeds the prior Real Estate Tax Base.
- 5. If this Lease includes any options to renew or extend the term of the Lease, or be otherwise extended, the Real Estate Tax Base for the purpose of determining Tax Adjustments during the renewal term or extension shall be the last twelve months of the original term or any extensions. Upon renewal, a new tax base shall be established.
- If any Real Estate Taxes for the Property are retroactively reduced by a Taxing Authority during the term of the Lease, the Government shall be entitled to a proportional share of any tax refunds to which the Lessor is entitled, calculated in accordance with this Clause.
- 7. Lessor acknowledges that it has an affirmative duty to disclose to the Government any decreases in the Real Estate Taxes paid for the Property during the term of the Lease. Lessor shall annually provide to the Contracting Officer all relevant tax records for determining whether a Tax Adjustment is due, irrespective of whether it seeks an adjustment in any Tax Year.
- 8. If the Lease terminates before the end of a Tax Year, or if rent has been suspended, payment for the Real Estate Tax increase due as a result of this section for the Tax Year will be prorated based on the number of days that the Lease and the rent were in effect. Any credit due the Government after the expiration or earlier termination of the Lease shall be made by a lump sum payment to the Government or as a rental credit to any succeeding lease, as determined in the Contracting Officer's sole discretion. Lessor shall remit any lump sum payment to the Government within 15 calendar days of payment or credit by the Taxing Authority to Lessor or Lessor's designee. If the credit due to the Government is not paid by the due date, interest shall accrue on the late payment at the rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under Section 12 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978, as amended (41 USC § 611), that is in effect on the day after the due date. The interest penalty shall accrue daily on the amount of the credit and shall be compounded in 30-day increments inclusive from the first day after the due date through the payment date. The Government shall have the right to pursue the outstanding balance of any tax credit using all such collection methods as are available to the United States to collect debts. Such collection rights shall survive the expiration of this Lease.
- In order to obtain a Tax Adjustment, the Lessor shall furnish the Contracting Officer with copies of all paid tax receipts, or other similar evidence of payment acceptable to the Contracting Officer, and a proper invoice (as described in GSA Form 3517, General Clauses, 552.232-75, Prompt Payment) for the requested Tax Adjustment, including the calculation thereof.

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All such documents must be received by the Contracting Officer within 60 calendar days after the last date the Real Estate Tax payment is due from the Lessor to the Taxing Authority without payment of penalty or interest. FAILURE TO SUBMIT THE PROPER INVOICE AND EVIDENCE OF PAYMENT WITHIN SUCH TIME FRAME SHALL CONSTITUTE A WAIVER OF THE LESSOR'S RIGHT TO RECEIVE A TAX ADJUSTMENT PURSUANT TO THIS CLAUSE FOR THE TAX YEAR AFFFECTED.

#### D. Tax Appeals:

If the Government occupies more than 50% of the Building by virtue of this and any other Government lease(s), the Government may, upon reasonable notice, direct the Lessor to initiate a tax appeal, or the Government may elect to contest the assessed valuation on its own behalf or jointly on behalf of Government and the Lessor. If the Government elects to contest the assessed valuation on its own behalf or on behalf of the Government and the Lessor, the Lessor shall cooperate fully with this effort, including, without limitation, furnishing to the Government information necessary to contest the assessed valuation in accordance with the filling requirements of the Taxing Authority, executing documents, providing documentary and testimonial evidence, and verifying the accuracy and completeness of records. If the Lessor initiates an appeal at the direction of the Government, the Government shall have the right to approve the selection of counsel who shall represent the Lessor with regard to such appeal, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed, and the Lessor shall be entitled to a credit in the amount of its reasonable expenses in pursuing the appeal.

#### 4.3 OPERATING COSTS (SEP 2009) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

- A. The base for the operating costs adjustment will be established during negotiations based upon ANSI/BOMA Office Area square feet.
  - 1. Beginning with the second year of the lease and each year thereafter, the Government shall pay annual incremental adjusted rent for changes in costs for cleaning services, supplies, materials, maintenance, trash removal, landscaping, water, sewer charges, heating, electricity, and certain administrative expenses attributable to occupancy. Applicable costs listed on GSA Form 1217, Lessor's Annual Cost Statement, when negotiated and agreed upon, will be used to determine the base rate for operating costs adjustment.
  - 2. The amount of adjustment will be determined by multiplying the base rate by the annual percent of change in the Cost of Living Index. The percent change will be computed by comparing the index figure published for the month prior to the lease commencement date with the index figure published for the month prior to the successive 12-month comparison period. For example, a lease which commences in June of 2005 would use the index published for May of 2005, and that figure would be compared with the index published for May of 2006, likewise, May 2006 would be compared with the index published for May of 2007, and so on, to determine the percent change. The Cost of Living Index will be measured by the Department of Labor revised Consumer Price Index for urban wage earners and clerical workers, U.S. city average, all items figure, (1982 to 1984 = 100) published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Payment will be made with the monthly installment of fixed rent. Rental adjustments will be effective on the anniversary date of the lease; however payment of the adjusted rental rate will become due on the first workday of the second month following the publication of the Cost of Living Index for the month prior to the commencement of each 12-month period.
  - 3. In the event of any decreases in the Cost of Living Index occurring during the term of the occupancy under the lease, the rental amount will be reduced accordingly. The amount of such reductions will be determined in the same manner as increases in rent provided under this paragraph.
- B. If the Government exercises an option to extend the lease term, the option price will be inclusive of adjustments during the original term. Annual adjustments will continue.

# 4.4 ADJUSTMENT FOR VACANT PREMISES, GSAR 552.270-16 (VARIATION) (DEC 2005)

- A. If the Government fails to occupy any portion of the leased premises or vacates the premises in whole or in part prior to expiration of the term of the lease, the rental rate (i.e., the base for operating cost adjustments) will be reduced.
- B. The rate will be reduced by that portion of the costs per ANSI/BOMA Office Area square foot of operating expenses not required to maintain the space. This rate will be negotiated and incorporated into the lease. Said reduction shall occur after the Government gives 30 calendar days' prior notice to the Lessor and shall continue in effect until the Government occupies the vacant premises or the lease expires or is terminated.

#### 4.5 NORMAL HOURS

Services, utilities, and maintenance shall be provided daily for an eleven hour period, extending \_\_\_7:00\_\_ a.m. to \_\_6:00\_\_ p.m. except Saturdays, Sundays, and federal holidays.

#### 4.6 OVERTIME USAGE (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

- A. The Government shall have access to the leased space at all times without additional payment, including the use, during other than normal hours, of necessary services and utilities such as elevators, toilets, lights, and electric power.
- B. If heating or cooling is required on an overtime basis, such services will be ordered orally or in writing by the Contracting Officer or the GSA Buildings Manager, or a designated Tenant Agency official. When ordered, services shall be provided at the hourly rate established in the contract, which shall include all the Lessor's administrative costs. Costs for personal services shall only be included as authorized by the Government.

- C. If after lease commencement, the hourly rate established differs from the Lessor's actual, out-of-pocket costs of providing the services described herein, the Lessor may submit evidence of such differential to the Contracting Officer who may adjust the hourly rate accordingly, if warranted and in the Contracting Officer's discretion. The Lessor shall comply with all requests for information from the Contracting Officer relative to a request for change of the hourly rate for HVAC overtime usage. Requests for adjustment of the hourly rate for HVAC overtime usage will not be considered until after lease commencement.
- D. When the cost of service is \$2,000 or less, the service may be ordered orally. An invoice shall be submitted to the official placing the order for certification and payment. Orders for services costing more than \$2,000 shall be placed using GSA Form 300, Order for Supplies or Services, or other approved service requisition procurement document. The two clauses from GSA Form 3517, General Clauses, 552.232-75, Prompt Payment, and 552.232-70, Invoice Requirements (Variation), apply to all orders for overtime services.
- E. All orders are subject to the terms and conditions of this lease. In the event of a conflict between an order and this lease, the lease shall control.
- F. Failure to submit a proper invoice within 120 days of providing overtime utilities shall constitute a waiver of the Lessor's right to receive any payment for such overtime utilities pursuant to this lease.

#### 4.7 UTILITIES (AUG 2008)

The Lessor is responsible for providing all utilities necessary for base building and tenant operations and all associated costs are included as a part of the established rental rates.

## 4.8 JANITORIAL SERVICES (SEP 2000) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

A. The Lessor shall provide janitorial services for the leased space, public areas, entrances, and all other common areas and shall provide replacement of supplies. Cleaning shall be performed after tenant working hours unless daytime cleaning is specified as a special requirement elsewhere in this SFO.

#### B. SELECTION OF CLEANING PRODUCTS:

The Lessor shall make careful selection of janitorial cleaning products and equipment to:

- 1. use products that are packaged ecologically;
- 2. use products and equipment considered environmentally beneficial and/or recycled products that are phosphate-free, non-corrosive, non-flammable, and fully biodegradable; and
- 3. minimize the use of harsh chemicals and the release of irritating fumes.
- 4. Examples of acceptable products may be found at www.gsa.gov/p2products.

#### C. SELECTION OF PAPER PRODUCTS:

The Lessor shall select paper and paper products (i.e., bathroom tissue and paper towels) with recycled content conforming to EPA's CPG.

- D. The Lessor shall maintain the leased premises, including outside areas, in a clean condition and shall provide supplies and equipment for the term of the lease. The following schedule describes the level of services intended. Performance will be based on the Contracting Officer's evaluation of results, not the frequency or method of performance.
  - 1. Daily. Empty trash receptacles. Sweep entrances, lobbies, and corridors. Spot sweep floors, and spot vacuum carpets. Clean drinking fountains. Sweep and damp mop or scrub toilet rooms. Clean all toilet fixtures, and replenish toilet supplies. Dispose of all trash and garbage generated in or about the building. Wash inside and out or steam clean cans used for collection of food remnants from snack bars and vending machines. Dust horizontal surfaces that are readily available and visibly require dusting. Spray buff resilient floors in main corridors, entrances, and lobbies. Clean elevators and escalators. Remove carpet stains. Police sidewalks, parking areas, and driveways. Sweep loading dock areas and platforms. Clean glass entry doors to the Government-demised area.
  - 2. Three Times a Week. Sweep or vacuum stairs.
  - 3. Weekly. Damp mop and spray buff all resilient floors in toilets and health units. Sweep sidewalks, parking areas, and driveways (weather permitting).
  - 4. Every Two Weeks. Spray buff resilient floors in secondary corridors, entrance, and lobbies. Damp mop and spray buff hard and resilient floors in office space.
  - 5. Monthly. Thoroughly dust furniture. Completely sweep and/or vacuum carpets. Sweep storage space. Spot clean all wall surfaces within 70 inches of the floor.
  - 6. Every Two Months. Damp wipe toilet wastepaper receptacles, stall partitions, doors, window sills, and frames. Shampoo entrance and elevator carpets.

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- 7. Three Times a Year. Dust wall surfaces within 70 inches of the floor, vertical surfaces and under surfaces. Clean metal and marble surfaces in lobbies. Wet mop or scrub garages.
- 8. Twice a Year. Wash all interior and exterior windows and other glass surfaces. Strip and apply four coats of finish to resilient floors in toilets. Strip and refinish main corridors and other heavy traffic areas.
- 9. Annually. Wash all venetian blinds, and dust 6 months from washing. Vacuum or dust all surfaces in the building of 70 inches from the floor, including light fixtures. Vacuum all draperies in place. Strip and refinish floors in offices and secondary lobbies and corridors. Shampoo carpets in corridors and lobbies. Clean balconies, ledges, courts, areaways, and flat roofs.
- 10. Every Two Years. Shampoo carpets in all offices and other non-public areas.
- 11. Every Five Years. Dry clean or wash (as appropriate) all draperies.
- 12. As Required. Properly maintain plants and lawns. Remove snow and ice from entrances, exterior walks, and parking lots of the building by the beginning of the normal working hours and continuing throughout the day. Provide initial supply, installation, and replacement of light bulbs, tubes, ballasts, and starters. Replace worn floor coverings (this includes the moving and returning of furnishings). Provide and empty exterior ash cans and clean area of any discarded cigarette butts.
- 13. Control pests as appropriate, using Integrated Pest Management techniques, as specified in the GSA Environmental Management Integrated Pest Management Technique Guide (E402-1001).

## 4.9 SCHEDULE OF PERIODIC SERVICES (DEC 2005)

Within 60 days after occupancy by the Government, the Lessor shall provide to the Contracting Officer with a detailed written schedule of all periodic services and maintenance to be performed other than daily, weekly, or monthly.

#### 4.10 LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE (AUG 2008)

- A. Landscape maintenance shall be performed during the growing season at not less than a weekly cycle and shall consist of watering, weeding, mowing, and policing the area to keep it free of debris. Pruning and fertilization shall be done on an asneeded basis. In addition, dead, dying, or damaged plants shall be replaced.
- B. See additional information in the "Landscaping" Paragraph 6.12 in the GENERAL ARCHITECTURE Section 6.0 of this solicitation.

### 4.11 MAINTENANCE AND TESTING OF SYSTEMS (AUG 2008)

- A. The Lessor is responsible for the total maintenance and repair of the leased premises. Such maintenance and repairs include the site and private access roads. All equipment and systems shall be maintained to provide reliable, energy-efficient service without unusual interruption, disturbing noises, exposure to fire or safety hazards, uncomfortable drafts, excessive air velocities, or unusual emissions of dirt. The Lessor's maintenance responsibility includes initial supply and replacement of all supplies, materials, and equipment necessary for such maintenance. Maintenance, testing, and inspection of appropriate equipment and systems shall be done in accordance with current applicable codes, and inspection certificates shall be displayed as appropriate. Copies of all records in this regard shall be forwarded to the GSA Field Office Manager or a designated representative.
- B. Without any additional charge, the Government reserves the right to require documentation of proper operations or testing prior to occupancy of such systems as fire alarm, sprinkler, standpipes, fire pumps, emergency lighting, illuminated exit signs, emergency generator, etc. to ensure proper operation. These tests shall be witnessed by a designated representative of the Contracting Officer.

## 4.12 NOVATION AND CHANGE OF NAME (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

- A. In the event of a transfer of ownership of the lease premises, an assignment of lease or a change in the Lessor's legal name, the Lessor must comply with the requirements of Subpart 42.12 of the Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR).
- B. The Government and the Lessor may execute a Change of Name Agreement where only a change of the Lessor's name is involved and the Government's and the Lessor's rights and obligations remain unaffected. A sample form is found at FAR 42.1205
- C. The Government, the Lessor and the successor in interest may execute a Novation Agreement when the Lessor's rights or obligations under the lease are legally transferred.
- D. In addition to all documents required by Far 42.1204, the Contracting Officer may request additional information (i.e., copy of the deed, bill of sale, certificate of merger, contract, court decree, articles of incorporation, operation agreement, partnership certificate of good standing, etc.) from the transferor or transferee to validate the proposed changes.
- E. The transferee must submit a new GSA Form 3518, Representations and Certifications.
- F. Any separate agreement between the transferor and transferee regarding the assumption of liabilities shall be referenced specifically in the Novation Agreement.

INITIALS:		&	
	LESSOR		GOV'T

- G. When it is in the best interest of the Government not to concur in the transfer of a contract from one entity to another, the original contractor remains under contractual obligation to the Government. The applicability of novation agreements is detailed at FAR 42.1204.
- H. When executed on behalf of the Government, a Novation Agreement will be made part of the lease via Supplemental Lease Agreement.
- I. In the event of a change in ownership, rent will continue to be paid to the prior Lessor until the Supplemental Lease Agreement is executed by the Government and the change in ownership is properly entered into the Government system. New Lessors must comply with all provisions of this Lease, including but not limited to, Central Contractor Registration and the provision of all information required by the Contracting Officer.
- J. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Lease, the Government has no obligation to recognize a change of ownership or interest until (1) the payment of rent has commenced; and (2) any amounts due and owing to the Government hereunder have been paid in full or completely set off against this Lease.

#### 4.13 CENTRAL CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION (AUG 2008)

The Offeror must have an active registration in the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) System (via the Internet at <a href="http://www.ccr.gov">http://www.ccr.gov</a>) prior to lease award and <a href="http://www.ccr.gov">http://www.ccr.gov</a>) prior to lease award award and <a href="http://www.ccr.gov">http://www.ccr.gov</a>) prior to lease award award award award award award award award award award

#### 5.0 DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, AND OTHER POST AWARD ACTIVITIES

#### 5.1 FIRE PROTECTION FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION (AUG 2008)

- A. The Offeror shall provide a written statement from a licensed fire protection engineer that the building(s) fully complies with the fire protection and life safety requirements within this SFO.
- B. The new building shall be protected throughout by an automatic fire sprinkler system designed in accordance with the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 13, *Installation of Sprinkler Systems*.
- C. When an electric fire pump is provided to support the design of the fire sprinkler system, a secondary power source shall be provided to the fire pump by a standby emergency generator or another means acceptable to the Government.
- D. The fire alarm system installed shall be an emergency voice/alarm communication system when any one of the following conditions exist:
  - 1. The building is 2 or more stories in height above the level of exit discharge.
  - 2. The total calculated occupant load of the building is 300 or more occupants.
  - 3. The building is subject to 100 or more occupants above or below the level of exit discharge.
- E. The emergency voice/alarm communication system shall be designed and installed to meet the requirements of the applicable local codes and ordinances (current as of the award date of this SFO) adopted by the jurisdiction in which the building is located. In addition, the emergency voice/alarm communication system shall be capable of originating and distributing voice instructions (e.g., in the event of possible contamination of the HVAC system, blasts, etc.), as well as alert and evacuation signals pertaining to fire or other emergencies to the occupants of the building.

# 5.2 SAFEGUARDING AND DISSEMINATION OF SENSITIVE BUT UNCLASSIFIED (SBU) BUILDING INFORMATION (JUN 2009) This paragraph applies to all recipients of SBU building information, including offerors, bidders, awardees, contractors, subcontractors, lessors, suppliers, and manufacturers.

- A. MARKING SBU. Contractor-generated documents that contain building information must be reviewed by GSA to identify any SBU content, before the original or any copies are disseminated to any other parties. If SBU content is identified, the contracting officer may direct the contractor, as specified elsewhere in this contract, to imprint or affix SBU document markings to the original documents and all copies, before any dissemination.
- B. AUTHORIZED RECIPIENTS. Building information considered SBU must be protected with access strictly controlled and limited to those individuals having a need to know such information. Those with a need to know may include Federal, State, and local government entities, and nongovernment entities engaged in the conduct of business on behalf of or with GSA. Nongovernment entities may include architects, engineers, consultants, contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, and others submitting an offer or bid to GSA or performing work under a GSA contract or subcontract. Contractors must provide SBU building information when needed for the performance of official Federal, State, and local government functions, such as for code compliance reviews and for the issuance of building permits. Public safety entities such as fire and utility departments may require access to SBU building information on a need to know basis. This clause must not prevent or encumber the dissemination of SBU building information to public safety entities.

# C. DISSEMINATION OF SBU BUILDING INFORMATION:

- 1. BY ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION. Electronic transmission of SBU information outside of the GSA firewall and network must use session (or alternatively file encryption). Sessions (or files) must be encrypted with an approved NIST algorithm, such as Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) or Triple Data Encryption Standard (3DES), in accordance with Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS PUB) 140-2, Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules. Encryption tools that meet FIPS 140-2 are referenced on the NIST web page found at the following URL: HTTP://CSRC.NIST.GOV/GROUPS/STM/CMVP/DOCUMENTS/140-1/1401VEND.HTM. All encryption products used to satisfy the FIPS 140-2 requirement should have a validation certificate that can be verified at the following URL: HTTP://CSRC.NIST.GOV/GROUPS/STM/CMVP/VALIDATION.HTML#02. (Not all vendors of security products that claim conformance with FIPS 140-2 have validation certificates). Contractors must provide SBU building information only to authorized representatives of State, Federal, and local government entities and firms currently registered as "active" in the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) database at <a href="https://www.ccr.gov">www.ccr.gov</a> that have a need to know such information. If a subcontractor is not registered in the CCR and has a need to possess SBU building information, the subcontractor shall provide to the contractor its DUNS number or its tax ID number and a copy of its business license.
- BY NON-ELECTRONIC FORM OR ON PORTABLE ELECTRONIC DATA STORAGE DEVICES. Portable electronic data storage devices include but are not limited to CDs, DVDs, and USB drives. Non-electronic forms of SBU building information include paper documents.
  - By mail. Utilize only methods of shipping that provide services for monitoring receipt such as track and confirm, proof
    of delivery, signature confirmation, or return receipt.

INITIALS:				
	LESSOR		GOV'T	

- b. In person. Contractors must provide SBU building information only to authorized representatives of State, Federal, and local government entities and firms currently registered as "active" in the CCR database that have a need to know such information.
- 3. RECORD KEEPING. Contractors must maintain a list of the State, Federal, and local government entities and the firms to which SBU is disseminated under sections C1 and C2 of this clause. This list must include at a minimum (1) the name of the State, Federal, or local government entity or firm to which SBU has been disseminated; (2) the name of the individual at the entity or firm who is responsible for protecting the SBU building information, with access strictly controlled and limited to those individuals having a need to know such information; (3) contact information for the named individual; and (4) a description of the SBU building information provided. Once work is completed, or for leased space with the submission of the "as built" drawings, the contractor must collect all lists maintained in accordance with this clause, including those maintained by any subcontractors and/or suppliers, and submit them to the contracting officer. For federal buildings, final payment may be withheld until the lists are received.
- D. RETAINING SBU DOCUMENTS. SBU building information (both electronic and paper formats) must be protected, with access strictly controlled and limited to those individuals having a need to know such information.
- E. DESTROYING SBU BUILDING INFORMATION. SBU building information must be destroyed such that the marked information is rendered unreadable and incapable of being restored, or returned to the contracting officer, when no longer needed, in accordance with guidelines provided for media sanitization within Appendix A of NIST Special Publication 800-88, Guidelines for Media Sanitization, available at <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/nistpubs/800-88/NISTSP800-88 REV1.pdf">http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/nistpubs/800-88/NISTSP800-88 REV1.pdf</a>. If SBU building information is not returned to the contracting officer, examples of acceptable destruction methods for SBU building information are burning or shredding hardcopy; physically destroying portable electronic storage devices such as CDs, DVDs, and USB drives; deleting and removing files from electronic recycling bins; and removing material from computer hard drives using a permanent-erase utility such as bit wiping software or disk crushers.
- F. NOTICE OF DISPOSAL. The contractor must notify the Contracting Officer that all SBU building information has been destroyed, or returned to the Contracting Officer, by the contractor and its subcontractors or suppliers in accordance with section (e) of this clause, with the exception of the contractor's record copy. This notice must be submitted to the contracting officer at the completion of the contract in order to receive final payment. For leases, this notice must be submitted to the Contracting Officer at the completion of the lease term.
- G. INCIDENTS. All improper disclosures of SBU building information must be immediately reported to the contracting officer. If the contract provides for progress payments, the contracting officer may withhold approval of progress payments until the contractor provides a corrective action plan explaining how the contractor will prevent future improper disclosures of SBU building information. Progress payments may also be withheld for failure to comply with any provision in this clause until the contractor provides a corrective action plan explaining how the contractor will rectify any noncompliance and comply with the clause in the future.
- H. SUBCONTRACTS. The Contractor must insert the substance of this clause in all subcontracts.

## 5.3 UNIT COSTS FOR ADJUSTMENTS (AUG 2008)

The Offeror is required to provide unit prices when requested by the Government. Prices shall be quoted as fully installed and finished. The unit prices may be used, upon acceptance by GSA, during the first year of the lease to price alterations costing \$100,000 or less. These prices may be indexed or renegotiated to apply to subsequent years of the lease upon mutual agreement of the Lessor and the Government.

# 5.4 TENANT IMPROVEMENTS PRICING REQUIREMENTS (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

- A. Under the provisions of FAR Subpart 15.4, the Lessor must submit information that is adequate for the Government to evaluate the reasonableness of the price or determining cost realism in conjunction with the Tenant Improvements.
- B. In lieu of submitting detailed cost or pricing data and entering into negotiations to determine a final cost for the subject work, the Government (in accordance with FAR 15.403) is willing to negotiate a price based upon the results of a competitive proposal process if the following conditions are met:
  - The Lessor shall submit to the Government a proposal for all Tenant Improvements. The proposal shall include the
    overhead, profit, and architectural-engineering fees as agreed upon in the Lease, as well as permits and regulatory fees for
    tenant improvements.
  - The Tenant Improvements scope of work includes the lease, the SFO, all SFO attachments, the construction drawings/documents, and written specifications. In cases of discrepancies, the Lessor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer for resolution. All differences will be resolved by the Contracting Officer in accordance with the terms and conditions of the lease.
  - 3. No building shell items shall be included in the pricing for the Tenant Improvements.
  - 4. Each proposal shall be 1) submitted in the attached 21 Division Tenant Improvement Cost Summary table by the proposed General Contractors (or subcontractors) and 2) reviewed by the Government. The General Contractors shall submit the supporting bids from the major subcontractors. The Government reserves the right to determine if bids meet the scope of work, that the price is reasonable, and that the Lessor's proposed contractors are qualified to perform the work. The Government reserves the right to reject all bids, at its sole discretion.

- 5. A minimum of three qualified general contractors shall be invited to participate in the competitive proposal process. Each participant shall compete independently in the process. In the absence of sufficient competition from the general contractors, a minimum of three qualified subcontractors from each trade of the attached 21 Division Tenant Improvement Cost Summary table shall be invited to participate in the competitive proposal process.
- 6. The Government reserves the right to be represented at all negotiation sessions between the Lessor and potential contractors.
- 7. The Lessor shall demonstrate to the Government that best efforts have been made to obtain the most competitive prices possible, and the Lessor shall accept responsibility for all prices through direct contracts with all contractors.
- 8. The Lessor shall complete the competition and the cost proposal process in the time frame specified in the "Construction Schedule of Tenant Improvements" paragraph in this section.
- 9. Once the Government determines that there is adequate competition, and upon the Government's acceptance of the Lessor's cost proposal based upon that competition (provided the Lessor selects the competition's lowest priced bid of a contractor qualified to perform the subject work), the Contracting Officer shall issue to the Lessor a notice to proceed for the subject work.
- 10. The Lessor shall complete the work within the time frame requirements illustrated in the "Construction Schedule and Acceptance of Tenant Improvements" paragraph in this section.
- 11. The Lessor shall provide detailed cost and pricing data for all change orders, in accordance with FAR Subpart 15.4, per SFO Paragraph 5.4, A. above.

## 5.5 SUBSEQUENT TENANT ALTERATIONS \$100,000 OR LESS (AUG 2008)

- A. The Lessor may be requested to provide alterations during the term of the lease. Alterations will be ordered by issuance of GSA Form 276, Supplemental Lease Agreement, GSA Form 300, Order for Supplies or Services, or a Tenant Agency-approved form when specifically authorized to do so by the Contracting Officer. The two clauses from GSA Form 3517, General Clauses, 552.232-75, *Prompt Payment*, and 552.232-70, *Invoice Requirements (Variation)*, apply to orders for alterations. All orders are subject to the terms and conditions of this lease.
- B. Orders for Tenant Improvement \$100,000 or less may be placed by the Contracting Officer or GSA Buildings Manager. Tenant Agency officials may place orders for Tenant Improvements \$100,000 or less when specifically authorized to do so by the Contracting Officer. The Contracting Officer will provide the Lessor with a list of Tenant Agency officials authorized to place orders and will specify any limitations on the authority delegated to Tenant Agency officials. The Tenant Agency officials are not authorized to deal with the Lessor on any other matters.
- C. Payments for alterations ordered by the Tenant Agency under the authorization described in paragraph B above, will be made directly by the Tenant Agency placing the order.

## 5.6 WORK PERFORMANCE (SEP 2000)

All work in performance of this lease shall be done by skilled workers or mechanics and shall be acceptable to the Contracting Officer. The Contracting Officer retains the right to reject the Lessor's workers 1) if such are either unlicensed, unskilled, or otherwise incompetent, or 2) if such have demonstrated a history of either untimely or otherwise unacceptable performance in connection with work carried out in conjunction with either this contract or other Government or private contracts.

# 5.7 RESPONSIBILITY OF THE LESSOR AND LESSOR'S ARCHITECT/ENGINEER (AUG 2008)

- A. The Lessor shall be responsible for the professional quality, technical accuracy, and the coordination of all designs, drawings, specifications, and other services furnished by the Lessor under this contract. The Lessor shall, without additional compensation, correct or revise any errors or deficiencies in its designs, drawings, specifications or other services.
- B. THE LESSOR REMAINS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR DESIGNING, CONSTRUCTING, OPERATING, AND MAINTAINING THE LEASE IN FULL ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LEASE. The Government retains the right to review and approve many aspects of the Lessor's design, including without limitation, review of the Lessor's design and construction drawings, shop drawings, product data, finish samples, and completed Base Building and Tenant Improvement construction. The Government shall work closely with the Lessor, in an integrated manner, to identify potential design flaws, to minimize costly misdirection of effort, and to assist the Lessor in its effort to monitor whether such design and construction comply with applicable laws and satisfy all Lease requirements.
- C. Neither the Government's review, approval or acceptance of, nor payment through rent of the services required under this contract, shall be construed to operate as a waiver of any rights under this contract or of any cause of action arising out of the performance of this contract, and the Lessor shall be and remain liable to the Government in accordance with applicable law for all damages to the Government caused by the Lessor's negligent performance of any of the services required under this contract.
- D. Design and construction and performance information is contained throughout several of the documents which will comprise a resulting lease. The Lessor shall provide to space planners, architects, engineers, construction contractors, etc., all information required whether it is found in this SFO, Special Requirements and Attachments, Price Lists or Design Intent Drawings. Reliance

upon one of these documents to the exclusion of any other may result in an incomplete understanding of the scope of the work to be performed and/or services to be provided.

#### 5.8 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES (AUG 2008)

In case of failure on the part of the Lessor to complete the work within the time fixed in the lease contract, the Lessor shall pay the Government as fixed and agreed liquidated damages, pursuant to this paragraph, the sum of to be determined for each and every calendar day that the delivery is delayed beyond the date specified for delivery of all the space ready for occupancy by the Government. This remedy is not exclusive and is in addition to any other remedies which may be available under this lease or at law. This liquidated sum is not meant as a penalty, but as an approximation of actual damages that would be suffered by the Government as a result of the Lessor's delay.

#### 5.9 EXISTING FIT-OUT, SALVAGED, OR RE-USED BUILDING MATERIAL (SEP 2000)

- A. Items and materials existing in the offered space, or to be removed from the offered space during the demolition phase, are eligible for reuse in the construction phase of the project. The reuse of items and materials is preferable to recycling them; however, items considered for reuse shall be in refurbishable condition and shall meet the quality standards set forth by the Government in this SFO. In the absence of definitive quality standards, the Lessor is responsible to confirm that the quality of the item(s) in question shall meet or exceed accepted industry or trade standards for first quality commercial grade applications.
- B. The Lessor shall submit a reuse plan to the Contracting Officer. The Government will not pay for existing fixtures and other Tenant Improvements accepted in place. However, the Government will reimburse the Lessor, as part of the Tenant Improvement Allowance, the costs to repair or improve such fixtures or improvements identified on the reuse plan and approved by the Contracting Officer.

## 5.10 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT (AUG 2008)

- A. Recycling construction waste is mandatory for initial space alterations for tenant improvements and subsequent alterations under the lease.
- B. Recycling construction waste means providing all services necessary to furnish construction materials or wastes to organizations which will employ these materials or wastes in the production of new materials. Recycling includes required labor and equipment necessary to separate individual materials from the assemblies of which they form a part.
- C. The Lessor shall recycle the following items during both the demolition and construction phases of the project, subject to economic evaluation and feasibility:
  - 1. ceiling grid and tile;
  - 2. light fixtures, including proper disposal of any transformers, ballasts, and fluorescent light bulbs;
  - 3. duct work and HVAC equipment;
  - 4. wiring and electrical equipment;
  - 5. aluminum and/or steel doors and frames;
  - 6. hardware:
  - 7. drywall;
  - steel studs;
  - 9. carpet, carpet backing, and carpet padding;
  - 10. wood:
  - 11. insulation;
  - 12. cardboard packaging;
  - 13. pallets;
  - 14. windows and glazing materials;
  - 15. all miscellaneous metals (as in steel support frames for filing equipment); and
  - 16. all other finish and construction materials.
- D. If any waste materials encountered during the demolition or construction phase are found to contain lead, asbestos, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's) (such as fluorescent lamp ballasts), or other harmful substances, they shall be handled and removed in accordance with federal and state laws and requirements concerning hazardous waste.

INITIALS:			&	
	LESSOR		GOV'T	

- E. In addition to providing "one time" removal and recycling of large scale demolition items such as carpeting or drywall, the Lessor shall provide continuous facilities for the recycling of incidental construction waste during the initial construction.
- F. Construction materials recycling records shall be maintained by the Lessor and shall be accessible to the Contracting Officer. Records shall include materials recycled or landfilled, quantity, date, and identification of hazardous wastes.

#### 5.11 INDOOR AIR QUALITY DURING CONSTRUCTION (DEC 2007)

- A. The Lessor shall provide to the Government material safety data sheets (MSDS) or other appropriate documents upon request, but prior to installation or use for the following products including but not limited to: adhesives, caulking, sealants, insulating materials, fireproofing or fire stopping materials, paints, carpets, floor and wall patching or leveling materials, lubricants, clear finishes for wood surfaces, janitorial cleaning products, and pest control products.
- B. The Contracting Officer may eliminate from consideration products with significant quantities of toxic, flammable, corrosive, or carcinogenic material and products with potential for harmful chemical emissions. Materials used often or in large quantities will receive the greatest amount of review.
- C. All MSDS shall comply with Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requirements. The Lessor and its agents shall comply with all recommended measures in the MSDS to protect the health and safety of personnel.
- D. To the greatest extent possible, the Lessor shall sequence the installation of finish materials so that materials that are high emitters of volatile organic compounds (VOC) are installed and allowed to cure before installing interior finish materials, especially soft materials that are woven, fibrous, or porous in nature, that may adsorb contaminants and release them over time.
- E. Where demolition or construction work occurs adjacent to occupied space, the Lessor shall erect appropriate barriers (noise, dust, odor, etc.) and take necessary steps to minimize interference with the occupants. This includes maintaining acceptable temperature, humidity, and ventilation in the occupied areas during window removal, window replacement, or similar types of work.

#### F. FLUSH-OUT PROCEDURE:

- A final flush-out period of 72 hours minimum is required after installation of all interior finishes and before the tenant agency's occupancy of the space. The Lessor shall ventilate 24 hours a day, with new filtration media at 100% outdoor air (or maximum outdoor air while achieving a relative humidity not greater than 60%).
- 2. After the 3-day period the space may be occupied; however, the flush-out must continue for 30 days using the maximum percentage of outdoor air consistent with achieving thermal comfort and humidity control.
- 3. Any deviation from this ventilation plan must be approved by the Contracting Officer.
- G. The Lessor is required to provide regularly occupied areas of the tenant space with new air filtration media before occupancy that provides a Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) of 13 or better.
- H. During construction, meet or exceed the recommended design approaches of the Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning National Contractors Association (SMACNA) *IAQ Guideline for Occupied Buildings Under Construction*, 1995, Chapter 3.
- I. Protect stored onsite and installed absorptive materials from moisture damage.
- J. If air handlers are used during construction, the Lessor shall provide filtration media with a Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) of 8 at each return air grill, as determined by ASHRAE (American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning Engineers) 52.2-1999.

# 5.12 CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE AND ACCEPTANCE OF TENANT IMPROVEMENTS (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

A. The construction schedule shall commence 5 days after lease award, unless otherwise expressly agreed by the Lessor and Government as stated in the lease. The schedule shall be divided into seven tasks for each phase. These are: 1) the generation of the design intent drawings; 2) the Government's approval of the design intent drawings; 3) the Lessor's generation of the Government's construction documents; 4) the Government's review of the construction documents; 5) the TI submittal, review and Notice to Proceed (NTP) process; 6) the Lessor's construction of the subject leased area; and 7) the Government's acceptance of the Lessor's construction. Each of these tasks is detailed below. References to "approval" shall mean such approval granted by the GSA Contracting Officer. During the construction schedule, the Government may request regularly scheduled progress meetings and request that the Lessor keep meeting minutes of discussion topics and attendance. During design and construction, the Lessor may discover instances where the Government's directives conflict. In such cases, the Lessor shall immediately notify the GSA Contracting Officer so that the Government may issue a determination as to how to proceed beyond the building shell.

## B. **DESIGN INTENT DRAWINGS:**

1. The Lessor shall prepare, as part of shell rent, and provide to the Government, for the Government's approval, design intent drawings detailing the Tenant Improvements to be made by the Lessor within the Government-demised area. The Government shall use best efforts to coordinate the provision of such information and details as required by the Lessor's architect to complete such drawings in a timely manner. Design intent drawings, for the purposes of this lease, are defined as fully-dimensioned drawings of the leased space which consist of enough information to prepare construction drawings including: 1) furniture, wall, door, and built-in millwork locations; telephone, electrical, and data outlet types and locations; and repositioned sprinklers, ceilings, and lighting, where impacted; 2) specifications necessary for calculation of electrical

INITIALS:				
	LESSOR		GOV'T	

and HVAC loads; and 3) all finish and signage selections. Design intent drawings shall be due from the Lessor within <u>See Solicitation Attachment #2</u> working days from award.

2. Review. The Government retains the right to review, approve, and request modifications (if necessary) to the Lessor's design intent drawings prior to the Lessor's commencement of working/construction drawings. The Government's review and approval of the drawings is limited as to the drawings' conformance to the specific requirements of the SFO and the agency's needs as they apply to the specific leased space. The Government shall perform all reviews of design intent drawings within See Solicitation Attachment #2 working days of receipt of such from Lessor. Should the Government require that modifications be made to the Lessor's design intent drawings before approval can be granted, the Government shall state as such in writing to the Lessor, and the Lessor shall have See Solicitation Attachment #2 working days to cure all noted defects before returning the design intent drawings to the Government for a subsequent review. Upon approval of the design intent drawings, a notice to proceed shall be transmitted to the Lessor, and the Lessor shall commence working/construction drawings for the space. At the sole discretion of the Government, the Lessor may be required to submit a budget proposal, based on the Tenant Improvements and associated work as shown on the design intent drawings. This budget proposal shall be completed within 10 working days of the Government's request. Delay of receipt of such proposal shall result in a Lessor delay.

## C. WORKING/CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS:

The Lessor shall prepare, as part of the Tenant Improvement Allowance, final working/construction drawings for the improvements illustrated on the Government-approved design intent drawings. The working/construction drawings shall include all mechanical, electrical, plumbing, fire safety, lighting, structural, and architectural improvements scheduled for inclusion into the Government-demised area. Working/construction drawings shall also be annotated with all applicable specifications. The resulting product shall reflect requirements which are substantially the same as that specified by the Government-approved design intent drawings and shall incorporate neither extraneous additions nor deletions of requirements. The Lessor's working/construction drawings shall be due to the Government within See Solicitation Attachment #2 working days of the Government's approval of the design intent drawings. Working/construction drawings shall clearly identify 1) Tenant Improvements already in place and 2) the work to be done by the Lessor or others.

#### D. REVIEW OF WORKING/CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS:

The Government retains the right to review, and request modifications (if necessary) to, the Lessor's construction documents prior to the Lessor's commencement of interior construction. The Government's review of the construction documents is limited to the construction documents' conformance to the specific requirements of the SFO and to the approved design intent drawings. The Government shall perform all reviews of construction documents within <a href="See Solicitation Attachment #2">See Solicitation Attachment #2</a> working days of receipt of such from the Lessor. Should the Government require that modifications be made to the Lessor's construction documents, the Government shall state such in writing to the Lessor, and the Lessor shall have <a href="See Solicitation Attachment #2">See Solicitation Attachment #2</a> working days to cure all noted defects before returning the construction documents to the Government for a subsequent review. Upon complete Government review for conformance of the construction documents to the design intent drawings, the Lessor shall obtain the necessary permits. Notwithstanding the Government's review of the construction documents, the Lessor is solely responsible and liable for the technical accuracy of the construction documents in meeting all requirements and provisions of the lease and the Government-approved design intent drawings. The Lessor shall obtain the necessary permits and may commence construction of the shell space.

## E. TENANT IMPROVEMENTS PRICE PROPOSAL

Within <u>See Solicitation Attachment #2</u> working days of Government review for conformance of the construction drawings, the Lessor must submit the written price proposal along with adequate cost and pricing data or the documentation of the competitive proposals (as described in the "Tenant Improvements Pricing Requirements" paragraph in this section) and for any costs or credits to the Government that are beyond the scope of the original SFO and its attachments. Any work shown on the construction documents that is building shell shall be clearly identified and priced as such. After negotiation and acceptance of the Tenant Improvements price, A NOTICE TO PROCEED SHALL BE TRANSMITTED TO THE LESSOR, and the Lessor shall commence construction of the Tenant Improvements.

## F. CONSTRUCTION OF TENANT IMPROVEMENTS:

The Lessor shall construct all Tenant Improvements in accordance with 1) the Government reviewed working/construction drawings and 2) all terms and conditions of the SFO. The Lessor shall complete Tenant Improvements within See Solicitation Attachment #2 working days of receiving the notice to proceed from the Government. The Lessor shall furnish a detailed construction schedule (such as Critical Path Method) to the Government within 5 days of issuance of the notice to proceed. Such schedule shall also indicate the dates available for the Government contractors to install telephone/data lines or equipment. The Government reserves the right to access any space within the building during the conduct of interior construction for the purposes of performing inspections or for installing Government-furnished equipment. The Government shall coordinate with the Lessor the activity of Government contractors in order to minimize conflicts with, and disruption to, other contractors on site. Access shall not be denied to authorized Government officials including, but not limited to, Government contractors, subcontractors, or consultants acting on behalf of the Government with regard to this project.

## G. ACCEPTANCE OF SPACE AND CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY:

<u>See Solicitation Attachment #2</u> days prior to the completion of interior construction, the Lessor shall issue written notice to the Government to inspect the space. The Government shall have <u>See Solicitation Attachment #2</u> working days to inspect and to either accept or reject the subject space.

Substantially completed space will be accepted by the Government subject to the completion of minor punch list items (see
the Definitions paragraph of GSA Form 3517, General Clauses). Space which is not substantially complete will not be
accepted by the Government. Should the Government reject the Lessor's space as not substantially complete as defined

INITIALS:		&	
	LESSOR		GOV'T

herein, the Lessor shall immediately undertake remedial action and when ready shall issue a subsequent notice to inspect to the Government.

2. The Lessor shall provide a valid Certificate of Occupancy, issued by the local jurisdiction, for the intended use of the Government and shall maintain and operate the building in conformance with current local codes and ordinances. If the local jurisdiction does not issue Certificates of Occupancy, the Lessor shall obtain the services of a licensed fire protection engineer to verify the offered space meets all applicable local codes and ordinances to ensure an acceptable level of safety is provided.

#### H. RENT COMMENCEMENT:

The rent commencement date shall be the date of space acceptance made by the Government. However, each day of Lessor delay will increase the amount of free rent after occupancy by the Government on a day for day basis as liquidated damages, per the "Default in Delivery" paragraph of the GSA Form 3517. If Government delay occurs, then the rent commencement date shall be the same number of days earlier than the acceptance date as the number of days of delay. Therefore, any rental paid by the Government prior to actual occupancy shall be less the cost for services and utilities of the vacant premises. In any event, the Government will not be required to accept space and commence rent prior to the original date as indicated in <a href="See Solicitation">See Solicitation</a> Attachment #2.

#### I. <u>LEASE COMMENCEMENT</u>:

The Government shall issue GSA Form 276, Supplemental Lease Agreement, to establish the lease commencement date after the acceptance of all space, if different from the date previously established in the lease. In any case, the lease commencement date shall not be prior to the rent commencement date.

## 5.13 PROGRESS REPORTS (AUG 2008)

After start of construction, at the Government's discretion, the Lessor shall submit to the GSA Contracting Officer, written progress reports at intervals of \_\_\_7\_\_ days. Each report shall include information as to 1) percentage of the work completed by phase and trade; 2) a statement as to expected completion and occupancy date; 3) changes introduced into the work; and 4) general remarks on such items as material shortages, strikes, weather, etc. In addition, at the Government's discretion, the Lessor shall conduct meetings every \_\_1\_ week to brief Government personnel and/or contractors regarding the progress of design and construction of the Government-demised area. The Lessor shall be responsible for taking and distributing minutes of these meetings, with review and approval by the GSA Contracting Officer. Such meetings shall be held at a location to be designated by the Government.

#### 5.14 CONSTRUCTION INSPECTIONS (AUG 2008)

- A. Construction inspections will be made periodically by the Contracting Officer and/or designated technical representatives to review compliance with the SFO requirements and the final working drawings.
- B. Periodic reviews, witnessing of tests, and inspections by the Government are not to be interpreted as resulting in any approval of the Lessor's apparent progress toward meeting the Government's objectives but are intended to discover any information which the Contracting Officer may be able to call to the Lessor's attention to prevent costly misdirection of effort. The Lessor shall respond in writing to the GSA Contracting Officer regarding the Government's comments resulting from the subject reviews, test, and inspections. The Lessor shall remain completely responsible for designing, constructing, operating, and maintaining the building in full accordance with the requirements of this solicitation.

## 5.15 FLOOR PLANS AFTER OCCUPANCY (DEC 2005)

- A. Paper Medium: Within \_\_14\_ days after occupancy, as-built reproducible full floor plans, scaled at 1/8" = 1'-0", showing the space under lease, as well as corridors, stairways, and core areas, shall be provided to the Contracting Officer.
- B. Electronic Medium: Computer-Aided Design (CAD) files of as-built floor plans showing the space under lease, as well as corridors, stairways, and core areas, shall be provided to the Contracting Officer. The plans shall have been generated by a CAD program which is compatible with the latest release of AutoCAD. The required file extension is .DWG. Clean and purged files shall be submitted on CD-ROM. They shall be labeled with building name, address, list of drawing(s), date of the drawing(s), and Lessor's architect and phone number. The Lessor's operator shall demonstrate the submission on GSA equipment, if requested by the Contracting Officer.

## 5.16 WAIVER OF RESTORATION (AUG 2008)

The Lessor hereby waives, releases and discharges, and forever relinquishes any right to make a claim against the Government for waste, damages, or restoration arising from or related to (a) the Government's normal and customary use of the leased premises during the term of the lease (including any extensions thereof), as well as (b) any initial or subsequent alteration to the leased premises, including cabling, or removal thereof, during the term of this lease (including any extensions thereof), where such alterations or removals are performed by the Lessor or by the Government with the Lessor's consent, which shall not be unreasonably withheld. The Government may, at its sole option, abandon property in the leased space following expiration of the Lease, in which case the property will become the property of the Lessor and the Government will be relieved of any liability in connection therewith.

INITIALS:				
	LESSOR		GOV'T	

## 6.0 GENERAL ARCHITECTURE

### 6.1 ACCESSIBILITY (FEB 2007)

The building, leased space, and areas serving the leased space shall be accessible to persons with disabilities in accordance with the Architectural Barriers Act Accessibility Standard (ABAAS), Appendices C and D to 36 CFR Part 1191 (ABA Chapters 1 and 2, and Chapters 3 through 10). To the extent the standard referenced in the preceding sentence conflicts with local accessibility requirements, the more stringent shall apply.

#### 6.2 EXITS AND ACCESS (DEC 2007)

- A. Vestibules shall be provided at public entrances and exits wherever weather conditions and heat loss are important factors for consideration. In the event of negative air pressure conditions, provisions shall be made for equalizing air pressure.
- B. The Lessor shall provide permanent entryway systems (such as grilles or grates) to control dirt and particulates from entering the building at all primary exterior entryways.

## 6.3 DOORS: EXTERIOR (SEP 2000)

## A. BUILDING SHELL:

- 1. Exterior doors shall be provided at the Lessor's expense unless explicitly requested by the Government in addition to those provided by the Lessor. Exterior doors shall be weather-tight and shall open outward. Hinges, pivots, and pins shall be installed in a manner which prevents removal when the door is closed and locked.
- 2. These doors shall have a minimum clear opening of 32" clear wide x 80" high (per leaf). Doors shall be heavy-duty, flush, 1) hollow steel construction, 2) solid-core wood, or 3) insulated tempered glass. As a minimum requirement, hollow steel doors shall be fully insulated, flush, #16-gauge hollow steel. Solid-core wood doors and hollow steel doors shall be at least 1-3/4 inches thick. Door assemblies shall be of durable finish and shall have an aesthetically-pleasing appearance acceptable to the Contracting Officer. The opening dimensions and operations shall conform to the governing building, fire safety, accessibility for the disabled, and energy codes and/or requirements.

#### 6.4 WINDOWS (SEP 2009)

- A. Office space shall have windows in each exterior bay unless waived by the Contracting Officer.
- B. All windows shall be weather-tight. Operable windows that open shall be equipped with locks. Off-street, ground level windows and those accessible from fire escapes, adjacent roofs, and other structures that can be opened must be fitted with a sturdy locking device. Windows accessible from fire escapes must be readily operable from the inside of the building.

## 6.5 WINDOW COVERINGS (SEP 2009)

A. Window Blinds. All exterior windows shall be equipped with window blinds in new or like new condition, which shall be provided as part of the Tenant Improvement Allowance. The blinds may be aluminum or plastic vertical blinds, horizontal blinds with aluminum slats of 1-inch width or less, solar fabric roller shades, or an equivalent product pre-approved by the Contracting Officer. The window blinds shall have non-corroding mechanisms and synthetic tapes. Color selection will be made by the Contracting Officer.

## B. DRAPERIES:

If draperies are required, they shall be part of the Tenant Improvement Allowance and the following minimum specifications shall apply:

- Fabrics shall be lined with either white or off-white plain lining fabric suited to the drapery fabric weight. Draperies shall be floor-, apron-, or sill-length, as specified by the Government, and shall be wide enough to cover window and trim. Draperies shall be hung with drapery hooks on well-anchored heavy duty traverse rods. Traverse rods shall draw from the center, right, or left side.
- 2. Construction. Any draperies to be newly installed shall be made as follows:
  - a. fullness of 100 percent, including overlap, side hems, and necessary returns;
  - b. double headings of 4 inches turned over a 4-inch permanently finished stiffener;
  - c. doubled side hems of 1-1/2 inches; 4-inch doubled and blind stitched bottom hems;
  - d. three-fold pinch pleats;
  - e. safety stitched intermediate seams;
  - f. matched patterns;
  - g. tacked corners; and

INITIALS:		&	
	LESSOR		GOV'T

- no raw edges or exposed seams.
- 3. Use of existing draperies must be approved by the Contracting Officer.

#### 6.6 FLOORS AND FLOOR LOAD (SEP 2000)

- A. All adjoining floor areas shall be:
  - 1. of a common level not varying more than 1/4 inch over a 10-foot horizontal run in accordance with the American Concrete Institute standards,
  - 2. non-slip, and,
  - 3. acceptable to the Contracting Officer.
- B. Underfloor surfaces shall be smooth and level. Office areas shall have a minimum live load capacity of 50 pounds per ABOA square foot plus 20 pounds per ABOA square foot for moveable partitions. Storage areas shall have a minimum live load capacity of 100 pounds per ABOA square foot including moveable partitions. A report showing the floor load capacity, at no cost to the Government, by a registered professional engineer may be required. Calculations and structural drawings may also be required.

## 6.7 CEILINGS (SEP 2009) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

- A. Ceilings shall be at least <u>8</u> feet, <u>0</u> inches and no more than 12 feet, 0 inches measured from floor to the lowest obstruction. Areas with raised flooring shall maintain these ceiling height limitations above the finished raised flooring. Bulkheads and hanging or surface-mounted light fixtures which impede traffic ways shall be avoided. Ceilings shall be uniform in color and appearance throughout the leased space, with no obvious damage to tiles or grid. See "Unique AAAP Requirements" SFO Paragraph, 1.2, Section 1.0, SUMMARY.
- B. Prior to closing the ceiling, the Lessor shall coordinate with the Government for the installation of any items above the ceiling.
- C. Should the ceiling be installed in the Government-demised area prior to construction of the Tenant Improvements, then the Lessor shall be responsible for all costs in regard to the disassembly, storage during construction, and subsequent re-assembly of any of the ceiling components which may be required to complete the Tenant Improvements. The Lessor shall also bear the risk for any damage to the ceiling or any components thereof during the construction of the Tenant Improvements.
- D. Ceilings shall be a flat plane in each room and shall be suspended with ample light fixtures and finished as follows unless an alternate equivalent is pre-approved by the Contracting Officer:
  - 1. Restrooms. Plastered or spackled and taped gypsum board.
  - Offices and Conference Rooms. Mineral and acoustical tile or lay in panels with textured or patterned surface and tegular edges or an equivalent pre-approved by the Contracting Officer. Tiles or panels shall contain recycled content.
  - 3. Corridors and Eating/Galley Areas. Plastered or spackled and taped gypsum board or mineral acoustical tile.

## 6.8. ACOUSTICAL REQUIREMENTS (SEP 2009)

## A.BUILDING SHELL:

- Reverberation Control. Private office and conference rooms using suspended acoustical ceilings shall have a noise reduction coefficient (NRC) of not less than 0.65 in accordance with ASTM C-423. Open office using suspended acoustical ceilings shall have an NRC of not less than 0.75. Private offices, conference rooms, and open offices using acoustical cloud or acoustical wall panels with a minimum of 70% coverage shall have an NRC of not less than 0.85.
- 2. Ambient Noise Control. Ambient noise from mechanical equipment shall not exceed noise criteria curve (NC) 35 in accordance with the ASHRAE Handbook of Fundamentals in offices and conference rooms; NC 40 in corridors, cafeterias, lobbies, and toilets; NC 50 in other spaces.
- 3. Noise Isolation. Rooms separated from adjacent spaces by ceiling-high partitions (not including doors) shall not be less than the following noise isolation class (NIC) standards when tested in accordance with ASTM E-336:
  - a. Conference rooms: NIC 40
  - b. Offices: NIC 35
- 4. Testing.
  - a. The Contracting Officer may require, at no cost to the Government, test reports by a qualified acoustical consultant showing that acoustical requirements have been met.
  - b. The requirements of this paragraph shall take precedence over any additional specifications in this SFO if there is a conflict.

B. TENANT IMPROVEMENT: None.

INITIALS:			&	
	LESSOR		GOV'T	

#### 6.9 PARTITIONS: GENERAL (DEC 2007)

#### **BUILDING SHELL:**

Partitions in public areas shall be marble, granite, hardwood, or sheetrock covered with durable wall covering or high performance coating, or equivalent pre-approved by the Contracting Officer.

#### 6.10 PARTITIONS: PERMANENT (SEP 2000)

## BUILDING SHELL:

Permanent partitions shall extend from the structural floor slab to the structural ceiling slab. They shall be provided by the Lessor as part of shell rent as necessary to surround the Government-demised area, stairs, corridors, elevator shafts, toilet rooms, all columns, and janitor closets. They shall have a flame spread rating of 25 or less and a smoke development rating of 50 or less (ASTM E-84). Stairs, elevators, and other floor openings shall be enclosed by partitions and shall have the fire resistance required by the applicable building code, fire code and ordinances adopted by the jurisdiction in which the building is located ( such as the International Building Code, etc.) current as of the award date of this lease.

#### 6.11 BUILDING DIRECTORY (DEC 2005)

## **BUILDING SHELL:**

A tamper-proof directory with lock shall be provided in the building lobby listing the Government agency(ies). It must be acceptable to the Contracting Officer.

## 6.12 LANDSCAPING (SEP 2000)

- A. Where conditions permit, the site shall be landscaped for low maintenance and water conservation with plants that are either native or well-adapted to local growing conditions.
- B. Landscape management practices shall prevent pollution by:
  - 1. employing practices which avoid or minimize the need for fertilizers and pesticides;
  - 2. prohibiting the use of the 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid (2,4-D) herbicide and organophosphates; and
  - 3. composting/recycling all yard waste.
- C. The Lessor shall use landscaping products with recycled content as required by Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA's) Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines (CPG) for landscaping products. Refer to EPA's CPG web site, WWW.EPA.GOV/CPG.
- D. The Contracting Officer shall approve the landscaping to be provided.

## 6.13 FLAGPOLE AND DISPLAY (AUG 2008)

## A. BUILDING SHELL:

- 1. If the Government is the sole occupant of the building, a flag pole shall be provided at a location to be approved by the Contracting Officer. The flag will be provided by the Lessor, as part of shell rent, and replaced at all times during the lease term when showing signs of wear.
- 2. The Lessor shall be responsible for flag display on all workdays and federal holidays. The Lessor may light the flag in lieu of raising and lowering the flag daily. The Government will provide instructions when flags shall be flown at half-staff.

## 7.0 ARCHITECTURAL FINISHES

### 7.1 RECYCLED CONTENT PRODUCTS (COMPREHENSIVE PROCUREMENT GUIDELINES) (SEP 2000)

- A. The Lessor shall comply to the extent feasible with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), Section 6002, 1976. The Lessor shall use recycled content products as indicated in this SFO and as designated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines (CPG), 40 CFR Part 247, and its accompanying Recovered Materials Advisory Notice (RMAN). The CPG lists the designated recycled content products. EPA also provides recommended levels of recycled content for these products. The list of designated products, EPA's recommendations, and lists of manufacturers and suppliers of the products can be found at the WWW.EPA.GOV/CPG/PRODUCTS.HTM web site.
- B. The Offeror, if unable to comply with both the CPG and RMAN lists, shall submit a request for waiver for each material to the Contracting Officer with the Tenant Improvements pricing submittal. The request for waiver shall be based on the following criteria:
  - 1. the cost of the recommended product is unreasonable;
  - 2. inadequate competition exists;
  - 3. items are not available within a reasonable period of time; and
  - 4. items do not meet the SFO's performance standards.

#### 7.2 ENVIRONMENTALLY PREFERABLE BUILDING PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS (DEC 2007)

- A. The Lessor shall use environmentally preferable products and materials. The Lessor is encouraged to consider the lifecycle analysis of the product in addition to the initial cost.
- B. Refer to EPA's environmentally preferable purchasing web site, www.epa.gov/epp and USDA BioPreferred products web site www.biobased.oce.usda.gov/fb4p/. In general, environmentally preferable products and materials do one or more of the following:
  - Contain recycled material, are biobased, are rapidly renewable (10-year or shorter growth cycle), or have other positive environmental attributes:
  - 2. Minimize the consumption of resources, energy, and water;
  - 3. Prevent the creation of solid waste, air pollution, or water pollution; or
  - 4. Promote the use of nontoxic substances and avoid toxic materials or processes.
- C. The Lessor is encouraged to use products that are extracted and manufactured regionally.

## 7.3 FINISH SELECTIONS (AUG 2008)

- B. All building finishes must be for first class, modern space.
- C. The Lessor must consult with the Contracting Officer prior to developing a minimum of \_\_3\_\_ finish options to include coordinated samples of finishes for all interior elements such as paint, wall coverings, base coving, carpet, window treatments, laminates, and flooring. All samples provided must be in compliance with specifications set forth elsewhere in this SFO. The Lessor must provide the required finish options within \_\_7\_ working days of the request for such by the Contracting Officer. The finish options must be approved by GSA prior to installation. Upon review with the Tenant, the Contracting Officer must select one finish option within \_\_7\_ working days, and unless otherwise specified prior to lease award, the Offeror may assume that one finish option will be accepted for all finishes in the entire space under lease. The Lessor may not make any substitutions after the finish option is selected.

#### 7.4 WOOD PRODUCTS (AUG 2008)

- A. For all new installations of wood products, the Lessor is encouraged to use independently certified forest products. For information on certification and certified wood products, refer to the Forest Certification Resource Center (www.certifiedwood.org), the Forest Stewardship Council United States (www.fscus.org), or the Sustainable Forestry Initiative (www.aboutsfi.org).
- B. New installations of wood products used under this contract shall not contain wood from endangered wood species, as listed by the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species. The list of species can be found at the following web site: www.cites.org/eng/resources/species.html
- C. Particle board, strawboard, and plywood materials shall comply with Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) standards for formaldehyde emission controls. Plywood materials shall not emit formaldehyde in excess of 0.2 parts per million (ppm), and particleboard materials shall not emit formaldehyde in excess of 0.3 ppm.

D. All materials comprised of combustible substances, such as wood plywood and wood boards, shall be treated with fire retardant chemicals by a pressure impregnation process or other methods that treats the materials throughout as opposed to surface treatment.

#### 7.5 ADHESIVES AND SEALANTS (AUG 2008)

All adhesives employed on this project (including, but not limited to, adhesives for carpet, carpet tile, plastic laminate, wall coverings, adhesives for wood, or sealants) shall be those with the lowest possible VOC content below 20 grams per liter and which meet the requirements of the manufacturer of the products adhered or involved. The Lessor shall use adhesives and sealants with no formaldehyde or heavy metals. Adhesives and other materials used for the installation of carpets shall be limited to those having a flash point of 140 degrees F or higher.

#### 7.6 DOORS: SUITE ENTRY (AUG 2008)

#### TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION:

Suite entry doors shall be provided as part of the Tenant Improvements at the Government's expense and shall have a minimum clear opening of 32" wide x 84" high (per leaf). Doors shall meet the requirements of being a flush, solid-core, 1-3/4-inch thick, wood door with a natural wood veneer face or an equivalent pre-approved by the Contracting Officer. Hollow core wood doors are not acceptable. They shall be operable by a single effort; and shall meet the requirement of NFPA 101, *Life Safety Code* (current as of the award date of this Lease). Doors shall be installed in a metal frame assembly which is primed and finished with a low VOC semi-gloss oil-based paint finish with no formaldehyde.

## 7.7 DOORS: INTERIOR (AUG 2008)

## TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION:

Doors within the Government-demised area shall be provided as part of the Tenant Improvements and shall have a minimum clear opening of 32" wide x 80" high. Doors shall be flush, solid-core, wood with a natural wood veneer face or an equivalent door pre-approved by the Contracting Officer. Hollow core wood doors are not acceptable. They shall be operable with a single effort, and shall meet the requirements of NFPA 101, *Life Safety Code* (current as of the award date of this lease). Doors shall be installed in a metal frame assembly which is primed and finished with a low VOC semi-gloss oil-based paint with no formaldehyde.

## 7.8 DOORS: HARDWARE (DEC 2007)

#### A. BUILDING SHELL:

Doors shall have door handles or door pulls with heavyweight hinges. All doors shall have corresponding doorstops (wall or floor mounted) and silencers. All public use doors and toilet room doors shall be equipped with kick plates. Exterior doors and all common area doors shall have automatic door closers. All building exterior doors shall have locking devices installed to reasonably deter unauthorized entry. Properly rated and labeled fire door assemblies shall be installed on all fire egress doors.

## B. TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION:

Doors shall have door handles or door pulls with heavyweight hinges. The Lessor is encouraged to avoid the use of chrome-plated hardware. All doors shall have corresponding doorstops (wall- or floor-mounted) and silencers. All door entrances leading into the Government-demised area from public corridors and exterior doors shall have automatic door closers. Doors designated by the Government shall be equipped with 5-pin, tumbler cylinder locks and strike plates. All locks shall be master keyed. Furnish at least two master keys for each lock to the Government. Any exterior entrance shall have a high security lock, with appropriate key control procedures, as determined by Government specifications. Hinge pins and hasps shall be secured against unauthorized removal by using spot welds or peened mounting bolts. The exterior side of the door shall have a lock guard or astragal to prevent jimmying of the latch hardware. Doors used for egress only shall not have any operable exterior hardware. All security-locking arrangements on doors used for egress shall comply with requirements of NFPA 101.

## 7.9 DOORS: IDENTIFICATION (SEP 2000)

## A. BUILDING SHELL:

All signage required in common areas unrelated to tenant identification shall be provided and installed by the Lessor.

## B. TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION:

Door identification shall be installed in approved locations adjacent to office entrances as part of the Tenant Improvement Allowance. The form of door identification shall be approved by the Contracting Officer.

#### 7.10 PARTITIONS: SUBDIVIDING (SEP 2009)

## A. BUILDING SHELL:

Any demolition of existing improvements which is necessary to satisfy the Government's layout shall be done by the Lessor at the Lessor's expense.

#### B. TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION:

1. Office subdividing partitions shall comply with applicable building codes and local requirements and ordinances shall be provided as part of the Tenant Improvement Allowance. Partitioning shall extend from the finished floor to the finished ceiling and shall be designed to provide a minimum sound transmission class (STC) of 37. Partitioning shall be installed by the Lessor at locations to be determined by the Government as identified in the design intent drawings. They shall have a flame spread rating of 25 or less and a smoke development rating of 50 or less (ASTM E-84).

- 2. HVAC shall be rebalanced and lighting repositioned, as appropriate, after installation of partitions.
- 3. If installed in accordance with the "Automatic Fire Sprinkler System" and "Fire Alarm System" paragraphs in the FIRE PROTECTION, LIFE SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES section, sprinklers and fire alarm notification appliances shall be repositioned as appropriate after installation of partitions to maintain the level of fire protection and life safety.
- 4. Partitioning requirements may be satisfied with existing partitions if they meet the Government's standards and layout requirements.

#### 7.11 WALL FINISHES (AUG 2008)

#### A. BUILDING SHELL:

- 1. Physical Requirements.
  - a. Prior to occupancy, all restrooms within the building common areas of Government-occupied floors shall have 1) ceramic tile in splash areas and 2) semi gloss paint on remaining wall areas or other finish approved by the Contracting Officer.
  - b. Prior to occupancy, all elevator areas that access the Government-demised area and hallways accessing the Government-demised area shall be covered with wall coverings not less than 20 ounces per square yard, high performance paint or an equivalent.
- 2. Replacement. The Lessor must maintain all wall coverings, high-performance paint coatings, and paints in "like new" condition for the life of the lease. The Lessor, at its expense, must replace or repair paints, high-performance coatings, or wall coverings any time during the Government's occupancy if they are torn, peeling, permanently stained, marked, or damaged from impact. Repair or replace the ceramic tile in the restrooms if it is loose, chipped, broken, or permanently discolored. All repair and replacement work must occur after working hours.

## B. TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION:

- 1. In the event the Government chooses to install a wall covering as part of the Tenant Improvement Allowance, the minimum standard is vinyl-free, chlorine-free, plasticizer-free wall covering with recycled content or biobased commercial wall covering weighing not less than 13 ounces per square yard or equivalent. In the event the Government chooses to install a high-performance paint coating, it shall comply with the VOC (Volatile Organic Compound) limits of the Green Seal Standard GS-11.
- 2. All wall covering in the Government-demised area shall be maintained in "like new" condition for the life of the lease. Repair or replacement of wall covering shall be at the Lessor's expense and shall include the moving and returning of furnishings, (except where wall covering has been damaged due to the negligence of the Government), any time during the occupancy by the Government if it is torn, peeling, or permanently stained. All repair and replacement work shall be done after working hours.

## 7.12 PAINTING (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

#### A. <u>BUILDING SHELL</u>:

- The Lessor shall bear the expense for all painting associated with the building shell. These areas shall include all common areas. Exterior perimeter walls and interior core walls within the Government demised area shall be spackled and prime painted with low VOC primer. If any building shell areas are already painted prior to Tenant Improvements, then the Lessor shall repaint, at the Lessor's expense, as necessary during Tenant Improvements.
- 2. Public areas shall be painted at least every 3 years.
- 4. Succeeding lease offers shall include the cost to re-paint the space after normal working hours, including the cost to move furniture and personal property as necessary, at the lessor's expense within 60 days of the start of the succeeding lease term.

## B. TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION:

- Prior to occupancy, all surfaces within the Government-demised area which are designated by GSA for painting shall be newly finished in colors acceptable to GSA.
- 2. The Lessor shall provide interior paints and coatings that meet or are equivalent to the following standards for Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) offgassing:
  - Topcoat paints: Green Seal Standard GS-11, Paints, First Edition, May 20, 1993.
  - b. All other architectural coatings, primers, and undercoats: South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 1113, Architectural Coatings, effective January 1, 2004.

INITIALS:			
	LESSOR	_	GOV'T

- Architectural paints, coatings, and primers applied to interior walls and ceilings:
  - i. Flats: 50 grams per litre (g/L).
  - ii. Non-flats: 150 g/L.
- d. Anticorrosive and antirust paints applied to interior ferrous metal substrates: 250 g/L.
- e. Clear wood finishes:

i. Varnish: 350 g/L. ii. Lacquer: 550 g/L.

- f. Floor coatings: 100 g/L
- g. Sealers:

i. Waterproofing sealers: 250 g/L.ii. Sanding sealers: 275 g/L.iii. All other sealers: 200 g/L.

h. Shellacs:

i. Clear: 730 g/L.ii. Pigmented: 550 g/L.

- i. Stains: 250 g/L.
- j. Use reprocessed latex paint in accordance with EPA's CPG (Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines) on all painted surfaces where feasible. The type of paint shall be acceptable to the Contracting Officer.
- 3. Painted surfaces shall be repainted at the Lessor's expense, including the moving and returning of furnishings, any time during the occupancy by the Government if it is peeling or permanently stained, except where damaged due to the negligence of the Government. All work shall be done after normal working hours as defined elsewhere in this SFO.

#### 7.13 FLOOR COVERING AND PERIMETERS (AUG 2008)

## A. BUILDING SHELL:

- Exposed interior floors in primary entrances and lobbies shall be marble, granite or terrazzo. Exposed interior floors in secondary entrances, elevator lobbies, and primary interior corridors shall be high-grade carpet, marble, granite, or terrazzo. Resilient flooring shall be used in telecommunications rooms. Floor perimeters at partitions shall have wood, rubber, vinyl, marble or carpet base.
- 2. Terrazzo, unglazed ceramic tile, recycled glass tile, and/or quarry tile shall be used in all toilet and service areas.
- 3. Any alternate flooring must be pre-approved by the Contracting Officer.
- 4. In addition to the building shell flooring discussed above, the Government-demised areas which are designated by GSA for cyclic carpet replacement shall be recarpeted every \_\_5\_ years with a product meeting this solicitation's requirements. This cost, including the moving and returning of furnishings, including disassembly and reassembly of systems furniture, will be borne by the Lessor as part of the shell rent.

# B. TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION:

- 1. Floor covering shall be either carpet or resilient flooring, as specified in the Government's approved design intent drawings. Floor perimeters at partitions shall have wood, rubber, vinyl or carpet base.
- 2. The use of existing carpet may be approved by the Contracting Officer; however, existing carpet shall be repaired, stretched, and cleaned before occupancy and shall meet the static buildup requirement for new carpet.
- 3. If the Government requires restrooms and/or shower rooms in the Government-demised area, floor covering shall be terrazzo, unglazed ceramic tile, and/or quarry tile.
- 4. Any alternate flooring shall be pre-approved by the Contracting Officer.

## C. INSTALLATION:

Floor covering shall be installed in accordance with manufacturing instructions to lay smoothly and evenly.

## D. FLOORING - REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT:

- 1. Except when damaged by the Government, the Lessor shall repair or replace flooring as part of shell rent at any time during the lease term when:
  - backing or underlayment is exposed;
  - b. there are noticeable variations in surface color or texture;

INITIALS:		&	
	LESSOR		GOV'T

- c. it has curls, upturned edges, or other noticeable variations in texture.
- d. tiles are loose, or
- e. tears and/or tripping hazards are present.
- 2. Repair or replacement shall include the moving and returning of furnishings, including disassembly and reassembly of systems furniture, if necessary. Work shall be performed after normal working hours as defined elsewhere in this SFO.

## 7.14 CARPET: BROADLOOM (AUG 2008)

- A. Any carpet to be newly installed pursuant to this paragraph or replaced during the life of the lease shall meet the following specifications:
  - 1. *Pile Yarn Content.* Pile yarn content shall be staple filament or continuous filament premium grade nylon branded by a major fiber producer [e.g., Invista, Solutia, Shaw, Honeywell].
  - Environmental Requirements. The Lessor shall use carpet that meets the "Green Label Plus" requirements of the Carpet
    and Rug Institute unless an exception is granted by the Contracting Officer. Refer to EPA's environmentally preferable
    purchasing web site, <u>WWW.EPA.GOV/EPP</u>.
  - 3. Carpet Pile Construction. Carpet pile shall be level loop, textured loop, level cut pile, or level cut/uncut pile.
  - 4. *Pile Weight.* Pile weight shall be a minimum of 28 oz/ square yard for level loop or textured loop construction. Pile weight shall be a minimum weight of 30 oz/square yard for level cut/uncut construction.
  - 5. Secondary Back. The secondary back shall be made from 100% synthetic fibers for glue-down installation.
  - 6. Density. The density shall be a minimum of 5,000 oz/ cubic yard.
  - 7. Pile Height. The maximum pile height shall be 1/2 inch (13 mm). Exposed edges of carpet shall be fastened to floor surfaces and shall have trim along the entire length of the exposed edge.
  - 8. Static Buildup. Static buildup shall be a maximum of 3.5 KV when tested in accordance with AATCC-134.
  - Flammability: Carpet shall meet the flammability requirements of ASTE E-648 Test Method for Critical Radiant Flux of Floor Covering Systems Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source.
  - 10. Carpet Reclamation. Where possible and required by law, dispose of any carpet replaced during the life of the lease from the site to a carpet recycling program or participate in a carpet buyback program. When carpet is replaced, submit documentation of carpet reclamation to the GSA Contracting Officer.

## 7.15 CARPET TILE (AUG 2008)

- A. Any carpet to be newly installed pursuant to this paragraph shall meet the following specifications:
  - Pile Yarn Content. Pile Yarn Content. Pile yarn content shall be staple filament or continuous filament premium branded nylon branded by a major fiber producer [e.g., Invista (formerly DuPont), Solutia (formerly Monsanto), Shaw, and Honeywell (formerly BASF).
  - 2. Environmental Requirements. The Lessor shall use carpet tiles that meet the "Green Label Plus" requirements of the Carpet and Rug Institute unless an exception is granted by the Contracting Officer. Refer to the EPA's environmentally preferable purchasing web site, <a href="https://www.epa.gov/epp">www.epa.gov/epp</a>.
  - 3. Carpet Pile Construction. Carpet pile shall be level loop, textured loop, level cut pile, or level cut/uncut pile.
  - 4. *Pile Weight*. Pile weight shall be a minimum of 20 oz/square yard for level loop or textured loop construction. Pile weight shall be a minimum weight of 30 oz/yd2 for level cut/uncut construction.
  - 5. Secondary Back. The secondary backing shall be PVC free made from Polyurethane hardback, Thermoplastic Polyolefin Composite, Ethylene Vinyl Acetate-EVA, Polyurethane Cushion, or Olefin hardback reinforced with fiberglass.
  - 6. Total Weight. Total weight shall be a minimum of 90 oz/ square yard.
  - 7. Density. The density shall be a minimum of 5,000 oz/cubic yard.
  - 8. *Pile Height.* The minimum pile height shall be 1/8 inch. The combined thickness of the total product shall not exceed 1/2 inch (13 mm).
  - 9. Static Buildup. Static buildup shall be a maximum of 3.5 kilovolt, when tested in accordance with AATCC 134.
  - Flammability: Carpet shall meet the flammability requirements of ASTE E-648 Test Method for Critical Radiant Flux of Floor Covering Systems Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source.

INITIALS:				
	LESSOR		GOV'T	

11.	Carpet Construction. Carpet construction shall be a minimum of 64 tufts per square inch.	
12.	Carpet Reclamation. Dispose of any carpet replaced during the life of the lease from the site to a carpet ror participate in a carpet buyback program. When carpet is replaced, submit documentation of carpet recla	, , ,

#### 8.0 MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING

## 8.1 MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING: GENERAL (AUG 2008)

#### A. BUILDING SHELL:

The Lessor shall provide and operate all building equipment and systems in accordance with applicable technical publications, manuals, and standard procedures. Mains, lines, and meters for utilities shall be provided by the Lessor. Exposed ducts, piping, and conduits are not permitted in office space.

## B. SYSTEMS COMMISSIONING:

The Lessor shall incorporate commissioning requirements to verify that the installation and performance of energy consuming systems meet the Government's project requirements. The commissioning shall cover only work associated with tenant improvements or alterations or at a minimum: heating, ventilating, air conditioning and refrigeration (HVAC&R) systems and associated controls, lighting controls, and domestic hot water systems.

#### C. TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION:

The Lessor shall provide and operate all equipment and systems installed as Tenant Improvements in accordance with applicable codes, technical publications, manuals, and standard procedures.

#### 8.2 BUILDING SYSTEMS (AUG 2008)

Whenever requested, the Lessor shall furnish to GSA as part of shell rent, a report by a registered professional engineer(s) showing that the building and its systems as designed and constructed will satisfy the requirements of this lease.

## 8.3 ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND CONSERVATION (SEP 2010) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (DEC 2010))

- A. Existing buildings must have earned the Energy Star label in the most recent year or will have obtained it prior to lease award, unless the offered space meets one of the statutory exceptions listed below. All new construction shall achieve an Energy Star label within 18 months after occupancy by the Government. The Offeror is encouraged to include shared savings in the offer as a result of energy upgrades where applicable. ENERGY STAR tools and resources can be found at the <a href="https://www.energystar.gov">www.energystar.gov</a> Web site. The term "most recent year" means that the date of award of the Energy Star label by EPA must not be more than 1 year prior to the lease award date. For example, an Energy Star label awarded by EPA on October 1, 2010 is valid for all lease awards made on or before September 30, 2011.
- B. To earn the Energy Star label, a building owner or representative must follow the instructions on the Energy Star Web site at http://www.energystar.gov/eslabel.
- C. EXCEPTIONS. The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (EISA) allows a Federal agency to lease space in a building that does not have an Energy Star label if:
  - 1. No space is offered in a building with an Energy Star label in the delineated area that meets the functional requirements of an agency, including location needs;
  - 2. The agency will remain in a building they currently occupy.
  - 3. The lease will be in a building of historical, architectural, or cultural significance listed or eligible to be listed on the National Register of Historic Places; or
  - 4. The lease is for 10,000 rentable square feet or less.

## D. REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL BUILDINGS EXCEPTED FROM AN ENERGY STAR LABEL.

- 1. If an Energy Star label building is not offered or an exception is met in accordance with subparagraph "C" above, the successful Offeror must, nevertheless, agree to renovate the space for all energy efficiency and conservation improvements that would be cost effective over the firm term of the lease.
- 2. Such improvements may consist of, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a. Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning (HVAC).
  - b. Lighting Improvements.
  - c. Building Envelope Modifications.

Additional information can be found on www.gsa.gov/leasing under "Green Leasing."

- 3. The term "cost effective" means an improvement that will result in substantial operational cost savings to the landlord by reducing electricity or fossil fuel consumption, water, or other utility costs. The term "operational cost savings" means a reduction in operational costs to the landlord through the application of building improvements that achieve cost savings over the firm term of the lease sufficient to pay the incremental additional costs of making the building improvements.
- 4. If the offered space meets one of the statutory exceptions identified above, but the successful Offeror obtains the Energy Star label prior to occupancy (or no later than one (1) year after signing the lease for succeeding and superseding leases), the Lessor is not required to renovate such space for the energy efficiency and conservation improvements that may have been agreed to in the lease.

INITIALS:		&	
	LESSOR		GOV'T

- E. IMPROVEMENTS SCHEDULE. All improvements must be accomplished according to the following schedule:
  - 1. With the exception of succeeding or superseding leases, the improvements must be completed prior to occupancy.
  - 2. For succeeding and superseding leases, the improvements must be completed no later than one (1) year after signing the lease.
- F. ENERGY STAR ONLINE TOOLS. To earn the ENERGY STAR label, a building owner or representative must follow the instructions on the Energy Star Web site at <a href="http://www.energystar.gov/eslabel">http://www.energystar.gov/eslabel</a>. The ENERGY STAR® Building Upgrade Manual and Building Upgrade Value Calculator are tools which can be helpful in considering energy efficiency and conservation improvements to buildings.
  - ENERGY STAR® BUILDING UPGRADE MANUAL. This manual provides information on planning and implementing
    profitable energy saving building upgrades. The ENERGY STAR® Building Upgrade Manual is available at:
    hUp:!!www.energystar.gov/bldgmanual.
  - 2. BUILDING UPGRADE VALUE CALCULATOR. The Building Upgrade Value Calculator, developed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), is a product of the partnership between Energy Star, BOMA International, and the BOMA Foundation. This calculator was developed as part of BOMA's Energy Efficiency Program (BEEP), a series of courses designed to help commercial real estate practitioners improve their buildings' energy efficiency performance. The calculator tool was developed to help property professionals assess the financial value of investments in a property's energy performance. The Building Upgrade Value Calculator estimates the financial impact of proposed investments in energy efficiency in office properties. The calculations are based on data input by the user, representing scenarios and conditions present at their properties. The Building Upgrade Value Calculator is available on the Energy Star Web site at <a href="http://www.energystar.gov/financialevaluation">http://www.energystar.gov/financialevaluation</a>.
- G. The Offeror may obtain a list of energy service companies qualified under the Energy Policy Act to perform ESPC, as well as additional information on cost effective energy efficiency, renewables, and water conservation. For the ESPC qualified list, refer to the <a href="https://www.eere.energy.gov/femp">www.eere.energy.gov/femp</a> Web site, or call the Federal Energy Management program (FEMP) Help Desk at 1-877-337-3463.
- H. The Offeror is encouraged to include shared savings in the offer as a result of energy upgrades where applicable.
- I. The Offeror is encouraged to purchase at least 50% of the Government tenant's electricity from renewable sources.

## 8.4 INSULATION: THERMAL, ACOUSTIC, AND HVAC (AUG 2008)

- A. All insulation products shall contain recovered materials as required by EPA's CPG and related recycled content recommendations.
- B. No insulation installed with this project shall be material manufactured using chlorofluorocarbons (CFC's), nor shall CFC's be used in the installation of the product.
- C. All insulation containing fibrous materials exposed to air flow shall be rated for that exposure or shall be encapsulated.
- D. Insulating properties for all materials shall meet or exceed applicable industry standards. Polystyrene products shall meet American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) C578 91.
- E. All insulation shall be low emitting with not greater than .05 ppm formaldehyde emissions.
- F. The maximum flame spread and smoke developed index for insulation shall meet the requirements of the applicable local codes and ordinances (current as of the award date of this Lease) adopted by the jurisdiction in which the building is located.

## 8.5 DRINKING FOUNTAINS (AUG 2008)

## A. BUILDING SHELL:

The Lessor shall provide, on each floor of Government occupied space, a minimum of one chilled accessible drinking fountain with potable water within every 200 feet of travel.

# 8.6 TOILET ROOMS (AUG 2008)

## A. BUILDING SHELL:

- 1. Separate toilet facilities for men and women shall be provided on each floor occupied by the Government in the building. The facilities shall be located so that employees will not be required to travel more than 200 feet, on one floor to reach the toilets. Each toilet room shall have sufficient water closets enclosed with modern stall partitions and doors, urinals (in men's room), and hot (set in accordance with applicable building codes) and cold water. Water closets and urinals shall not be visible when the exterior door is open.
- 2. Each main toilet room shall contain the following:
  - a mirror and shelf above the lavatory;

INITIALS:				
	LESSOR		GOV'T	

- b. a toilet paper dispenser in each water closet stall, that will hold at least two rolls and allow easy, unrestricted dispensing;
- c. a coat hook on the inside face of the door to each water closet stall and on several wall locations by the lavatories;
- d. at least one modern paper towel dispenser, soap dispenser, and waste receptacle for every two lavatories;
- e. a coin-operated sanitary napkin dispenser in women's toilet rooms with a waste receptacle in each water closet stall;
- f. ceramic tile, recycled glass tile, or comparable wainscot from the floor to a minimum height of 4 feet, 6 inches;
- g. a disposable toilet seat cover dispenser; and
- h. a counter area of at least 2 feet, 0 inches in length, exclusive of the lavatories (however, it may be attached to the lavatories) with a mirror above and a ground fault interrupt-type convenience outlet located adjacent to the counter area. The counter should be installed to minimize pooling or spilling of water at the front edge.
- i. a floor drain.
- B. If newly installed, toilet partitions shall be made from recovered materials as listed in EPA's CPG.

## 8.7 TOILET ROOMS: FIXTURE SCHEDULE (SEP 2000)

#### A. BUILDING SHELL:

- The toilet fixture schedule specified below shall be applied to each full floor based on one person for each 135 ANSI/BOMA Office Area square feet of office space in a ratio of <u>50</u> percent men and <u>50</u> percent women.
- 2. Refer to the schedule separately for each sex.

	MBER I*/WO		WATER CLOSETS	LAVATORIES
1	-	15	1	1
16	-	35	2	2
36	-	55	3	3
56	-	60	4	3
61	-	80	4	4
81	-	90	5	4
91	-	110	5	5
111	-	125	6	5
126	-	150	6	**
	> 150		***	

<sup>\*</sup> In men's facilities, urinals may be substituted for 1/3 of the water closets specified.

### 3. For new installations:

- a. Water closets shall not use more than 1.6 gallons per flush.
- b. Urinals shall not use more than 1.0 gallons per flush. Waterless urinals are acceptable.
- c. Faucets shall not use more than 2.5 gallons per minute at a flowing water pressure of 80 pounds per square inch.

# 8.8 JANITOR CLOSETS (DEC 2007)

## A. BUILDING SHELL:

- Janitor closets with service sink, hot and cold water, and ample storage for cleaning equipment, materials, and supplies shall be provided on all floors. Each janitor closet door shall be fitted with an automatic deadlocking latch bolt with a minimum throw of 1/2 inch.
- 2. When not addressed by local code, provide containment drains plumbed for appropriate disposal of liquid wastes in spaces where water and chemical concentrate mixing occurs for maintenance purposes. Disposal is not permitted in restrooms.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Add one lavatory for each 45 additional employees over 125.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Add one water closet for each 40 additional employees over 150.

3. Refer to the "Indoor Air Quality for Ventilation Requirements" paragraph in the SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT section of this Solicitation for Offers (SFO).

#### 8.9 HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING (AUG 2008)

#### A. BUILDING SHELL:

- 1. Temperatures shall conform to local commercial equivalent temperature levels and operating practices in order to maximize tenant satisfaction. These temperatures shall be maintained throughout the leased premises and service areas, regardless of outside temperatures, during the hours of operation specified in the lease. The Lessor shall perform any necessary systems start-up required to meet the commercially equivalent temperature levels prior to the first hour of each day's operation. At all times, humidity shall be maintained below 60% relative humidity.
- 2. During non working hours, heating temperatures shall be set no higher than 55° Fahrenheit, and air conditioning shall not be provided except as necessary to return space temperatures to a suitable level for the beginning of working hours. Thermostats shall be secured from manual operation by key or locked cage. A key shall be provided to the GSA Field Office Manager.
- 3. Simultaneous heating and cooling are not permitted.
- 4. Areas having excessive heat gain or heat loss, or affected by solar radiation at different times of the day, shall be independently controlled.
- 5. Equipment Performance. Temperature control for office spaces shall be provided by concealed central heating and air conditioning equipment. The equipment shall maintain space temperature control over a range of internal load fluctuations of plus 0.5 W/sq. ft. to minus 1.5 W/sq. ft. from initial design requirements of the tenant.
- 6. HVAC Use During Construction. The permanent HVAC system may be used to move both supply and return air during the construction process only if the following conditions are met:
  - a. a complete air filtration system with 60 percent efficiency filters is installed and properly maintained;
  - b. no permanent diffusers are used;
  - c. no plenum type return air system is employed;
  - d. the HVAC duct system is adequately sealed to prevent the spread of airborne particulate and other contaminants; and
  - e. following the building "flush out," all duct systems are vacuumed with portable high-efficiency particulate arrestance (HEPA) vacuums and documented clean in accordance with National Air Duct Cleaners Association (NADCA) specifications.
- 7. Ductwork Re-use and Cleaning. Any ductwork to be reused and/or to remain in place shall be cleaned, tested, and demonstrated to be clean in accordance with the standards set forth by NADCA. The cleaning, testing, and demonstration shall occur immediately prior to Government occupancy to avoid contamination from construction dust and other airborne particulates.
- 8. The Lessor shall conduct HVAC system balancing after any HVAC system alterations during the term of the lease and shall make a reasonable attempt to schedule major construction outside of office hours.
- 9. Normal HVAC systems maintenance shall not disrupt tenant operations.
- Thermal Comfort. During all working hours, comply with ASHRAE Standard 55-2004, Thermal Comfort Conditions for Human Occupancy.

## B. TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION:

1. Zone Control. Provide individual thermostat control for office space with control areas not to exceed 1,500 ANSI/BOMA office area square feet. Interior spaces must be separately zoned. Specialty occupancies (conference rooms, kitchens, etc.) must have active controls capable of sensing space use and modulating HVAC system in response to space demand. Areas that routinely have extended hours of operation shall be environmentally controlled through dedicated heating and air conditioning equipment. Special purpose areas (such as photocopy centers, large conference rooms, computer rooms, etc.) with an internal cooling load in excess of 5 tons shall be independently controlled. Provide concealed package air conditioning equipment to meet localized spot cooling of tenant special equipment. Portable space heaters are prohibited.

# 8.10 VENTILATION (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

#### A. BUILDING SHELL:

- During working hours in periods of heating and cooling, ventilation shall be provided in accordance with the latest edition of ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 62.1, Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality.
- Air filtration shall be provided and maintained with filters having a minimum efficiency rating as determined by ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 52.2, Method of Testing General Ventilation Air Cleaning Devices for Removal Efficiency by Particle Size. Pre-filters shall have a MERV efficiency of 8. Final filters shall have an MERV efficiency of 13.

INITIALS:				
	LESSOR		GOV'T	

3. Toilet rooms shall be properly exhausted, with a minimum of 10 air changes per hour.

## 8.11 ELECTRICAL: GENERAL (SEP 2000)

The Lessor shall be responsible for meeting the applicable requirements of local codes and ordinances. When codes conflict, the more stringent standard shall apply. Main service facilities shall be enclosed. The enclosure may not be used for storage or other purposes and shall have door(s) fitted with an automatic deadlocking latch bolt with a minimum throw of 1/2 inch. Distribution panels shall be circuit breaker type with 10 percent spare power load and circuits.

## 8.12 ELECTRICAL: DISTRIBUTION (AUG 2008)

#### A. BUILDING SHELL:

- 1. Main power distribution switchboards and distribution and lighting panel boards shall be circuit breaker type with copper buses that are properly rated to provide the calculated fault circuits. All power distribution panel boards shall be supplied with separate equipment ground buses. All power distribution equipment shall be required to handle the actual specified and projected loads plus 10 percent spare load capacity. Distribution panels are required to accommodate circuit breakers for the actual calculated needs plus 10 percent spare circuits that will be equivalent to the majority of other circuit breakers in the panel system. All floors shall have 120/208 V, 3-phase, 4-wire with bond, 60 hertz electric service available.
- Main distribution for standard office occupancy shall be provided at the Lessor's expense. In no event shall such power distribution (not including lighting and HVAC) for the Government-demised area fall below 7 W per ANSI/BOMA Office Area square foot.
- 3. Convenience outlets shall be installed in accordance with NFPA Standard 70, National Electrical Code, or local code, whichever is more stringent.
- 4. The Lessor shall provide duplex utility outlets in toilet rooms, corridors, and dispensing areas. Fuses and circuit breakers shall be plainly marked or labeled to identify circuits or equipment supplied through them.

#### B. TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION:

- All electrical, telephone, and data outlets within the Government-demised area shall be installed by the Lessor in accordance with the design intent drawings. All electrical outlets shall be installed in accordance with NFPA Standard 70, or local code, whichever is more stringent.
- All tenant outlets shall be marked and coded for ease of wire tracing; outlets shall be circuited separately from lighting. All floor outlets shall be flush with the plane of the finished floor. Outlet cover colors shall be coordinated with partition finish selections.
- 3. The Lessor shall in all cases safely conceal outlets and associated wiring (for electricity, voice, and data) to the workstation(s) shall be safely concealed in partitions, ceiling plenums, in recessed floor ducts, under raised flooring, or by use of a method acceptable to the Contracting Officer.

## 8.13 TELECOMMUNICATIONS: DISTRIBUTION AND EQUIPMENT (SEP 2000)

## A. BUILDING SHELL:

- 1. Sufficient space shall be provided on the floor(s) where the Government occupies space for the purposes of terminating telecommunications service into the building. The building's telecommunications closets located on all floors shall be vertically-stacked. Telecommunications switchrooms, wire closets, and related spaces shall be enclosed. The enclosure shall not be used for storage or other purposes and shall have door(s) fitted with an automatic door-closer and deadlocking latch bolt with a minimum throw of 1/2 inch.
- 2. Telecommunications switchrooms, wire closets, and related spaces shall meet applicable Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA) and Electronic Industries Alliance (EIA) standards. These standards include the following:
  - a. TIA/EIA-568, Commercial Building Telecommunications Cabling Standard,
  - b. TIA/EIA 569, Commercial Building Standard for Telecommunications Pathways and Spaces,
  - c. TIA/EIA-570, Residential and Light Commercial Telecommunications Wiring Standard, and
  - d. TIA/EIA-607, Commercial Building Grounding and Bonding Requirements for Telecommunications Standard.
- Telecommunications switchrooms, wire closets, and related spaces shall meet applicable NFPA standards. Bonding and grounding shall be in accordance with NFPA Standard 70, National Electrical Code, and other applicable NFPA standards and/or local code requirements.

## B. TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION:

Telecommunications floor or wall outlets shall be provided as part of the Tenant Improvement Allowance. At a minimum, each outlet shall house one 4-pair wire jack for voice and one 4-pair wire jack for data. The Lessor shall ensure that all outlets and associated wiring, copper, coaxial cable, optical fiber, or other transmission medium used to transmit telecommunications (voice, data, video, Internet, or other emerging technologies) service to the workstation shall be safely concealed under raised floors, in floor ducts, walls, columns, or molding. All outlets/junction boxes shall be provided with rings and pull strings to facilitate the

installation of cable. Some transmission medium may require special conduit, inner duct, or shielding as specified by the Government.

## 8.14 TELECOMMUNICATIONS: LOCAL EXCHANGE ACCESS (AUG 2008)

#### A. BUILDING SHELL:

- 1. The Government reserves the right to contract its own telecommunications (voice, data, video, Internet or other emerging technologies) service in the space to be leased. The Government may contract with one or more parties to have inside wiring (or other transmission medium) and telecommunications equipment installed.
- 2. The Lessor shall allow the Government's designated telecommunications providers access to utilize existing building wiring to connect its services to the Government's space. If the existing building wiring is insufficient to handle the transmission requirements of the Government's designated telecommunications providers, the Lessor shall provide access from the point of entry into the building to the Government's floor space, subject to any inherent limitations in the pathway involved.
- 3. The Lessor shall allow the Government's designated telecommunications providers to affix telecommunications antennae (high frequency, mobile, microwave, satellite, or other emerging technologies), subject to weight and wind load conditions, to roof, parapet, or building envelope as required. Access from the antenna(e) to the leased space shall be provided.
- 4. The Lessor shall allow the Government's designated telecommunications providers to affix antennae and transmission devices throughout its leased space and in appropriate common areas frequented by the Government's employees so as to allow the use of wireless telephones and communications devices necessary to conduct business.

#### **B. TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION:**

Provide sealed conduit to house the agency telecommunications system when required.

## 8.15 DATA DISTRIBUTION (AUG 2008)

## A. TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFÓRMATION:

The Government shall be responsible for purchasing and installing data cable. The Lessor shall safely conceal data outlets and the associated wiring used to transmit data to workstations shall be in floor ducts, walls, columns, or below access flooring. The Lessor shall provide as part of the Tenant Improvement Allowance outlets, which shall include rings and pull strings to facilitate the installation of the data cable. When cable consists of multiple runs, the Lessor shall provide ladder-type or other acceptable cable trays to prevent Government-provided cable coming into contact with suspended ceilings or sprinkler piping. Cable trays shall form a loop around the perimeter of the Government-demised area such that they are within a 30-foot horizontal distance of any single drop.

## 8.16 ELECTRICAL, TELEPHONE, DATA FOR SYSTEMS FURNITURE (AUG 2008)

## A. TENANT IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION:

- 1. The Lessor shall provide as part of the Tenant Improvement Allowance separate data, telephone, and electric junction boxes for the base feed connections to Government-provided modular or systems furniture, when such feeds are supplied via wall outlets or floor penetrations. When overhead feeds are used, junction boxes shall be installed for electrical connections. Raceways shall be provided throughout the furniture panels to distribute the electrical, telephone, and data cable. The Lessor shall provide all electrical service wiring and connections to the furniture at designated junction points. Each electrical junction shall contain an 8-wire feed consisting of 3 general-purpose 120-V circuits with 1 neutral and 1 ground wire, and a 120-V isolated-ground circuit with 1 neutral and 1 isolated-ground wire. A 20-ampere circuit shall have no more than 8 general-purpose receptacles or 4 isolated-ground "computer" receptacles.
- 2. The Government shall be responsible for purchasing data and telecommunications cable. Said cable shall be installed and connected to systems furniture by the Lessor/contractor with the assistance and/or advice of the Government or computer vendor. The Lessor shall provide wall-mounted data and telephone junction boxes, which shall include rings and pull strings to facilitate the installation of the data and telecommunications cable. When cable consists of multiple runs, the Lessor shall provide ladder-type or other acceptable cable trays to prevent Government-provided cable coming into contact with suspended ceilings or sprinkler piping. Cable trays shall form a loop around the perimeter of the Government-demised area such that they are within a 30-foot horizontal distance of any single drop. Said cable trays shall provide access to both telecommunications data closets and telephone closets.
- 3. The Lessor shall furnish and install suitably sized junction boxes in the vicinity of the "feeding points" of the furniture panels. All "feeding points" shall be shown on Government-approved design intent drawings. The Lessor shall temporarily cap off the wiring in the junction boxes until the furniture is installed. The Lessor shall make all connections in the power panel and shall keep the circuit breakers off. The Lessor shall identify each circuit with the breaker number and shall identify the computer hardware to be connected to it. The Lessor shall identify each breaker at the panel and identify the devices that it serves.
- 4. The Lessor's electrical contractor must connect power poles or base feeds in the junction boxes to the furniture electrical system and test all pre-wired receptacles in the systems furniture. Other Government contractors will be installing the data cable in the furniture panels for the terminal and printer locations, installing the connectors on the terminal/printer ends of the cable, and continuity testing each cable. Work shall be coordinated and performed in conjunction with the furniture, telephone, and data cable installers. Much of this work may occur over a weekend on a schedule that requires flexibility and on-call visits. The Lessor must coordinate the application of Occupancy with furniture installation.

INITIALS:				
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#### 8.17 ADDITIONAL ELECTRICAL CONTROLS

If the Government pays separately for electricity, no more than 500 square feet of office may be controlled by one switch or automatic light control for all space on the Government meter, whether through a building automation system, time clock, occupant sensor, or other comparable system acceptable to the Contracting Officer.

#### 8.18 ELEVATORS (AUG 2008)

A. The Lessor shall provide suitable passenger and, when required by the Government, freight elevator service to any Government-demised area not having ground level access. Service shall be available during the hours specified in the "Normal Hours" Paragraph 4.5 in the UTILITIES, SERVICES, AND LEASE ADMINISTRATION Section 4.0 of this SFO. However, one passenger and, when required by the Government, one freight elevator shall be available at all times for Government use. When a freight elevator is required by the Government, shall be accessible to the loading areas. When possible, the Government shall be given 24-hour advance notice if the service is to be interrupted for more than 1-1/2 hours. Normal service interruption shall be scheduled outside of the Government's normal working hours. The Lessor shall also use best efforts to minimize the frequency and duration of unscheduled interruptions.

#### B. CODE:

Elevators shall conform to the current requirements of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers ASME A17.1, Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators (current as of the award date of this SFO). Where provided, elevator lobby and elevator machine room smoke detectors shall activate the building fire alarm system, provide Phase 1 automatic recall of the elevator(s), and automatically notify the local fire department or approved central station. The elevator shall be inspected and maintained in accordance with the current edition of the ASME A17.2, Inspectors' Manual for Elevators. Except for the reference to ASME A17.1 in ABAAS Section F105.2.2, all elevators must meet ABAAS requirements for accessibility in Sections 407, 408, and 409 of ABAAS.

## C. SAFETY SYSTEMS:

Elevators shall be equipped with telephones or other two-way emergency communication systems. The system used shall be marked and shall reach an emergency communication location staffed 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.

#### D. SPEED

The passenger elevators shall have a capacity to transport in 5 minutes 15 percent of the normal population of all upper floors (based on 150 square feet per person). Further, the dispatch interval between elevators during the up-peak demand period shall not exceed 35 seconds.

#### E. INTERIOR FINISHES:

Elevator cab walls shall be hardwood, marble, granite, or an equivalent pre-approved by the Contracting Officer. Elevator cab floors shall be marble, granite, terrazzo, or an equivalent pre-approved by the Contracting Officer.

## 8.19 LIGHTING: INTERIOR AND PARKING (SEP 2009)

#### A. BUILDING SHELL:

- 1. In accordance with subparagraph (10) of the, "Building Shell Requirements" paragraph in the Summary section of this SFO, the Lessor shall provide interior lighting, as part of the building shell cost, as follows:
  - a. Unless alternate lighting is approved by the Contracting Officer, the Lessor shall provide deep-cell parabolic louver 2'-0" wide x 4'-0" high or 2'-0" wide x 2'-0" high (or building standard that meets or exceeds this standard) or modern, diffused fluorescent fixtures using no more than 2.0 W per ANSI/BOMA Office Area square foot. Such fixtures shall be capable of producing a light level of 50 average maintained foot-candles at working surface height throughout the space. Tubes shall then be removed to provide 1) 30 foot-candles in portions of work areas other than work surfaces and 2) 1 foot-candle to 10 foot-candles, or minimum levels sufficient for safety, in non-working areas. Exceptions may be granted by the GSA Buildings Manager, and approved by the GSA Contracting Officer. When the space is not in use by the Government, interior and exterior lighting, except that essential for safety and security purposes, shall be turned off.
  - b. Exterior parking areas, vehicle driveways, pedestrian walkways, and building perimeter shall have 5 foot-candles for doorway areas, 3 foot-candles for transition areas (including stairwells), and at least 1 foot-candle overlapping throughout the lot, except where local codes conflict. Illumination shall be designed based on Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA) standards. Indoor parking shall have a minimum of 10 foot-candles and shall be designed based on IESNA standards. The intent is to provide adequate lighting at entrances/exits, garages, parking lots or other adjacent areas to the building to discourage crimes against persons.
  - c. Exterior building lighting must have emergency power backup to provide for safe evacuation of the building in case of natural disaster, power outage, or criminal/terrorist activity.
  - d. The Lessor shall provide occupancy sensors and/or scheduling controls through the building automation system to reduce the hours that the lights are on when the space is unoccupied. The Lessor shall provide daylight dimming controls in atriums or within 15 feet of windows where daylight can contribute to energy savings.

## B. TENANT IMPROVEMENTS:

Once the design intent drawings are approved, the Lessor shall design and provide interior lighting yielding a uniform 50 foot-candles at working surface height (30" above the floor). The increase between the number of fixtures required in the

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building shell and the space layout is part of the Tenant Improvement Allowance. The light fixtures shall meet the requirements as stated in the above Building Shell subparagraph A.

- 2. If pendant style indirect lighting fixtures are used, the increase between the number of fixtures required in the building shell and the space layout is also part of the Tenant Improvement Allowance.
- 3. The design intent drawings may require a mixed use of recessed and pendant style fixtures in the leased space.
- 4. There may be additional security requirements for lighting in exterior parking areas, vehicle driveways, pedestrian walkways, and building perimeter. Please see Security Requirements elsewhere in this solicitation.

#### 9.0 FIRE PROTECTION, LIFE SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

The Government may eliminate offers for space that do not meet the minimum requirements of Section 9.0, herein. See "Unique AAAP Requirements" SFO Paragraph, Section 1.0, SUMMARY.

#### 9.1 OCCUPANCY PERMIT (SEP 2000)

The Lessor shall provide a valid occupancy permit for the intended use of the Government and shall maintain and operate the building in conformance with current local codes and ordinances. If the local jurisdiction does not issue occupancy permits, the Offeror shall consult the Contracting Officer to determine if other documentation may be needed.

#### 9.2 MEANS OF EGRESS (SEP 2007)

- A. Offered space shall meet or be upgraded to meet prior to occupancy, the applicable egress requirements in the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 101, *Life Safety Code* (current as of the award date of this lease), or an alternative approach or method for achieving a level of safety deemed equivalent and acceptable by the Government.
- B. Offered space shall provide unrestricted access to a minimum of two remote exits on each floor of Government occupancy. Scissor stairs shall only be counted as one approved exit. Open air exterior fire escapes shall not be counted as an approved exit. In addition, the requirements for exit remoteness and discharge from exits shall meet the requirements in NFPA 101, Life Safety Code (current as of the award date of this lease), or an alternative approach or method for achieving a level of safety deemed equivalent and acceptable to the Government.

#### 9.3 AUTOMATIC FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEM (AUG 2008)

- A. Offered space located below-grade, including parking garage areas, and all areas in a building referred to as "hazardous areas" (defined in NFPA 101) that are located within the entire building (including non-Government areas) shall be protected by an automatic fire sprinkler system or an equivalent level of safety.
- B. For buildings in which any portion of the offered space is on or above the sixth floor, then, at a minimum, the building up to and including the highest floor of Government occupancy shall be protected by an automatic fire sprinkler system or an equivalent level of safety.
- C. For buildings in which any portion of the offered space is on or above the sixth floor, and lease of the offered space will result, either individually or in combination with other Government leases in the offered building, in the Government leasing 35,000 square feet or more ABOA square feet of space in the offered building, then the entire building shall be protected throughout by an automatic fire sprinkler system or an equivalent level of safety.
- D. Automatic sprinkler system(s) shall be maintained in accordance with the requirements NFPA 25, Standard for the Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance of Water-based Fire Protection Systems (current as of the award date of this lease), or the applicable local codes.

## E. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>:

- "Automatic sprinkler system" means an electronically supervised, integrated system of underground and overhead piping, designed in accordance with National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 13, Installation of Sprinkler Systems. The system is usually activated by heat from fire and discharges water over the fire area. The system includes an adequate water supply.
- 2. "Equivalent level of safety" means an alternative design or system (which may include automatic sprinkler systems), based upon fire protection engineering analysis, which achieves a level of safety equal to or greater than that provided by automatic sprinkler systems.

## 9.4 FIRE ALARM SYSTEM (AUG 2008)

- A. A building-wide fire alarm system shall be installed in buildings in which any portion of the offered space is located 2 or more stories in height above the lowest level of exit discharge. The fire alarm system shall meet the installation and operational requirements of the applicable local codes and ordinances adopted by the jurisdiction in which the building is located.
- B. The fire alarm system shall be maintained in accordance with the requirements of the applicable local codes or NFPA 72, *National Fire Alarm Code* (current as of the award of the lease) The fire alarm system wiring and equipment shall be electrically-supervised and shall automatically notify the local fire department or approved central station. Emergency power shall be provided for the fire alarm system.
- G. If a building's fire alarm control unit is over 25 years old, the Offeror shall install a new fire alarm system in accordance with the requirements of NFPA 72, National Fire Alarm Code (current as of the award of the lease) or applicable local codes prior to Government acceptance and occupancy of the offered space. If the fire alarm system is over 10 years old, a copy of all maintenance records for the past two years shall be submitted as part of SFO Attachment # 4 to the Offeror's proposal. The information shall be reviewed by the Government to determine whether a new fire alarm system will be required. If a new fire alarm system is required, the Offeror will be required to provide such system at its sole cost and expense prior to Government acceptance and occupancy of the offered space.

## 9.5 OSHA REQUIREMENTS (SEP 2000)

The Lessor shall maintain buildings and space in a safe and healthful condition according to OSHA standards.

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#### 9.6 ASBESTOS (SEP 2000)

A. Offers are requested for space with no asbestos-containing materials (ACM), or with ACM in a stable, solid matrix (e.g., asbestos flooring or asbestos cement panels) which is not damaged or subject to damage by routine operations. For purposes of this paragraph, "space" includes the 1) space offered for lease; 2) common building area; 3) ventilation systems and zones serving the space offered; and 4) the area above suspended ceilings and engineering space in the same ventilation zone as the space offered. If no offers are received for such space, the Government may consider space with thermal system insulation ACM (e.g., wrapped pipe or boiler lagging) which is not damaged or subject to damage by routine operations.

#### B. DEFINITION:

ACM is defined as any materials with a concentration of greater than 1 percent by dry weight of asbestos.

C. Space with ACM of any type or condition may be upgraded by the Offeror to meet conditions described in subparagraph A by abatement (removal, enclosure, encapsulation, or repair) of ACM not meeting those conditions. If any offer involving abatement of ACM is accepted by the Government, the Lessor shall, prior to occupancy, successfully complete the abatement in accordance with OSHA, EPA, Department of Transportation (DOT), state, and local regulations and guidance.

## D. MANAGEMENT PLAN:

If space is offered which contains ACM, the Offeror shall submit an asbestos-related management plan for acceptance by the Government prior to lease award. This plan shall conform to EPA guidance, be implemented prior to occupancy, and be revised promptly when conditions affecting the plan change. If asbestos abatement work is to be performed in the space after occupancy, the Lessor shall submit to the Contracting Officer the occupant safety plan and a description of the methods of abatement and reoccupancy clearance, in accordance with OSHA, EPA, DOT, state, and local regulations and guidance, at least 4 weeks prior to the abatement work.

#### 9.7 INDOOR AIR QUALITY (DEC 2007)

- A. The Lessor shall control contaminants at the source and/or operate the space in such a manner that the GSA indicator levels for carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2), and formaldehyde (HCHO) are not exceeded. The indicator levels for office areas shall be: CO 9 ppm time weighted average (TWA 8 hour sample); CO2 1,000 ppm (TWA); HCHO 0.1 ppm (TWA).
- B. The Lessor shall make a reasonable attempt to apply insecticides, paints, glues, adhesives, and HVAC system cleaning compounds with highly volatile or irritating organic compounds, outside of working hours. Except in an emergency, the Lessor shall provide at least 72 hours advance notice to the Government before applying noxious chemicals in occupied spaces and shall adequately ventilate those spaces during and after application.
- C. The Lessor shall promptly investigate indoor air quality (IAQ) complaints and shall implement the necessary controls to address the complaint.
- D. The Government reserves the right to conduct independent IAQ assessments and detailed studies in space that it occupies, as well as in space serving the Government demised area (e.g., common use areas, mechanical rooms, HVAC systems, etc.). The Lessor shall assist the Government in its assessments and detailed studies by 1) making available information on building operations and Lessor activities; 2) providing access to space for assessment and testing, if required; and 3) implementing corrective measures required by the Contracting Officer.
- E. The Lessor shall provide to the Government material safety data sheets (MSDS) upon request for the following products prior to their use during the term of the lease: adhesives, caulking, sealants, insulating materials, fireproofing or firestopping materials, paints, carpets, floor and wall patching or leveling materials, lubricants, clear finish for wood surfaces, janitorial cleaning products, pesticides, rodenticides, and herbicides. The Government reserves the right to review such products used by the Lessor within 1) the Government demised area; 2) common building areas; 3) ventilation systems and zones serving the leased space; and 4) the area above suspended ceilings and engineering space in the same ventilation zone as the leased space.
- F. Where hazardous gasses or chemicals (any products with data in the Health and Safety section of the MSDS sheets) may be present or used, including large-scale copying and printing rooms, segregate areas with deck-to-deck partitions with separate outside exhausting at a rate of at least 0.5 cubic feet per minute per square foot, no air recirculation. The mechanical system must operate at a negative pressure compared with the surrounding spaces of at least an average of 5 Pa (pascal) (0.02 inches of water gauge) and with a minimum of 1 Pa (0.004 inches of water gauge) when the doors to the rooms are closed.

## 9.8 RADON IN AIR (AUG 2008)

If space planned for occupancy by the Government is on the second floor above grade or lower, the Lessor shall, prior to occupancy, test the leased space for 2 days to 3 days using charcoal canisters or electret ion chambers. The Lessor is responsible to provide space in which in air levels are below EPA's action concentration of 4 picoCuries per liter. After the initial testing, a follow-up test for a minimum of 90 days using alpha track detectors or electret ion chambers shall be completed. For further information on radon, see EPA's website on radon at <a href="https://www.epa.gov/lAQ/RADON/ZONEMAP.HTML">WWW.EPA.GOV/lAQ/RADON/ZONEMAP.HTML</a>

#### 9.9 RADON IN AIR (SEP 2000)

A. The radon concentration in the air of space leased to the Government shall be less than EPA's action concentration for homes of 4 picoCuries per liter (pCi/L), herein called "EPA's action concentration."

## B. INITIAL TESTING:

- 1. The Lessor shall 1) test for radon that portion of space planned for occupancy by the Government in ground contact or closest to the ground up to and including the second floor above grade (space on the third or higher floor above grade need not be measured); 2) report the results to the Contracting Officer upon award; and 3) promptly carry out a corrective action program for any radon concentration which equals or exceeds the EPA action level.
- 2. Testing sequence. The Lessor shall measure radon by the standard test in subparagraph D.1, completing the test not later than 150 days after award, unless the Contracting Officer decides that there is not enough time to complete the test before Government occupancy, in which case the Lessor shall perform the short test in subparagraph D.2.
- 3. If the space offered for lease to the Government is in a building under construction or proposed for construction, the Lessor shall, if possible, perform the standard test during buildout before Government occupancy of the space. If the Contracting Officer decides that it is not possible to complete the standard test before occupancy, the Lessor shall complete the short test before occupancy and the standard test not later than 150 days after occupancy.

## C. CORRECTIVE ACTION PROGRAM:

- 1. Program Initiation and Procedures.
  - a. If either the Government or the Lessor detect radon at or above the EPA action level at any time before Government occupancy, the Lessor shall carry out a corrective action program which reduces the concentration to below the EPA action level before Government occupancy.
  - b. If either the Government or the Lessor detect a radon concentration at or above the EPA action level at any time after Government occupancy, the Lessor shall promptly carry out a corrective action program which reduces the concentration to below the EPA action level.
  - c. If either the Government or the Lessor detect a radon concentration at or above the EPA residential occupancy concentration of 200 pCi/L at any time after Government occupancy, the Lessor shall promptly restrict the use of the affected area and shall provide comparable temporary space for the tenants, as agreed to by the Government, until the Lessor carries out a prompt corrective action program which reduces the concentration to below the EPA action level and certifies the space for re-occupancy.
  - d. The Lessor shall provide the Government with prior written notice of any proposed corrective action or tenant relocation. The Lessor shall promptly revise the corrective action program upon any change in building condition or operation which would affect the program or increase the radon concentration to or above the EPA action level.
- The Lessor shall perform the standard test in subparagraph D.1 to assess the effectiveness of a corrective action program. The Lessor may also perform the short test in subparagraph D.2 to determine whether the space may be occupied but shall begin the standard test concurrently with the short test.
- 3. All measures to accommodate delay of occupancy, corrective action, tenant relocation, tenant reoccupancy, or follow-up measurement, shall be provided by the Lessor at no additional cost to the Government.
- 4. If the Lessor fails to exercise due diligence, or is otherwise unable to reduce the radon concentration promptly to below the EPA action level, the Government may implement a corrective action program and deduct its costs from the rent.

#### D. TESTING PROCEDURES:

- 1. Standard Test. Place alpha track detectors or electret ion chambers throughout the required area for 91 or more days so that each covers no more than 2,000 ABOA square feet. Use only devices listed in the EPA Radon Measurement Proficiency Program (RMP) application device checklists. Use a laboratory rated proficient in the EPA RMP to analyze the devices. Submit the results and supporting data (sample location, device type, duration, radon measurements, laboratory proficiency certification number, and the signature of a responsible laboratory official) within 30 days after the measurement.
- 2. Short Test. Place alpha track detectors for at least 14 days, or electret ion chambers or charcoal canisters for 2 days to 3 days, throughout the required area so that each covers no more than 2,000 ABOA square feet, starting not later than 7 days after award. Use only devices listed in the EPA RMP application device checklists. Use a laboratory rated proficient in the EPA RMP to analyze the devices. Submit the results and supporting data within 30 days after the measurement. In addition, complete the standard test not later than 150 days after Government occupancy.

## 9.10 RADON IN WATER (AUG 2008)

- A. If the water source is not from a public utility, the Lessor shall demonstrate that water provided in the leased space is in compliance with EPA requirements and shall submit certification to the Contracting Officer prior to the Government occupying the space.
- B. If the EPA action level is reached or exceeded, the Lessor shall institute appropriate abatement methods which reduce the radon levels to below this action.

## 9.11 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS (OCT 1996)

The leased space shall be free of hazardous materials according to applicable federal, state, and local environmental regulations.

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## 9.12 RECYCLING (DEC 2007)

A. Where State or local law, code, or ordinance requires recycling programs (including mercury containing lamps) for the space to be provided pursuant to this SFO, the successful Offeror shall comply with such State and/or local law, code, or ordinance in accordance with GSA Form 3517, General Clauses, 552.270-8, Compliance with Applicable Law. In all other cases, the successful Offeror shall establish a recycling program for (at a minimum) paper, corrugated cardboard, glass, plastics, and metals where local markets for recovered materials exist. Provide an easily accessible, appropriately sized (2 square feet per 1,000 square feet of building gross floor area) area that serves the tenant space for the collection and storage of materials for recycling. Telecom rooms are not acceptable as recycling space. During the lease term, the Lessor agrees, upon request, to provide the Government with additional information concerning recycling programs maintained in the building and in the leased space.

## 9.13 OCCUPANT EMERGENCY PLANS (AUG 2008)

The Lessor is required to participate in and comply with the development and implementation of the Government Occupant Emergency Plan. The Plan must, among other things, include emergency notification procedures of the Lessor's building engineer or manager, building security, local emergency personnel, and GSA personnel. For further information and guidelines on Occupant Emergency Plans, see also the following website:

http://www.9-11summit.org/materials9-

11/911/acrobat/27/P3&C10EmergencyPreparednessPlans/GSAOccupantEmergencyProgram.pdf.

#### 9.14 MOLD (AUG 2008)

- A. Actionable Mold is mold of types and concentrations in excess of that found in the local outdoor air.
- B. The Lessor shall provide space to the Government that is free from Actionable Mold and free from any conditions that reasonably can be anticipated to permit the growth of Actionable Mold or are indicative of the possibility that Actionable Mold will be present ("Indicators").
- C. At such times as the Government may direct, including but not limited to: after a flood, water damage not caused by the Government, or repairs caused by the Lessor, the Lessor, at its sole cost, expense and risk shall: (i) cause an industrial hygienist certified by the American Board of Industrial Hygienists or a qualified consultant ("the Inspector") who, in either instance, is reasonably acceptable to the Government, to inspect and evaluate the space for the presence of Actionable Mold or mold Indicators; and (ii) cause the Inspector to deliver the results of its inspection and evaluation (the "Report") to the Government within 30 days after it conducts same and, in all events, at the same time that it delivers the Report to Lessor. With the delivery of the Report to the Government, the Inspector shall notify the Government, in writing via cover letter to the report, if the Inspector discovers or suspects the existence of Actionable Mold or Indicators in the leased space.
- D. The presence of Actionable Mold in the premises may be treated as a Casualty, as determined by the Government, in accordance with the Fire and Other Casualty clause contained in the General Clauses of this lease. In addition to the provisions of the Fire and Other Casualty clause of this lease, should a portion of the premises be determined by the Government to be un-tenantable due to an act of negligence by the Lessor or his agents, the Lessor shall provide reasonably acceptable alternative space at the Lessor's expense, including the cost of moving, and any required alterations.
- E. If the Report indicates that Actionable Mold or Indicators are present in the leased space, the Lessor, at its sole cost, expense, and risk, shall within <a href="14">14</a> days after its receipt of the Report: 1) retain an experienced mold remediation contractor reasonably acceptable to the Government to prepare and submit to the Government and Lessor a remediation plan (the "Plan") and within <a href="14">14</a> days after the Government's approval of the Plan, remediate the Actionable Mold or the Indicators in the leased space, but prior to commencing such remediation, Lessor shall send the Government a notice stating: (i) the date on which the Actionable Mold remediation shall start and how long it is projected to continue; (ii) which portion of the leased space shall be subject to the remediation; and (iii) the remediation procedures and standards to be used to implement the Plan and the clearance criteria to be employed at the conclusion of the remediation; and 2) notify, in accordance with any applicable Federal, state, and local health and safety requirements, the Government employees as well as all other occupants of and visitors to the leased space of the nature, location and schedule for the planned remediation and reasons therefore.
- F. The Lessor shall be responsible for conducting the remediation in accordance with the relevant provisions of the document entitled "Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings" (EPA 402-K-01-001, March 2001), published by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, as same may be amended or revised from time to time, and any other applicable federal, state, or local laws, regulatory standards and guidelines.
- G. The Lessor acknowledges and agrees that the Government shall have a reasonable opportunity to inspect the leased space after conclusion of the remediation. If the results of the Government's inspection indicate that the remediation does not comply with the Plan or any other applicable federal, state, or local laws, regulatory standards or guidelines, the Lessor, at its sole cost, expense and risk, shall immediately take all further actions necessary to bring the remediation into compliance.
- H. If the Lessor fails to exercise due diligence, or is otherwise unable to remediate the Actionable Mold, the Government may implement a corrective action program and deduct its costs from the rent.

#### 10.0 LEASE SECURITY STANDARDS

## 10.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS (NOV 2005) (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

- A. Overview of Lease Security Standards:
  - 1. The Government will determine security standards for facilities and agency space requirements. Security standards will be assessed based upon tenant agency mix, size of space requirement, number of employees, use of the space, location of the facility, configuration of the site and lot, and public access into and around the facility. The Government will designate a security level from Level I to Level IV for each space requirement. The Contracting Officer (or the Contracting Officer's designated representative) will provide the security level designation as part of the space requirement. A copy of the Government's security standards is available at <a href="https://www.oca.gsa.gov">www.oca.gsa.gov</a>.
  - 2. The Contracting Officer (or the Contracting Officer's designated representative) will identify all required security standards.
  - 3. Within 120 days of lease award, or at the time of submission of working/construction drawings, whichever is earlier, the Lessor shall provide the Government with itemized costs of the security items in this section. Additionally, the Lessor shall provide the cost per square foot of those items designated "shell" in this section as submitted in the final offer.
  - 4. A security level designation may be determined by the individual space requirement or by the assessed, cumulative tenant agency mix within a given facility. If an Offeror is offering space in a facility currently housing a federal agency, the security level designation of the facility may be increased and the Offeror may be required to adhere to a higher security standard than other Offerors competing for the same space requirement. If two or more federal space requirements are being competed at the same time, an Offeror submitting on both or more space requirements may be subject to a higher security standard if the Offeror is determined to be the successful Offeror on more than one space requirement. It is incumbent upon the Offeror to prepare the Offeror's proposal accordingly.
  - 5. Level I requirements have been incorporated into the paragraphs entitled, *Lighting: Interior and Parking*, and *Doors: Hardware* as part of this SFO. If this SFO is used for a Level I space requirement, the Level II lease security standards, as determined by the Government, shall become the minimum lease security standards for this requirement.
  - 6. The Government does NOT intend to compete requirements through the AAAP which require Level IV security. It is anticipated that Level IV security measures would be required only in situations where the apparent successful Offeror already has such a level of Government tenancy that the addition of another Government tenant would raise the total Government tenancy in the building above the Level IV threshold, at which point the Lessor will be obligated to provide Level IV security.

#### 10.2 DETERRENCE TO UNAUTHORIZED ENTRY (NOV 2005 - MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)

The Lessor shall provide a level of security that reasonably prevents unauthorized entry to the space during non-duty hours and deters loitering or disruptive acts in and around the space leased. The Lessor shall ensure that security cameras and lighting are not obstructed.

## 10.3 ACCESS TO UTILITY AREAS (NOV 2005 - BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)

Utility areas shall be secure, and only authorized personnel shall have access.

## 10.4 EMERGENCY POWER TO CRITICAL SYSTEMS (SEP 2009 - MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)

Emergency power backup is required for all alarm systems, CCTV monitoring devices, fire detection systems, entry control devices, lighting, etc., and special equipment, as identified elsewhere in the SFO.

#### A. Building Shell:

Emergency power to building systems is building shell.

#### B. Tenant Improvement:

Emergency power to agency special equipment is tenant improvement.

### 10.5 MECHANICAL AREAS AND BUILDING ROOFS (NOV 2005 - BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)

- A. Keyed locks, keycards, or similar security measures shall strictly control access to mechanical areas. Additional controls for access to keys, keycards, and key codes shall be strictly maintained. The Lessor shall develop and maintain accurate HVAC diagrams and HVAC system labeling within mechanical areas.
- B. Roofs with HVAC systems shall also be secured. Fencing or other barriers may be required to restrict access from adjacent roofs based on a Government Building Security Assessment. Roof access shall be strictly controlled through keyed locks, keycards, or similar measures. Fire and life safety egress shall be carefully reviewed when restricting roof access.

## 10.6 ACCESS TO BUILDING INFORMATION (NOV 2005 - BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)

Building Information—including mechanical, electrical, vertical transport, fire and life safety, security system plans and schematics, computer automation systems, and emergency operations procedures—shall be strictly controlled. Such information shall be released to authorized personnel only, approved by the Government, preferably by the development of an access list and controlled copy numbering. The Contracting Officer may direct that the names and locations of Government tenants not be disclosed in any publicly

accessed document or record. If that is the case, the Government may request that such information not be posted in the building directory.

## 10.7 POSTING OF GOVERNMENT RULES AND REGULATIONS (NOV 2005 - TENANT IMPROVEMENT, MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)

The Government will post applicable Government rules and regulations at the entrance to any Government-occupied space for such things as, but not limited to, barring the unauthorized possession of firearms and dangerous weapons. The Government will coordinate with the Lessor to ensure signage is consistent with the Lessor's standards.

# 10.8 DEVELOPMENT, IMPLEMENTATION, AND PERIODIC REVIEW OF OCCUPANT EMERGENCY PLANS (NOV 2005 - MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)

The Lessor shall cooperate and participate in the development of an Occupant Emergency Plan (OEP) and if necessary, a supplemental Sheltering-in Place (SIP) Plan. Periodically, the Government may request that the Lessor assist in reviewing and revising the OEP and SIP plan(s).

#### 10.9 EMERGENCY VOICE/ALARM COMMUNICATION SYSTEM (NOV 2005 - BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVEL 4)

The building-wide fire alarm system installed in the building shall be an emergency voice/alarm communication system. The emergency voice/alarm communication system shall be designed and installed to meet the requirements of the applicable local codes and ordinances (current as of the date of this SFO) adopted by the jurisdiction in which the building is located. The emergency voice/alarm communication system shall be capable of originating and distributing voice instructions (e.g., in the event of possible contamination of the HVAC system, blasts, etc.), as well as alert and evacuation signals pertaining to fire or other emergencies to the occupants of the building.

## 10.10 BUILDING SECURITY PLAN (NOV 2005 - MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)

The Offeror shall provide a Pre-Lease Building Security Plan, as attached, with the offer that addresses its compliance with the lease security standards, as described in this SFO and its attachments.

#### 10.11 IDENTITY VERIFICATION OF PERSONNEL (MAY 2007 - MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)

- A. The Government reserves the right to verify identities of personnel with routine access to Government space. The Lessor shall comply with the agency personal identity verification procedures below that implement Homeland Security Presidential Directive-12 (HSPD-12), Office of Management and Budget (OMB) guidance M-05-24, and Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS PUB) Number 201, as amended.
- B. The Lessor shall insert this paragraph in all subcontracts when the subcontractor is required to have physical access to a federally controlled facility or access to a federal information system.
- C. Lessor compliance with subparagraphs 1 through 4 below will suffice to meet the Lessor's requirements under HSPD-12, OMB M-05-24, and FIPS PUB Number 201.
  - The Government reserves the right to conduct background checks on Lessor personnel and contractors with routine access to Government leased space.
  - 2. Upon request, the Lessor shall submit completed fingerprint charts and background investigation forms for each employee of the Lessor, as well as employees of the Lessor's contractors or subcontractors, who will provide building operating services requiring routine access to the Government's leased space for a period greater than 6 months. The Government may also require this information for the Lessor's employees, contractors, or subcontractors who will be engaged to perform alterations or emergency repairs in the Government's space.
  - 3. The Lessor must provide Form FD-258, Fingerprint Chart (available from the Government Printing Office at http://bookstore.gpo.gov), and Standard Form 85P, Questionnaire for Public Trust Positions, completed by each person and returned to the contracting officer (or the contracting officer's designated representative) within 30 days from receipt of the forms. Based on the information furnished, the Government will conduct background investigations of the employees. The contracting officer will advise the Lessor in writing if an employee fails the investigation, and, effective immediately, the employee will no longer be allowed to work or be assigned to work in the Government's space.
  - 4. Throughout the life of the lease, the Lessor shall provide the same data for any new employees, contractors, or subcontractors who will be assigned to the Government's space. In the event the Lessor's contractor or subcontractor is subsequently replaced, the new contractor or subcontractor is not required to submit another set of these forms for employees who were cleared through this process while employed by the former contractor or subcontractor. The Lessor shall resubmit Form FD-258 and Standard Form 85P for every employee covered by this paragraph on a 5-year basis.

## 10.12 ENTRY SECURITY: PUBLIC LOBBIES/ENTRANCES/EXITS (NOV 2005 - TENANT IMPROVEMENT, MANDATORY LEVEL 4)

A. The Lessor shall permit Government security control over all public areas and building entry points, including adjacent surface parking, underground parking, and structures under the building owner's control. The Government will have the right to inspect at point of entry and in the public space. This right also includes the right to deny access and to remove persons and vehicles from the premises.

INITIALS:		&	
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B. Security guards, provided by the Government, are required for public lobbies and public entrances. The Lessor shall provide space for and facilitate the provision of such guard service. Wherever security equipment is required, armed guards must staff the equipment. The Government shall determine the adequacy of existing security equipment (magnetometers and x-ray) as part of the Government's building security assessment. The Government will provide any additional security equipment required. The number of guards required will be based on the Government's building security assessment and will correspond to the lobbies, entrances, and exits designed for use during regular, daily business-hours. Visitor control and screening applies throughout the facility, including loading docks, underground garages, and parking area entrances.

## 10.13 ENTRY SECURITY: SECURITY GUARDS (NOV 2005 - MANDATORY LEVEL 4)

Security guards, provided by the Government and stationed at public lobbies and public entrances/exits, are required for such purposes as, ID/pass control, and staffing x-ray and magnetometer equipment. The number of security guards required will be based on the Government's building security assessment, which will address the quantity and location of security equipment as required below. Appropriate lobby and entrance/exit space shall be made available for this purpose.

# 10.14 ENTRY SECURITY: X-RAY AND MAGNETOMETER AT PUBLIC ENTRANCES (NOV 2005 - TENANT IMPROVEMENT, MANDATORY LEVEL 4)

Magnetometers and X-ray machines are required at public entrances and will be provided, operated, and maintained by the Government. Armed security guards, provided by the Government, will direct the building occupants and visitors through the screening equipment. Appropriate lobby and entrance/exit space shall be made available for this purpose.

## 10.15 ENTRY SECURITY: X-RAY SCREENING OF ALL MAIL, PACKAGES, AND SHIPMENTS (NOV 2005 - MANDATORY LEVEL 4)

All mail and packages entering the building will be subject to x-ray screening or visual inspection by armed security guards provided by the Government. Appropriate space shall be made available for this purpose at the point(s) of entry to the building. The Government reserves the right to negotiate security enhancements necessary for securing any unsecured non-federal block of space with a separate entrance (e.g., ground floor retail) based on the Government's building security assessment.

## 10.16 ENTRY SECURITY: TRUCK SHIPMENTS (NOV 2005 - MANDATORY LEVEL 4)

When the Government will occupy the building in its entirety, or nearly so (approx. 90 percent or greater), the Government will have the right to divert truck shipments to a secondary location for screening purposes.

# 10.17 ENTRY SECURITY: INTRUSION DETECTION SYSTEM WITH CENTRAL MONITORING CAPABILITY (NOV 2005 - TENANT IMPROVEMENT, MANDATORY LEVELS 3-4)

The Lessor shall permit installation of a perimeter Intrusion Detection System (IDS) to be operated and maintained by the Government.

## 10.18 ENTRY SECURITY: PEEPHOLES (TENANT IMPROVEMENT - NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010), LEVELS 2-4)

If required by the Government in lieu of an Intrusion Detection System, the Lessor shall provide and install peepholes in all doors to the Government-occupied space as an effective visual recognition system for small offices. This system shall comply with the Architectural Barriers Act, section F230.1.

# 10.19 ENTRY SECURITY: INTERCOM (TENANT IMPROVEMENT - NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010), LEVELS 2-4)

If a peephole system is required per Section 10.19 above, the Lessor shall provide and install an intercom system to be used in conjunction with the peephole system. This system shall comply with the Architectural Barriers Act, section F230.0.

# 10.20 ENTRY SECURITY: ENTRY CONTROL WITH CCTV AND DOOR STRIKES (TENANT IMPROVEMENT - NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010), LEVELS 2-4)

If required by the Government, the Lessor shall provide and install an entry control system that will allow employees to view and communicate remotely with visitors before allowing access. This system shall comply with the Architectural Barriers Act, section F230.0.

## 10.21 OCCUPANT/VISITOR SCREENING: PHOTO IDENTIFICATION (NOV 2005, MANDATORY LEVEL 4)

The Government requires acceptable Government-issued photo ID for all building occupants upon entry to the building. The Lessor shall notify non-Government tenants of this requirement and assist those tenants in obtaining acceptable ID as necessary.

## 10.22 OCCUPANT/VISITOR SCREENING: VISITOR CONTROL/SCREENING SYSTEM (NOV 2005, MANDATORY LEVEL 4)

- A. All visitors to the building shall be required to sign in with a receptionist or guard, display a formal identification/badge, and/or require an escort. The Lessor shall permit a staffed station or stations. Public entrances and lobby space shall be made available for visitor control and screening equipment.
- B. Visitor control and screening is required throughout the facility as determined by the Government's building security assessment. Underground garages and parking area entrances are also subject to visitor controls and screening.

INITIALS:		&	
	LESSOR	_	GOV'T

#### 10.23 SECURE HVAC: OUTDOOR AIR INTAKES (NOV 2005 - BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVELS 3-4)

- A. The outdoor air intakes shall be located on a secure roof or high sidewall and not within 30 feet of the loading dock; otherwise the Lessor shall relocate, extend, or secure intakes as described below:
  - 1. Outdoor air intakes shall be relocated. The lowest edge of the outdoor air intakes shall be placed 40 feet, 0 inches above grade and not less than 30 feet, 0 inches from the loading dock. Access shall be locked and secured, if feasible. For increased visibility of suspicious items, moat areas and other ground level areas surrounding outside air intakes shall be completely free of trash, debris or any other matter.
  - 2. Outdoor air intakes shall be extended. If relocation is not feasible, as approved by the Government, intake extensions shall be constructed without creating adverse effects on HVAC performance. The higher the extensions, the better, as long as other design constraints (excessive pressure loss, dynamic and static loads on structure) are considered. An extension height of 40 feet, 0 inches is required unless adverse effects on HVAC performance can be demonstrated. The entrance to the intake shall be covered with a sloped metal mesh to reduce the threat of objects being tossed in the intake. A minimum slope of 45 degrees may be required. Extension height shall be increased where existing platforms or building features (e.g., loading docks, retaining walls) might provide access to the outdoor air intakes.
  - 3. A security zone around outdoor air intakes shall be established. When outdoor air intakes are publicly accessible and relocation or physical extensions are not viable options or are cost prohibitive, perimeter barriers that prevent public access to outdoor air intake areas shall be required based on the Government's building security assessment. Iron fencing or similar see-through barriers may be required. The restricted area shall also include an open buffer zone between the public areas and the intake louvers. The Government will have the right to monitor the buffer zone by physical security and/or closed circuit television (CCTV). Security lighting or intrusion detection sensors are required and shall be provided and installed by the Lessor.

# 10.24 SECURE HVAC: DEDICATED HVAC FOR LOBBIES, MAILROOMS, AND LOADING DOCKS (NOV 2005 - BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVEL 4)

To prevent widespread dispersion of a contaminant released within lobbies, mailrooms, and loading docks, the associated HVAC systems shall be isolated and the areas maintained by a dedicated exhaust system at a negative pressure relative to the rest of the building, but at a positive pressure relative to the outdoors. Physical isolation of these areas (well-sealed floor to roof-deck walls, sealed wall penetrations) is critical to maintaining the pressure differential and requires special attention to ensure airtight boundaries between these areas and adjacent spaces. A qualified HVAC professional can assist in determining if the recommended isolation is feasible for a given building. A modification to an existing system will likely require a re-evaluation of the existing HVAC system as well as potentially involving architectural and/or structural changes to the building. Any re-engineering of HVAC systems shall be estimated and costs identified to the Contracting Officer before beginning any proposed alterations. In addition, lobbies, mailrooms, and loading docks shall not share a return-air system. The Lessor shall provide lobby, mailroom, and loading dock ventilation systems' outside air intakes and exhausts with low leakage, fast acting, isolation dampers that can be closed to isolate their systems. Dedicated HVAC will be required for mailrooms only when the Government specifically requires a centrally-operated mailroom. Non-Government building tenants may share the mailroom. Where possible, the mailroom shall be adjacent to the loading dock to prevent the possible contamination of additional areas within the building. Any mailroom or area where mail is received and sorted, shall have posted the telephone numbers of the Lessor/Owner's building manager/engineer and local emergency personnel for emergency notification. Mailrooms shall also have posted a copy of the general precautions for mail handling.

## 10.25 SECURE HVAC: AIRBORNE HAZARDS (NOV 2005 – BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)

Air-handling units shall be able to be shut down in response to a threat. Procedures shall be in place for notification of the Lessor's building engineer or manager, building security guard desk, local emergency personnel, GSA personnel, and Contracting Officer for possible shut-down of the air handling units serving the mailroom and/or any other possibly affected areas of the building to minimize contamination, as deemed appropriate to the hazard.

## 10.26 SECURE HVAC: SECURE RETURN-AIR GRILLES (NOV 2005 - BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVELS 3-4)

The Lessor shall secure return-air grilles in public lobbies. Protection measures shall not adversely affect performance of the building's HVAC system. Return air-grille protective measures include 1) relocating return-air grilles to inaccessible, yet observable locations, 2) increasing security presence (human or CCTV) near vulnerable return-air grilles, 3) directing public access away from return-air grilles, and 4) removing furniture and visual obstructions from areas near air grilles.

# 10.27 PARKING SECURITY REQUIREMENTS (NCR AAAP VARIATION (MARCH 2010))

A. Control of Parking Areas (MANDATORY LEVEL 4)

The Lessor shall permit Government security control over all parking areas, surface or structured. Security control will include the right to inspect at points of entry, the right to deny access, and the right to remove vehicles from the premises. The Lessor shall provide a vehicle pass/ID system for contract/monthly parkers, acceptable to the Government.

- B. Accessibility to Official Government Vehicles (LEVELS 3-4)
  If required by the Government, public accessibility to official Government vehicles shall be limited through fencing or other means.
- C. Identification of Parking Areas (MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)
  Designated Government parking areas or reserved spaces shall be assigned and marked as "reserved."

INITIALS:		&	
	LESSOR	_	GOV'T

- D. Inspection of Parking Areas (MANDATORY LEVEL 4)
  - The Government reserves the right at all times, to inspect the parking premises, all vehicles therein, and to remove vehicles from the premises.
- E. Post Signs and Arrange for Towing of Unauthorized Vehicles: (TENANT IMPROVEMENT, MANDATORY LEVEL 4)
  Signage shall be provided by the Lessor, acceptable to the Government, to alert parking patrons of inspection and towing policies.
  Signage shall advise that the removal of unauthorized vehicles can be expected.
- F. <u>ID System and Procedures for Authorized Parking</u>: **(TENANT IMPROVEMENT, MANDATORY LEVEL 4)**An ID system for authorized parking shall be provided by the Lessor, acceptable to the Government, for identification of vehicles and corresponding parking spaces (placard, decal, card key, etc.).

# 10.28 CCTV MONITORING: CCTV SURVEILLANCE CAMERAS WITH TIME LAPSE VIDEO RECORDING (NOV 2005 - TENANT IMPROVEMENT, MANDATORY LEVEL 4)

The Lessor shall permit twenty-four hour Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) coverage and recording, provided, operated, and maintained by the Government. The Government's Building Security Assessment of the building will determine the exact number of cameras and locations. Time-lapse video recordings (digital storage) are also required. The Government will centrally monitor the CCTV Surveillance. Government specifications are available from the Contracting Officer.

# 10.29 CCTV MONITORING: POST SIGNS ADVISING OF 24-HOUR VIDEO SURVEILLANCE (NOV 2005 - TENANT IMPROVEMENT, MANDATORY LEVEL 4)

When video surveillance is installed, warning signs advising of twenty-four hour surveillance shall be posted.

#### 10.30 SHATTER-RESISTANT WINDOW PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS (NOV 2005 - BUILDING SHELL, MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)

- A. The Lessor shall provide and install wet-glazed or mechanically attached, shatter-resistant material not less than 0.18 millimeters (7 mil) thick on all exterior windows in Government-occupied space. The Offeror shall provide a description of the shatter-resistant window system in the attached "Pre-Lease Building Security Plan" for evaluation by the Government. Alternatively,
- B. The Lessor shall provide certification from a licensed professional engineer that the window system conforms to a minimum glazing performance condition of "3B" for a high protection level and a low hazard level. Window systems shall be certified as prescribed by WINGARD 4.1 or later or WINLAC 4.3 software to have satisfied the specified performance condition using the test methods provided in the US General Services Administration Standard Test Method for Glazing and Window Systems Subject to Dynamic Overpressure Loadings or ASTM F1642-04 Standard Test Method for Glazing and Glazing Systems Subject to Airblast Loadings.

# 10.31 TEMPORARY SECURITY UPGRADE DUE TO IMMEDIATE THREAT (NOV 2005, MANDATORY LEVELS 2-4)

The Government reserves the right, at its own expense and with its own personnel, to temporarily heighten security in the building under lease during heightened security conditions due to emergency situations such as terrorist attacks, natural disaster, and civil unrest.

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